

May 12, 2022

MS ALEXANDRA D. TOM WONG OFFICER-IN-CHARGE, DISCLOSURE DEPARTMENT 4/F Philippine Stock Exchange, Inc. PSE Centre, Exchange Road, Ortigas Center Pasig City, Metro Manila

Dear Ms. Tom Wong,

We submit herewith the Annual Report (SEC 17-A) of WATERFRONT PHLIPPINES, INC. for the year ended December 31, 2021.

Thank you for your kind attention.

Very truly yours,

Arsenio A. Alfiler, Jr.
Assistant Corporate Secretary

Cc:

Securities and Exchange Commission Mandaluyong City

# **COVER SHEET**

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# SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSIONSEC FORM 17-A, AS AMENDED

# ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 17 OF THE SECURITIES REGULATION CODE AND SECTION 141 OF THE CORPORATION CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

- 1. For the calendar year ended **DECEMBER 31, 2021**
- 2. SEC Identification Number AS 094-8678
- 3. BIR Tax Identification No. D80-003-978-254 NV
- 4. Exact name of issuer as specified in its charter **WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INC.**
- 5. Province, country or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization **PHILIPPINES**
- 6. Industry Classification Code (SEC Use Only)
- 7. Address of principal office

No. 1 WATERFRONT DRIVE OFF SALINAS DRIVE LAHUG, CEBU CITY 6000

- 8. Issuer's telephone number, including area code **(02) 559-0130**
- 9. Former name or former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report **NOT APPLICABLE**
- 10. Securities registered pursuant to Sections 8 and 12 of the SRC or Sections 4 and 8 of the RSA

	Number of Shares of Common Stock
Title of Each Class	Outstanding and Amount of Debt
	Outstanding
Common Shares - P1.00 par value	2,498,991,753

11. Are any or all of registrant's securities listed on a Stock Exchange?

/Yes

No

If yes, state the name of such stock exchange and the classes of securities listed therein: PHILIPPINE STOCK EXCHANGE

- 12. Indicate by check mark whether the registrant:
  - (a) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the SRC and SRC Rule 17 thereunder or Sections 11 of the RSA and RSA Rule 11(a)-1 thereunder, and Sections 26 and 141 of the

Corporation Code of the Philippines, during the preceding twelve (12) months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports)

/Yes

No

(b) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past ninety (90) days

Yes

/No

13. Aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant.

Unaffiliated shares : 2,498,991,753

Last Trading Price : Php0.420 as of May 11, 2022

Aggregate Market Value : 1,049,576,536

# APPLICABLE ONLY TO ISSUERS INVOLVED IN INSOLVENCY SUSPENSION OF PAYMENTS PROCEEDINGS DURING THE PRECEDING FIVE YEARS

14. Check whether the issuer has filed all documents and reports required to be filed by Section 17 of the Code subsequent to the distribution of securities under a plan confirmed by a court or the Commission.

/Yes

No

#### DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

- 15. If any of the following documents are incorporated by reference, briefly describe them and identify the part of SEC Form 17-A into which the document is incorporated:
  - (a) Any annual report to security holders
  - (b) Any information statement filed pursuant to SRC Rule 20
  - (c) Any prospectus filed pursuant to SRC Rule 8.1

The Exchange does not warrant and holds no responsibility for the veracity of the facts and representations contained in all corporate disclosures, including financial reports. All data contained herein are prepared and submitted by the disclosing party to the Exchange, and are disseminated solely for purposes of information. Any questions on the data contained herein should be addressed directly to the Corporate Information Officer of the disclosing party.

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED

PSE Disclosure Form 17-1 - Annual Report References: SRC Rule 17 and Sections 17.2 and 17.8 of the Revised Disclosure Rules

For the Calendar year ended

**DECEMBER 31, 2021** 

Currency (indicate units, if applicable)	PESO
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# **Balance Sheet**

	Year Ending	<b>Previous Year Ending</b>
	<b>DECEMBER 31, 2021</b>	<b>DECEMBER 31, 2020</b>
<b>Current Assets</b>	3,689,536,752	4,423,715,641
Total Assets	17,000,611,151	15,243,298,917
Current Liabilities	2,678,011,184	2,674,648,755
Total Liabilities	5,330,648,023	5,840,935,650
Retained Earnings/ (Deficit)	1,847,119,587	1,113,890,733
Stockholders' Equity	11,669,963,128	9,402,363,267
Stockholders' Equity - Parent	10,454,989,383	8,319,536,202
Book Value per Share	4.18	3.33

# **Income Statement**

	Year Ending	<b>Previous Year Ending</b>
	<b>DECEMBER 31, 2021</b>	<b>DECEMBER 31, 2020</b>
Operating Revenue	989,156,442	1,033,165,293
Other Revenue	8,631,712	21,467,007
Gross Revenue	997,788,154	1,054,632,300
Operating Expense	645,199,626	717,654,748
Other Expense	447,982,589	525,394,602
Gross Expense	1,093,182,215	1,243,049,350
Net Income/(Loss) Before Tax	430,096,281	807,063,414
Income Tax Expense	(100,705,358)	123,597,065
Net Income/(Loss) After Tax	530,801,639	683,466,349
Net Income Attributable to Parent Equity	554,112,411	394,555,853
Holder		
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Basic)	.222	0.158
Earnings/(Loss) Per Share (Diluted)	.222	0.158
EFPS Trailing 12 months	(.061)	0.028
Other Relevant Information		

# **Financial Ratios**

	Formula	December 31, 2021	December 31, 2020
Liquidity Analysis Ratios:			
Current Ratio	Current Assets / Current Liabilities	1.378	1.654
Quick Ratio	(Current Assets - Inventory - Prepayments)/ Current Liabilities	0.679	0.731
Solvency Ratio	Total Assets / Total Liabilities	0.180	0.190
Financial Leverage Ratios:			
Debt Ratio	Total Debt / Total Assets	0.314	0.383
Debt-to-Equity Ratio	Total Debt / Total Stockholders' Equity	0.510	0.702
Interest Coverage	Earnings Before Interest and Taxes (EBIT) / Interest Charges	5.159	4.035
Asset to Equity Ratio	Total Assets / Total Stockholders' Equity	1.626	1.832
Profitability Ratios:			
Gross Profit Margin	Sales - Cost of Goods Sold or Cost of Service/ Sales	35.3%	32.0%
Net Profit Margin	Net Profit / Sales	53.20%	64.81%
Return on Assets	Net Income before Tax/ Total Assets	3.29%	4.82%
Return on Equity	Net Income before Tax / Total Stockholders' Equity	5.08%	8.22%
Price / Earnings Ratio	Price Per Share / Earnings Per Common Share	2.075	3.671

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#### PART I - BUSINESS AND GENERAL INFORMATION

#### Item 1. Business

**Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated** (WPI) was registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on September 23, 1994, as an investment holding company for hotel, leisure, and tourism businesses.

To realize the Group's vision of making *WPI* the flagship of the Group's hotel and gaming interests, *TWGI* vended into *WPI*'s acquired properties --- Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel, Inc. (WCCCHI) in Cebu City, Waterfront Mactan Casino Hotel, Inc. (WMCHI) in Mactan, Cebu and Davao Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (*DIHCI*) in Davao City. These properties are significant investments for *WPI*. During 2003, the company started acquiring common shares of *ACESITE* (*Phils.*) *Hotel Corporation*. A major coup for WPI for the year 2004 was securing of controlling interest in the management over ACESITE (PHILS.) HOTEL CORP. Consequently, Acesite, operating under the trade name Manila Pavilion Hotel, is now part of the Waterfront group of hotels. *WPI* is now known as the largest Filipino hotel chain in the country.

The hotels fit WPI's continuous geographic diversification strategy and they are appropriate candidates for broad product renovation and operational repositioning. The hotels are well positioned in their respective markets, considering the presence of international airports in their locality. Studies indicate that international airports are major generators of lodging demand.

WPI is known as one of the largest hotel chains in the country. We provide much-needed support to the tourism industry's vision for growth. Our hotel experience is highly integrated, offering the best of business and leisure.

The Company has strengthened its brand visibility and continues to expand in innovative ways, using technology and new media to our advantage.

#### Marketing

Waterfront gives a wide range of business-related conveniences to ensure that our guests enjoy a productive stay. Our special attention to details, well-equipped business centers, accessibility, unrivaled facilities and presence in major cities of the Philippines make us best positioned to cater to the business traveler's needs. As in the previous years, our approach has always been in rejuvenating our hotels and its amenities, promoting the quality of our guest services and programs and empowering our peers. We have much to offer the broad market with the right marketing mix: competitive room rates, premium, value-added guest programs, well-equipped function facilities and professional guest services. Although, extreme competition has always been present with the Waterfront Group and other destinations and hotels, the Company has unfazingly regarded this as a welcome challenge and motivation on increasing its market share with a corresponding increase in average room rates and in actual room occupancies. As part of its marketing strategy, the company exercises flexible rates for contingencies, tie-ups with airlines, special occasion packages and other promos. Also, the massive efforts of our sales and marketing division in creating and implementing dynamic programs designed to search for customers and developing and maintaining their loyalties, have certainly added to the hotels' marketability. Coupled with the efforts of our public relations division in ensuring that the reputation of our hotels are kept free from negative publicity and its awareness of social responsibility, has certainly given marketing strategy a deeper meaning. The Company aims for building a strong relationship with our guests.

Again, considering the successful operations of our Cebu-based hotels, it can be said that Waterfront has already made an impressive dent in the market. Although we continue to discover and learn many new things, we are taking advantage of investment opportunities, which will allow us to be a significant player in the casino and hotel arena nationwide. The Company has strengthened its brand visibility with an integrated marketing communications campaign that would invite

continued patronage of its products and services. To complement its marketing and sales efforts, a unified visual advertising tool for all properties was implemented.

Our Central Reservations System has made us the only integrated network of hotels in the country with a powerful presence through our 24/7 booking services. Anyone can book using a single 1-800 number 1-800-WFRONT8 (9376688) for all Waterfront Hotels nationwide.

We have made significant strides in the improvement of our "software": our technology systems, service and people. Software is the lifeblood of our business--it provides a genuine connection with our customers through various touch points conveys the Waterfront brand in a personal manner and introduces new sales-generating streams in step with today's growing online patronage.

We have further strengthened our online presence with the launch of our free mobile app for iOS and Android--the very first Filipino hotel chain to do so. We improved our e-newsletter with a software system upgrade. Our website sports a sleek, newly-revamped look with more features to allow easy booking and browsing of our properties. All three work synergistically to complete our user experience and add new avenues for accessing our brand. Our social media channels are also being managed full-time by a dedicated team, ensuring the seamless transfer of news and promotions updates in the most popular social media platforms for our clientele. Each presents a unique opportunity to touch base with our users in a platform of their preference, offering exciting deals and perks that pique their interest.

By the year 2016, we established and publicized the Waterfront Hotels and Casinos brand through an effective and strategic advertising effort in various publications such as glossy, local in-flight magazines. Through this, we can create strong presence and awareness of the new branding – "We're at the Center of it All" and maintain visibility of the corporate brand in various publications.

We also made a strong presence abroad – Bangkok, Korea, Japan and Singapore - organized by Tourism Promotions Board and Department of Tourism. Joined with established Asia Pacific's premier M.I.C.E. show which brings together the region's top M.I.C.E. suppliers and key industry players to collectively sell Asia as an exciting and diverse M.I.C.E. destination. Exhibitors and participants have the opportunity to sell, negotiate and secure deals with more than 500 selected buyers and travel managers from regional and international M.I.C.E and corporate travel industries through pre-scheduled appointments.

By firmly and strategically addressing key areas in our business, we have transformed into a company that is formidable and efficient across all areas of our operations--the hallmark of an institution that remains tried and true and is confidently moving towards a new horizon.

#### Information Technology

As in all areas of commerce, information technology represents one of the strongest forces for change. They are known to have significant impact in marketing of hotels. It provides an essential tool for hotel organization to keep a hand on the pulse of the customers' wants and needs. The challenge of any corporation is to conduct their operations efficiently and effectively at the least possible cost. Perhaps, one of the major advancement that happened at Waterfront is its tie-up with Micros Fidelio - the world leader in providing computer-related technology for hotel and restaurant chains around the world. They upgraded the system of the Company through their newest operating platform called Opera. This software will efficiently manage sales and accounting, reservations, point-of-sales and engineering- a first in the Philippines. This integrated system will aggressively keep track of inventory and manage revenues. The "Fidelio" system permits online monitoring of clients in the hotels. To date, here is a summary of the major systems used by Waterfront Hotels:

	WCCCHI	WAH	WIHD	МРН	WEC	WFC	GYM
Agilysis Point-Of-Sale System (POS)	Х	Х	Χ				
Micros-Fidelio Engineering Management System	Х	Х	Х				
Micros-Fidelio Opera Sales and Catering System	Χ	Х	X				
Opera Property Management System (PMS)	Х	Х	Х				
SUN SYSTEM	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Human Resource Information System	Х	Х	Х	Х			
Mitech Payroll System					Х	Х	Х
Actatek Biometric Finger scan System	X	X	X	X	X	X	Χ
Lotus Email System	X	X	X	X	X	X	Χ
Micros Materials Control	X	X	X	X		X	
Online Automation System	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х		
Call Center System					X		
Waterfront Recipe Guide System	Х	X	X	X			

#### Employees' Training

Service is the hotels' most important product and first class service is not instantaneous - it does not happen overnight. It is a team effort, requiring constant attention, training and supervision. In an ongoing endeavor to carry on with this ideal, the Company continues to increase in-house and external training of its personnel to endow the employees with the competence essential to cope with the increasing standards and demands of the market.

For the past years, the Company's employees have undergone training in various skill-building seminars and workshops for F&B, Housekeeping, and Front Office and even in Administrative functions.

The company takes pride in its training and development programs. In fact, Waterfront sets a high standard of achieving 70 training hours per person every year. In order to ensure that such passion for never ending quest for improvement and excellence remains fueled, Waterfront makes People Development an integral Key Performance Index, among others which is Quest Satisfaction Index and Financial Index.

Waterfront is run by its highly competent Peers - the people who make a difference in every aspect of its organization. The company ensures that the quality of the Waterfront experience is maintained through excellent service, and undergoes constant training to ensure service quality and efficiency in all aspects of operations.

Waterfront's various seminars, trainings, and workshops are classified into five major categories: Inductive Program, Basic Skills Program, Upgraded and Advanced Skills, Supervisory and Management Programs, and other Wellness-related Programs.

Upon joining the Waterfront family, newly-hired peers undergo a comprehensive Inductive Program to orient them to the Hotel Culture. Frontliners undergo basic Skills Certification Program for their respective areas of assignment to ensure that hotel service standards are maintained. Supervisors and managers are enrolled in our Supervisory and Managerial Development Programs which equip

them with both basic and advanced skills to help them effectively perform their roles as leaders of the organization.

Programs offered do not only stop at improving the brain function but should also include managing emotions and attitude. The wellness-related programs are programs that are also designed and made a part of the entire Peers training and development with the aim of maintaining a healthy lifestyle, physically, mentally and spiritually.

Waterfront also puts itself at par with the global hospitality industry by partnering with International learning Institutions such as Development Dimensions International (DDI), Ivy League member Cornell University, and the Educational Institute of the America Hotel Lodging Association (AHLA).

The Company also conducted The Skills and Operations Audit that seeks to examine the effectiveness and validity of the SOPs. With this the Company is able to ensure property compliance with established standards. The American Council on Exercise (ACE) trainer's certification which is the only trainer's certification rooted in 30 years of science-based research from ACE, the world's largest nonprofit health and fitness organization. An ACE certification prepares trainers with the knowledge and skills to serve diverse clients.

We also have sponsored trainings from DOT like "The Tourism and Hospitality Skills Training Program by Workskills Australia. It is a 5-day training program which covers (1) Customer Service, (2) 5 Star Executive Housekeeping Services and (3) Professional Customer Care Specialist for Front Office Services. This program runs as an interactive workshop for all tourism and hospitality professionals so they develop the industry culture and be at the top in customer service. Workskills Australia, an international training provider, will issue a certificate of competence aligned to ASEAN framework upon completion of the training program. This is one of 6 programs approved under the Tourism Industry Skills Training Support Scheme from the Department of Tourism, Asian Development Bank and the Government of Canada.

Level Up Leadership Seminar - this two-day seminar-workshop is a comprehensive course on leadership training designed to equip current as well as high potential leaders with effective and proven principles, behaviors and applications with the objective to develop the business organization's most important asset – their valued people. This is based on the philosophy that as leaders develops themselves they lead their people better and produce a winning team to help in growing the business.

#### **Employees**

As the reputation of the hotels rise and the volume of clientele grow, so will their expectations and demands. The fundamental key to clients' satisfaction will always be the delivery of the best service from the employees. It is a team effort, requiring constant attention, training and supervision. The Company continues to increase in-house and external training of its employees. A salary structure has been implemented to ensure more competitive compensation packages, which are at par with the industry's standards and the department of Labor and Employment's mandated requirements.

The Company believes that after all, happy employees translate into happy customers, and happy customers would be tantamount to greater satisfaction, sales and income for the Company.

As of the end of the calendar year 2021, WPI Group has a total of 383 employees that were distributed as follows:

#### WCCCHI:

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	20	3	23

Non-Executive	162	0	162
Total	182	3	185

# WMCHI:

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	9	0	9
Non-Executive	63	0	63
Total	72	0	72

# WIHD:

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	0	0	0
Non-Executive	63	0	63
Total	63	0	63

# **WMHC**

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	0	0	0
Non-Executive	24	0	24
Total	24	0	24

# WPI

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	0	0	0
Non-Executive	15	0	15
Total	15	0	15

# ALEC

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total		
Executive	0	0	0		
Non-Executive	2	0	2		
Total	2	0	2		

# WWGI:

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	1	0	1
Non-Executive	7	0	7
Total	8	0	8

# WFC:

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	0	0	0
Non-Executive	4	0	4
Total	4	0	4

# WEC:

	Filipinos	Foreigners	Total
Executive	2	0	2
Non-Executive	8	0	8
Total	10	0	10

<b>Grand Total</b>	380	3	383

There is an existing union in Davao Insular Hotel. On April 1, 2011, Waterfront Insular Hotel Davao Employees Association (WIHDEA) and renewal on the agreement shall be in full force and effect from April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2021. In April 2021, the Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) was further renewed, covering a period of five (5) years, April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2026. All other provisions of the CBA are not modified by the foregoing agreement and shall remain between the parties.

The Manila Pavilion Hotel has not experienced any strikes since 2006. The Collective Bargaining Agreement (CBA) for the line employees was concluded on December 12, 2017, covering a period of five (5) years, July 01, 2017 to June 30, 2022. However, the CBA underwent dissolution after a fire broke out in March of 2018.

The CBA for supervisors signed on November 17, 2016 covers a period of five (5) years, April 01, 2016 to March 31, 2021. MAPSA (Manila Pavilion Supervisors' Association) is the one who represented the supervisor during the bargaining. The economic provision of the Agreement shall be subject to renegotiation after the 3<sup>rd</sup> year of its affectivity or 60 days prior to March 31, 2019. Similar to the CBA for the line employees, the CBA for the supervisors underwent dissolution as well after the fire incident.

#### Business of WPI and Its Subsidiaries

#### $\square$ WPI

Being an investment holding company in hotel and gaming businesses, WPI has a strategic advantage in the marketplace. It can move and position itself to grab opportunities in hospitality industry, which is known to be highly competitive. The world-class facilities that it brings to the Province of Cebu are designed to provide a diverse and complete entertainment system that will attract local, regional, and international visitors.

Despite the growing number of competitors in the respective regions, including the entry of international hotel chains, both *WCCCHI* and *WMCHI* enjoyed favorable occupancy rate, successfully inviting both corporate and individual travel accounts.

# Subsidiaries

The Company has the following subsidiaries, which are briefly described in the next pages:

- 1. Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel, Inc. (WCCCHI)
- 2. Waterfront Mactan Casino Hotel, Inc. (WMCHI)
- 3. Waterfront Insular Hotel Davao, Inc.
- 4. ACESITE (Phils.) Hotel Corporation
- 5. Waterfront Hotel Management Corporation
- 6. Mayo Bonanza, Inc.
- 7. Waterfront Horizon Corporation
- 8. Waterfront Food Concepts, Inc.
- 9. Waterfront Wellness Group, Inc.
- 10. Grand Ilocandia Resort Development Incorporated
- 11. Waterfront Promotions Limited
- 12. Waterfront Puerto Princesa Hotel Inc.
- 13. Waterfront Iloilo Hotel Inc.
- 14. Waterfront Cebu Ventures Inc.

#### □ Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel, Inc.

WCCCHI was incorporated on September 23, 1994 to manage and undertake operations of Waterfront Cebu City Hotel and Casino (WCCHC). WCCCHI achieved a milestone during the year by opening the doors of WCCHC on January 5, 1998, with 158 guest-rooms which has already grown to 561 by the last quarter of 1999, six-storey convention center known as the Waterfront Convention Center, previously known as Cebu International Convention Center and six-storey` Entertainment Block. Located in this Entertainment Block is a 1,000-square meter 5-star restaurant, which completes the Company's restaurants row. On February 5, 1998, PAGCOR commenced operations at the new purposely-built casino at the Entertainment Block.

### -Waterfront Convention Center-(WCC)

Waterfront Convention Center previously known as Cebu International Convention Center is a six-storey building, especially-designed to adapt to any event size and purpose, with a total gross area of 40,587 square meters, and has been in operation since January 5, 1998. Major amenities of the center include ten (11) function rooms and two (2) Grand Ballrooms with a seating capacity of 4,000. WCC is the only convention and exhibition center of international standard in Cebu City.

#### - Entertainment Block

The Entertainment block is a six-storey building with a total gross area of 34,938 square meters. It is comprised of eleven (9) Food and Beverage entertainment outlets, an 11,000 square meters of public and international gaming area that includes the "Casino Filipino", and 62 hotel rooms and suites

#### - Hotel Tower Block

The Hotel Tower block is a 22-storey building with a total gross area of 44,334 square meters. It consists of a podium, containing the lobby, a food and beverage outlet, a reception, a shopping arcade, three (3) press function rooms, and a high rise block of 498 hotel rooms and suites.

The Hotel, with its fairytale-inspired façade, is conveniently located in the center of Cebu City and is within easy reach from key business, commercial and shopping districts and is just 30 minutes away from the Mactan International Airport.

Waterfront Cebu City Hotel & Casino has elegantly designed and well-appointed guest rooms and suites. The 18th Floor is the Waterfront Ambassador Club with a two floor Club Lounge exclusive for Ambassador Floor guests. Waterfront Ambassador Club guests enjoy butler service, complimentary business services and a business boardroom fit for a group of up to 8 people, equipped with a built-in LCD projector, a roll-up screen, PA and recording system, a local area network (LAN) and a poly communication system. The 2nd floor lounge is outfitted with 3 computer

stations, where guests can avail of complimentary WIFI access, flat-screen television entertainment, an array of lifestyle and business magazines as well as newspapers and board games. The hotel offers a 10,000-square meter convention center, which is the largest convention center in the Visayas and Mindanao, and is designed to adapt to multiple types of events. The convention center is equipped with 10 function rooms, 2 executive board rooms, and 2 Grand Ballrooms, each seating 4,000 people. It has played host to a myriad of national as well as regional events, conventions and conferences.

Waterfront Cebu City Hotel and Casino operates 9 F&B outlets, including a hotel coffee shop, a Japanese restaurant, an Italian restaurant and a poolside snack bar. The hotel has a fully functional business center paired with flat-screen computers, internet access and private boardrooms. The newly renovated lobby was inspired based on two main objectives; first, to transform the existing single dimension grand lobby into a multi-dimensional lifestyle-concept space that will enhance the guests' experience when dining and lounging in the lobby; and second, to improve traffic patterns, through the construction of larger check-in areas and through maximizing the

Lobby's three entrances. Waterfront Cebu City Hotel and Casino's massive, high-ceilinged lobby has always been its principal attraction in fact it is touted as the largest hotel lobby in Visayas-Mindanao area. Spanning 22 meters wide, 96 meters in long and 35 meters high and crisscrossed by hundreds of people each day, the hotel's grand lobby sets the whizzing pulse for the hotel and dictates its overall ambiance. Apart from improvements to the general structure of the lobby, the Lobby Lounge itself will offer an all-new dining and lounging experience, with newly-installed glass panels, semiclosing each side of the lounge. Fully-equipped bar areas have also been installed in the middle of each of the lounge's two sections, ensuring diners of more efficient and prompt service. To enhance the overall guest experience, the hotel has put together additional features such as nightly entertainment from the city's top performers, and soulful afternoon music by soloists. Among the hotel's newest pride comes in the form of delectable treats, introducing Lobby Lounge's new service concepts.

To complement the Hotel's main lobby, a group check-in counter is constructed, dedicated solely to corporate and travel groups; a larger Duty Free shopping is also provided; and an additional Casino Filipino gaming space of 2,350 square meters is launched together with it. This will not only enhance the current lobby, but will also increase operational efficiency and add more exciting features for the hotel's customers.

# Waterfront Mactan Casino Hotel, Inc.

Waterfront Mactan was incorporated on September 23, 1994 to manage and undertake operations of Waterfront Mactan Island Hotel and Casino (WMIHC). WMCHI has completed Phase I of Waterfront Mactan Island Hotel and Casino (WMIHC). It is located right across Mactan-Cebu International Airport, on a land area of approximately 3.2 hectares. The hotel features 164 rooms and suites, 6 food-and-beverage and entertainment outlets, with a total built-up area of 38,000 square meters. Equipped with one of the largest casinos in the Philippines, WMIHC has made Cebu the only city in Southeast Asia that offers casino facilities to transients while waiting for their flights. For future development is Phase II consisting of 200-guest rooms, which will be built depending on the demands of the market. It has recently improved its rooms by installing fax machines and Internet connections to cater to the needs of its guests. Additionally, the company has acquired the newest hospitality software in the industry, the OPERA Property Management System, which is designed to help run the hotel operations at a greater level of productivity and profitability. This was installed last January 14, 2003.

The hotel is conveniently located in front of the Mactan International and Domestic Airport, just a three-minute drive to the Industrial Zone, a fifteen-minute drive to the beaches of Mactan Island and just thirty minutes away from Cebu City's shopping and financial district.

Year 2016, the property extended the Annex parking to provide more slots for the guests.

#### Davao Insular Hotel Company, Inc. or Waterfront Insular Hotel Davao, Inc

Davao Insular Hotel Company Inc. was incorporated in the Philippines on July 3, 1959 to engage in the operation of hotel and related hotel businesses. The hotel is a 98% owned subsidiary of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated and is operating under its trade name Waterfront Insular Hotel Davao. Waterfront Insular Hotel, the prestigious business hotel in a sprawling garden resort setting, is only five to ten minutes to the downtown area. Nestled along the picturesque Davao Gulf, its open air corridors provide a refreshing view of the hotel's beautifully landscaped tropical garden and the

With a greater area than any other hotel facility in the city, it is unmatched in servicing large business meetings, conventions, and exhibit groups. The hotel consists of four low-rise buildings of

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159 guestrooms and suites, 5 function rooms and 6 F&B outlets .Every room opens to a lanai overlooking a lush garden the blue waters of the Davao Gulf or a scenic coconut grove. Features included in the newly re-opened hotel are the 5 Gazebos located along the beach area. The hotel is every guest's gateway to the diverse, colorful and rich cultural heritage of Davao City.

On 2015, the property re-opens its gym with 48 square meters to continuously serve its guests and to ensure guests satisfaction.

Discover the rich cultural heritage of Davao which stems from the different groups and tribes that populated the area throughout its history and be astonished of artworks in the hotel lobby where it showcases pieces of artifacts featuring the various object d'art from the different tribes and historical.

#### □ ACESITE (PHILS.) Hotel Corporation

The principal property of the Company is a 22-storey building known as the Manila Pavilion Hotel located at the corner of United Nations Avenue and Maria Y. Orosa Street in Ermita, Manila. The Hotel has 337 guestrooms and suites that have individually controlled central air conditioning, private bathroom with bathtub and shower, multi-channel radio, color TV with cable channels and telecommunications facilities. It has 3 function rooms and one of this is Alcuaz which can accommodate 250-300 guests. The hotel has approximately 2,200 sq. meters meeting/banquet/conference facilities, and also houses several restaurants, such as Seasons Café (coffee shop), the El Rey (bar & lounge) and the Patisserie (bakeshop and deli items). Other guest services and facilities include a chapel, swimming pool, gym, business center and a valet-service basement car park. Concessionaires and tenants include beauty salon, foot spa, photography services, transportation services, travel agency, flower shop and boutiques. In addition, Casino Filipino - Pavilion, owned and operated by PAGCOR, occupies part of the first, second, third, fourth and fifth floors (a total of 12,696.17 sq. m.) of the building.

The Company acquired 100% interest of CIMAR, a former subsidiary of Acesite Limited (BVI) or ALB, in October 2011. In July 2011, The Company and CIMAR executed a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA), which effectively settle all pending cases and controversies between the two parties. In fulfillment of all the terms and conditions of the MOA, CIMAR's stockholders including all their nominees, agreed to sign, sell, transfer and convey all existing shares of stocks of CIMAR to the Company.

Year 2015, Alcuaz function that can accommodate 250-300 guests was renovated and 111 rooms under superior room category were opened.

On March 18, 2018, a fire broke out in APHC's hotel property that damaged the podium and main hotel that resulted to the suspension of its hotel operations. Based on the Fire Certification issued by the Bureau of Fire Protection - National Headquarters on April 23, 2018, the cause of the subject fire has been declared and classified as "accidental in nature". APHC incurred casualty losses due to damages on its inventories and hotel property (see Notes 6 and 9). APHC has filed for property damage and business insurance claims from its insurance companies and the insurance claims were finalized in 2020 amounting to P1.72 billion. As at December 31, 2020, total amount received from the insurance company amounted to P1.58 billion. As at December 31, 2020 and 2019, APHC recognized gains on insurance claims amounting to P854.52 million and P234.09 million, respectively, of which P850.22 million and P431.25 million were received in 2020 and 2019, respectively. The remainder amounting to P136.21 million relates to the portion of the claims that is still receivable from the insurance company. In 2018, APHC has started the reconstruction and restoration of the podium and main hotel which are still ongoing as at December 31, 2020.

□ Waterfront Hotel Management Corporation (previously Waterfront Management Corp.)

G-Hotel by Waterfront located in 2090 Roxas Boulevard, Malate Manila was managed by Waterfront Management Corporation starting November 2006. It is a seven-story building with 10 deluxe suites, 20 deluxe king and 20 deluxe twin rooms which offers a personalized butler service. A boutique hotel boasting with its trendy Café Noir, pool bar Mirage and an elegant ballroom, Promenade, added to the list of must-go places in the busy district of Manila. The black and white concept of its lobby is distinctly G-Hotel.

On October 01, 2014, the BOD approved the cessation of the Company's business operations. Consequently, the Company's activities were confined mainly to the collection of receivables, settlement of liabilities, and other administrative matters, while maintaining its status as non-operating entity seeking for other business opportunities.

#### □ Mayo Bonanza, Inc.

Mayo Bonanza, Incorporated (MBI), a 100% owned subsidiary of WPI was incorporated on November 24, 1995 in the Philippines with principal activities in the operation and management of amusement, entertainment, and recreation businesses. MBI is to extend the gaming business of the Company. Its primary purpose is to establish, operate, and manage the business of amusement entertainment, and recreation facilities for the use of the paying public. The Company entered into an agreement with the Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corporation (PAGCOR) whereby the latter shall operate the former's slot machine outside of casinos in line with PAGCOR's slot machine arcade project.

On May 30, 2016, BOD approved the cessation of the Company's business operations effective July 01, 2016.

#### □ Waterfront Horizon Corporation

WPI has successfully established the country's first ever integrated hotel reservations and booking system featuring a full-service, round-the-clock, 7 days a week Central Reservation Office. This service ranges from systems and solutions specializing in the operations hotel framework. It offers specialize hotel consultancy services to hotel owners, operators, brands, developers, lenders and investors with the support of hand-picked networks of experts covering all elements of the hotel or hospitality business within a global perspective.

#### □ Waterfront Food Concepts, Inc.

Waterfront Food Concepts, Inc. is a pastry business, catering to pastry requirements of Waterfront Cebu, Waterfront Mactan and other established coffee shops and food service channels outside the hotels. The property is located in the lobby level of Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel. It has started its operation on May of 2006. Its pastry products include cakes, cookies and sandwiches. The subsidiary has already catered most of the renowned coffee shops in the city of Cebu.

#### □ Waterfront Wellness Group, Inc.

This new subsidiary is located in the Ground Level of Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel occupying 617.53 square meters. Formerly, W Citigyms and Wellness, Inc. is a fully equipped gym with specialized trainers and state of the art equipments. The gym offers variety of services from aerobic instructions to belly dancing, boxing, yoga classes and a lot more. It also has its own nutritionist/dietician. Its highly trained therapists perform massage and spa services to guests within the hotel. The management has plan of opening Citigyms in all its hotels.

#### ☐ Grand Ilocandia Resort and Development, Inc.

As of March 31, 2000, the Company carried its investments in GIRDI at cost since it intended to dispose such investment in the near future. In November 2000, GIRDI sold all of its property and

equipment, inclusive of the hotel facilities and related operating assets and the investment in marketable securities.

#### □ Waterfront Promotions Limited/Club Waterfront International Limited

Waterfront Promotion Ltd. was incorporated on March 6, 1995, under and by virtue of the laws of Cayman Islands to act as the marketing arm for the international marketing and promotion of hotels and casinos under the trade name of Club Waterfront International Limited (CWIL). It is a wholly owned subsidiary of Waterfront Philippines, Inc., a domestic company. Under the agreement with PAGCOR, WPL has been granted the privilege to bring in foreign players under the program in Waterfront Cebu City Hotel and Grand Ilocandia Resort Development Corp. On the other hand, CWIL is allowed to bring in foreign players in Waterfront Mactan Hotel. In connection to this, the company markets and organizes groups of foreign players as participants to the Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corporation's (PAGCOR) Foreign High Roller Marketing Program. The company also entered into agreements with various junket operators to market the casinos for foreign customers. Under these agreements, the company grants incentive programs to junket operators such as free hotel expenses, free airfares and rolling commissions.

The operations for Waterfront Promotions Limited, and likewise for Club Waterfront International Limited, had ceased for the year 2003 in March due to the bleak market.

#### Waterfront Iloilo Hotel Inc.

Waterfront Iloilo Hotel Inc. was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission on March 29, 2019 primarily to operate and manage a resort hotel and a restaurant that caters to the guests of the hotel.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (WPI or the Parent Company). WPI is 46%-owned by the The Wellex Group, Inc. and is listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet started its commercial operations.

The Company's registered office address is at 7th Floor Manila Pavilion Hotel, U.N. Avenue corner Ma. Orosa, Barangay 666, Ermita, City of Manila, NCR, Philippines, 1000.

#### Waterfront Puerto Princesa Hotel, Inc.

Waterfront Puerto Princesa Hotel, Inc. was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission on May 15, 2017 primarily to acquire and hold real property such as lands, buildings and personal property of all kinds, to sell, lease, convey, mortgage, construct, improve and develop, contract for, manage, administer and or operate, alone or jointly with others any interest in real or personal property as well as in hotels, inns, lodging houses, resorts and all adjunct and accessories thereto, including restaurants, cafes, bars, stores and offices, barbershops and beauty lounges, sports facilities, places of amusement and entertainment of all kinds; to invest in other corporations for the advancement of its interest or to grant concessions, rights or licenses to others to operate, manage or deal with the same, to do any and all things necessary, suitable, convenient, proper or incidental to the accomplishment of the above purposes.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (WPI or the Parent Company). WPI is 46%-owned by the The Wellex Group, Inc. and is listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet started its commercial operations.

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The Company's registered office is at 7th Floor Manila Pavilion Hotel, U.N. Avenue corner Ma. Orosa St., Ermita, Brgy. 666, Manila City 1000.

#### □ Waterfront Cebu Ventures, Inc.

Waterfront Cebu Ventures, Inc. was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission on August 24, 2018 primarily to carry on the business of an investment holding company.

The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (WPI or the Parent Company). WPI is 46%-owned by The Wellex Group, Inc. and is listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet started its commercial operations.

The Company's registered office address is located at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Barangay Lahug, Cebu City.

#### **Business Development**

In 1995, Waterfront Philippines, Inc. (WPI) set out to complete two major objectives in the province of Cebu- to focus on hotel and resort development and to promote tourism in the Philippines. Four years later, this vision became a reality with the full operation of the Waterfront Mactan Island Hotel and Casino, Inc, and Waterfront Cebu City Hotel. At present, WPI would like to establish itself as the premiere tourism organization with leisure and entertainment activities, not only in Cebu, but also in the various provinces nationwide.

#### Year 2015

The race is not always to the quick. Leaders of the company make it to the top by dint of hardwork, resourcefulness and a healthy streak of creativity. To go beyond outside traditional markets and develop new revenue streams. And further enhance measures to decrease our operating cost without sacrificing the need and satisfaction of our guest.

The company also works hard to tap into alternative opportunities available, such as reaching out to the local market, which has been provided us with a remarkable revenue stream that should be further nurtured and explored.

This year also marks the second time the Philippines is playing host to the Asia-Pacific Economic Cooperation (APEC), having hosted the vent previously in 1996. The meeting aims to solicit proposals and share best practices in boosting connectivity and mobility within and across membereconomies, particularly through more active capital markets. Organizers plan also to use something else that will make the Philippines stand out: its hospitality.

Despite the intense competition, the Group was able to bring in significant revenue growth and positioned to reap the fruits of all hardwork.

#### Year 2016

What sets us apart this year is our renewed and intensified focus on marketing. We have redoubled our efforts to market our brand to our customers and endeavored to meet them where they increasingly spend their time--which is, in this age of digitally-propelled tourism, the online space. We still cater to traditional markets through our offline channels, strengthening partnerships and aggressively forming revenue-generating deals and contracts with significant clients. By being proactive and addressing the consumer market through innovative and creative marketing in

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multiple touch points and by maximizing online-offline dynamics, we have been able to capture a bigger share of the business, generating increased rooms revenue and F&B revenue.

The MICE market has been a particularly strong driving force in the year. Our ability to reach out to our existing client base to facilitate further business and enhance brand loyalty has been highly rewarding, with MICE-generated banquet and functions contributing significantly to overall growth in sales.

Overall, reflects a keen interest by both local and international markets, with the local market as a uniquely consistent driving force in our hotels--showing that the Waterfront brand has gained significant loyalty among local customers and provides an important revenue stream that can be harnessed further as it creates resilience in the business.

#### Year 2017

2017 marked continuous growth by becoming the usual host of some of the country's biggest events, the "castlesque" establishment has become one of the city's most iconic monuments and has established itself as a primary entertainment destination through the years. Being truly at the "center of it all", our hotels serve up a combination of refinement and comfort like no other, as each property expresses elegance with beautiful furnishings, exquisite interior design details and state-of-the-art amenities.

The Group has spent two decades of dedication in delivering nothing but excellent service and topnotch rooms and facilities to all its valued guests thus, with this overwhelming recognition to be chosen as one of the Philippine recipients for the ASEAN's prestigious MICE Venue Standard Award in the Hotel Category Setting, the hotel offers this success also to its patrons and loyal guests.

#### Year 2018

This year was a year filled with challenges and growth for the group. Earlier this year, Acesite Hotels Corporation has met with an unfortunate event. However, this didn't stop the Hotel Group from thriving. Renovations and repairs have already been driven forward to ensure that such roadblocks do not hamper the envisioned growth. The hotels in Cebu and Davao have all provided continuous improvement all throughout the year by cementing its reputation of being reliable and grand venues for events and a center for business.

With a vision to be a leader in the lodging industry through providing excellent customer service, Waterfront Hotel Group pushes forward to new heights with plans to re invigorate function rooms and further improve a cluster of services to our clientele.

#### Year 2019

The group showed a sustained growth this year all throughout the operational properties. The newly renovated function rooms of WCCHI was unveiled earlier this year with plans to revitalize and renew the remaining function rooms including the coveted venue in the city, The Grand Ballroom.

Both WCCHI and WMCHI are considered to be the top choice of international airline carriers to provide excellent lodging and service for their crew whilst in the city. All three hotels have continually provided venues for grand National events, business ventures and vacationing tourists alike.

#### Year 2020

This year the group endured a global pandemic. The COVID-19 outbreak has spread across the globe causing disruptions to businesses and economic activities. The hotel was one of the most

affected industries. The hotel was not able to operate at full capacity when quarantine was implemented in varying degrees nationwide since the second quarter of the year.

Davao and Mactan achieved 100% and 92% occupancy in the first quarter, respectively. However, occupancy was significantly lower for the rest of year to as low as 2% in Davao and 9% in Mactan and Cebu in some months. To cope, the company offered Bayanihan promos to accommodate guests through online bookings and walk-ins, government groups and corporate clients which include airline, telecommunication and utilities companies. There was significant reduction in the level of capital and operational expenditures in the short term, limiting the outflows to only required compliance with health and safety and pausing all nonessential spending.

#### Year 2021

COVID-19 continues to impact the public and private sectors and the way they operate. Businesses looking to cope with the challenges raised by these unusual times look for ways to innovate the way they do business.

In 2021, the Group's hotels were accredited by Department of Health as multiple-use establishments to allow the hotels to operate both as quarantine facilities and for leisure or staycation. With this, the Group entered into a contract with Overseas Workers Welfare Administration to cater repatriated and returning Overseas Filipino Workers from June 2021 until December 2021. This contract was extended until June 2022 for WCCCHI's hotel.

The Group also continued to open its facilities and functions for special events and accommodated local guests through online bookings and walk-ins, government groups and corporate clients which include airline, utilities and telecommunication companies. The Group took advantage of technology to cater the demands of the market online. The Group's average occupancy rate from January to April 2022 ranged between 24% to 75%.

The Group has taken mitigating actions, such as significant reduction in the level of capital and operational expenditures in the short term, limiting the outflows to only required compliance with health and safety, and pausing all nonessential spending, which contributed to the Group's gradual recovery despite the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to the hotel industry. Accordingly, the Group may still sustain lower levels of revenue and profit in 2022 but an improvement is expected than the 2021 levels.

### Strategies

The hotel properties are centrally located in the central business districts of three prime Philippine destinations, Manila, Cebu and Davao. These are the key cities of the country with the highest tourism traffic. As such our location gives us access to a greater number of foreign and local travelers.

The management team has a substantial management experience in the acquisition of equity interests in hotels in the Philippines. We have enjoyed considerable success in formulating and implementing clear acquisition strategies, and seizing opportunities to explore market potential of the hotel industry.

The acquisition strategy remains sound as it takes half the time to acquire and renovate properties as it does to conceptualize, construct and pre-open new properties. With the expertise in the hotel management, and the partnership with an investment group that is premised on the transfer of clean

properties with minimal business risks, the company is confident enough the ability to improve operations and enhance value of acquired assets.

As to price, the Company offers competitive rates and packages catering to the different markets, practices flexible schemes to respond to the dynamic market. As to product/services, consistent excellent service is the key. Moreover, well maintained facilities and equipment, impressive, exciting and value for money promotions in the F&B outlets would definitely make a difference.

The Central Reservations System has made it the only integrated network of hotels in the country with a powerful presence through 24/7 booking service. As the company strives towards further convenience and accessibility, the company has introduced its outline booking facility. The newly redesigned website offers highly efficient online reservations facility that allows customers from all over the world to book real time and receive real time confirmation. This high-speed reservations feature enables the company to fully cater to the online market, whether the purpose is for travel research or convenient booking. All in all the company continue to expand in innovative ways, using technology and new media as a cost effective way to expand its market share, explore new markets and ensure the strength locally and internationally.

In addition to advancement concerning our operations is the upgrading of our property Management Systems (PMS). These are multi-million Peso investments to upgrade our efficiency, and ensuring that our operations remain steady in the years to come. The Waterfront Recipe Guide System is a savvy new strategy to give our F&B operations a boost. This will enable us to standardize our best-selling dishes, aiming to be more consistent in preparation and waste.

At Waterfront, we emphasize service that brings people back, and we reinforce this service through site training, among other programs. We are known for our signature warmth, attention to detail and approachability, qualities that our guests of all nationalities cherish during every stay. Whoever encounters the Waterfront experience will be assured of a reliable, consistent and satisfying brand familiarity that leads to loyalty.

Our greatest software is our People.

#### Item 2. Properties

The Company, being a holding company, has no real properties in its name. Properties under the WPI Group are under the ownership or lease holdings of the respective subsidiaries.

WCCCHI and WMCHI have separate contracts of lease for the use of parcels of land in the province of Cebu.

#### WCCCHI Land Lease:

Location	Former airport site at Lahug in Cebu City
Size	Approximately 4.6 hectares
Lessor	Mactan Cebu International Airport Authority
Terms of lease	50 years with an option for renewal for another 25 years, permissible by the laws of the Philippines
Lease Agreement	Fixed rental per month of Php 11.00 per square meter or a total amount per annum of Php 6,072,000.00 + Percentage rental of 2% of the annual Gross Revenue as defined under the Land Lease Agreement

#### WMCHI Land Lease:

Location	In front of Mactan-Cebu International Airport, Lapu-Lapu City
Bocation	in front of Mactain Ceba International Import, Eapa Eapa City

Size	Approximately 3.2 hectares
Lessor	Mactan Cebu International Airport Authority
Terms of lease	50 years with an option for renewal for another 25 years, permissible by the laws of the Philippines
Lease Agreement	Fixed rental per month of Php 18.75 per square meter or a total amount per annum of Php 7,875,000.00 + Percentage rental of 2% of the Annual Gross Revenues as defined under the Land Lease Agreement.

#### DIHCI Wholly Owned:

Location	Title	Area (In Sq. Meters)
<ul> <li>Lanang, Davao City</li> </ul>	TCT 0-255*	2,997
Size: Approximately	0-256*	304
12.29 hectares but with offshore area of 4.3 hectares	0-257*	113
	0-258*	50
	0-259*	404
	T-10250*	43,881
	T-10250*	47,320
	T-10251*	2,091
	T-102510*	2,043
	T-10252*	1,133
	T-10252*	300
	T-10252*	300
	T-10252*	1,580
	T-10254*	500
	T-10254*	400
	T-10303-A*	304
	T-30874*	223
	T-10264*	18,959

#### ACESITE Land Lease

ACLSITE Lunu Leuse	
Location	Corner of United Nations Avenue & Maria Y. Orosa Street in Ermita,
	Manila
Size	Total land area of 6,500 square meters
Lessor	Acesite Realty, Inc. (formerly CIMA Realty Phils., Inc.)
Terms of lease	Lease is valid until January 2031, renewable for another 20 years
Lease Agreement	Php 250,000 per month; escalation of 5% per year

On March 18, 2018, a fire broke out in Acesite (Phils.) Hotel Corporation's hotel property that damaged the lower floors of the main building as well as the Podium building occupied by the casino area and restaurants in the APHC's hotel property that resulted to the suspension of its hotel operations. Based on the Fire Certification issued by the Bureau of Fire Protection -

National Headquarters on April 23, 2018, the cause of the subject fire has been declared and classified as "accidental in nature."

# Item 3. Legal Proceedings

3.1 SSS vs WPI. Et al civil case no. Q-04-52629 at regional trial court, Quezon City. On October 28, 1999, the Parent Company obtained a five-year term loan from SSS amounting to P375.00 million originally due on October 29, 2004. The SSS loan bears interest at the prevailing market rate plus 3% or 14.5% per annum, whichever is higher. Interest is repriced annually and is payable semi-annually. Initial interest payments are due 180 days from the date of the release of the proceeds of the loan. The repayment of the principal shall be based on eight (8) semi-annual payments, after a one-year grace period.

The SSS loan was availed to finance the completion of the facilities of WCCCHI. It was secured by a first mortgage over parcels of land owned by WII and by the assignment of 200 million common shares of the Parent Company owned by TWGI. The common shares assigned were placed in escrow in the possession of an independent custodian mutually agreed upon by both parties.

On August 7, 2003, when the total loan obligation to SSS, including penalties and interest, amounted to P605.00 million, the Parent Company was considered in default with the payments of the loan obligations, thus, on the same date, SSS executed a foreclosure proceeding on the mortgaged parcels of land. The SSS's winning bid on the foreclosure sale amounting to P198.00 million was applied to penalties and interest amounting to P74.00 million and P124.00 million, respectively. In addition, the Parent Company accrued penalties charged by SSS amounting to P30.50 million covering the month of August until December 2003, and unpaid interest expense of P32.00 million.

The Parent Company, WII and TWGI were given the right to redeem the foreclosed property within one (1) year from October 17, 2003, the date of registration of the certificate of sale. The Parent Company recognized the proceeds of the foreclosure sale as its liability to WII and TWGI. The Parent Company, however, agreed with TWGI to offset this directly against its receivable from the latter. In August 2004, the redemption period for the Parent Company, WII and TWGI expired.

The remaining balance of the SSS loan is secured by the shares of stock of the Parent Company owned by TWGI and shares of stock of WII numbering 235 million and 80 million shares, respectively.

The Parent Company, at various instances, initiated negotiations with the SSS for restructuring of the loan but was not able to conclude a formal restructuring agreement.

On January 13, 2015, the RTC of Quezon City issued a decision declaring null and void the contract of loan and the related mortgages entered into by the Parent Company with SSS on the ground that the officers and the SSS are not authorized to enter the subject loan agreement. In the decision, the RTC of Quezon City directed the Company to return to SSS the principal amount of loan amounting to P375.00 million and directed the SSS to return to the Company and to its related parties titles and documents held by SSS as collaterals.

In the decision, the RTC of Quezon City directed the Company to return to SSS the principal amount of loan amounting to P375 million and directed the SSS to return to the Company and to its related parties titles and documents held by SSS as collaterals.

On January 22, 2016, SSS filed an appeal with the CA assailing the RTC of Quezon City decision in favor of the Company, et al. SSS filed its Appellant's Brief and the Company filed a Motion for Extension of Time to file Appellee's Brief until May 16, 2016.

On May 16, 2016, the Company filed its Appellee's Brief with the CA, furnishing the RTC of Quezon City and the Office of the Solicitor General with copies. SSS was given a period to reply but it did not file any.

On September 6, 2016, a resolution for possible settlement was received by the Company from the CA.

On February 27, 2017, a Second Notice to Appear issued by the PMCU-CA directing all parties to appear on February 27, 2017 at a specified time was received by the Parent Company only on February 27, 2017 after the specified time of the meeting. The Parent Company failed to appear.

On June 30, 2017, a Resolution issued by CA, resolved to submit the appeal for decision.

On August 30, 2019, the Court of Appeals rendered its Decision reversing and setting aside the Decision dated January 13, 2015 and Order dated May 11, 2015 rendered by the RTC of Quezon City.

On November 4, 2019, the counsel for the Parent Company, filed a Petition for Review with the SC.

On February 5, 2020, the SC issued its Resolution requiring SSS to file its Comment. SSS appealed for an extension to file its Comment until March 23, 2020. On August 14, 2020, the counsel for the Parent Company received a copy of the Comment dated June 24, 2020.

On July 26, 2021, the SC rendered a decision in favor of the Parent Company which includes the declaration of the contract of loan and the foreclosure sale as null and void and ordered the following:

	The Parent	Company	to pay SS	5 P375.00	million	subject to	12% 1	egal in	terest	from
Octo	ber 28, 1999	to June 30,	2013, and	6% legal i	interest f	rom July 1,	2013 1	until fu	ll payı	ment;
and										
	CCC to motion	m to the D	amont Com	41		af DOE 00	. : 11:			11

SSS to return to the Parent Company the amount of P35.83 million, subject to a legal interest of 12% from the dates that the individual payments were remitted until June 30, 2013, and 6% legal interest from July 1, 2013 until full payment.

Subsequently, on January 28, 2022, the SSS filed a Motion for Reconsideration with the SC. On February 2, 2022, the Office of the Solicitor General filed a Manifestation with the SC that it filed/served by electronic means its Motion for Reconsideration due to the physical closure of its offices as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. As at the date of authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, there were no updates on the progress of the foregoing motions filed by the SSS and the Office of the Solicitor General with the SC.

As a result of the SC decision, the Parent Company recognized a reversal of previously accrued interest and penalties on the SSS Loan amounting to P415.67 million as at December 31, 2021. The reversal was recognized and presented as "Reversal of accrual" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Outstanding principal balance of the loan amounted to P375.00 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Interest expense related to the SSS loan recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P20.63 million, P60.00 million and P59.92 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019. Accrued interest and penalties, presented as part of "Accrued interest and penalties" under "Accounts payable and accrued

expenses" account in the consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P0.71 billion and P1.17 billion as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively

#### 3.2. BIR Assessment

On November 10, 2008, the Parent Company received a preliminary assessment notice from the BIR for deficiency taxes for the taxable year 2006. On February 9, 2009, the Parent Company sent a protest letter to BIR contesting the said assessment. On February 18, 2009, the Regional Office of the BIR sent a letter to the Parent Company informing the latter that the docket was returned to Revenue District Office for reinvestigation and further verification.

On December 8, 2009, the Parent Company received BIR's Final Decision on Disputed Assessment for deficiency taxes for the 2006 taxable year. The final decision of the BIR seeks to collect deficiency assessments totaling to P3.3 million. However, on January 15, 2010, the Parent Company appealed the final decision of the BIR with the Court of Tax Appeals (CTA) on the grounds of lack of legal and factual bases in the issuance of the assessments.

In its decision promulgated on November 13, 2012, the CTA upheld the expanded withholding tax (EWT) assessment and cancelled the VAT and compromise penalty assessments. WPI decided not to contest the EWT assessment. The BIR filed its motion for reconsideration (MR) on December 4, 2012 and on April 24, 2013, the Court issued its amended decision reinstating the VAT assessment. The Parent Company filed its MR on the amended decision that was denied by the CTA in its resolution promulgated on September 13, 2013.

The Parent Company appealed the case to the CTA sitting En Banc on October 21, 2013. The CTA En Banc decision promulgated on December 4, 2014 affirmed the VAT and EWT assessments. The EWT assessment was paid on March 3, 2013.

The CTA En Banc decision was appealed to the SC on February 5, 2015 covering the VAT assessment only. As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements the Parent Company is still awaiting the SC's decision.

Management and its legal counsels believe that the position of the Parent Company is sustainable, and accordingly, believe that the Parent Company does not have a present obligation (legal or constructive) with respect to the assessment.

#### Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

- 4.1 The stockholders approved and ratified the following matters during the Stockholder's Meeting held last September 23, 2021:
  - a. Election of the members of the Board of Directors to serve for the term 2020-2021. Those elected regular members of the Board were:
    - 1. Mr. Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis, Jr.
    - 2. Mr. Reno I. Magadia
    - 3. Mr. Kenneth T. Gatchalian
    - 4. Mr. Arthur M. Lopez
    - 5. Mr. Dee Hua T. Gatchalian
    - 6. Ms. Elvira A. Ting
    - 7. Atty. Lamberto B. Mercado, Jr.
    - 8. Mr. Sergio R. Ortiz-Luis, Jr.
    - 9. Atty. Ruben D. Torres
    - 10. Mr. Renato Francisco

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4.2

Atty. Arthur R. Ponsaran acts as the Corporate Secretary of the Company.

b. The designation of KPMG R.G. Manabat and Co. as the Corporation's external auditor. The signing partner of the company, Mr. Tireso Randy F. Lapidez, has been holding the designation for 5 years starting 2016.

#### PART II - OPERATIONAL AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity and Related Stockholder Matters

5.1 The common stock of the company is being traded currently in the Philippine Stock Exchange. On June 16, 1999, the Parent Company declared cash dividend of Php 0.02 per share on its Common Shares outstanding as of May 15, 1999. This amounted to Php 19.23 million. The Parent Company also declared a 10% stock dividend as of September 15, 1999 record date.

The Company has not issued dividends since the year 2000. However, it promises to declare dividends once the deficit is offset and the market for the coming years proper.

5.2 The stocks of WPI shares which are listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange for the last two calendar years are as set out hereunder:

Peso	High	Low
2021		
January – March 2021	0.830	0.455
April- June 2021	0.720	0.500
July- September 2021	0.620	0.500
October- December 2021	0.550	0.455

Peso	High	Low
2020		
January – March 2020	0.630	0.300
April- June 2020	0480	0.350
July- September 2020	0.460	0.360
October- December 2020	0.780	0.375

The price of the stock is at 0.460 as of December 31, 2021 and at 0.420 as of May 11, 2022.

The number of stockholders of record as of December 31, 2021 on the Register of Shareholders was 432 but the company is not able to identify the actual number of beneficial owners who are registered under the name of the member companies of the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE). Common shares outstanding as of December 31, 2021 were 2,498,991,753. There are no sales for the last three years of unregistered securities.

5.2 The list of top 20 stockholders of record as of December 31, 2021 is as stated hereunder:

STOCKHOLDER'S NAME	TOTAL	PERCENTAGE
	HOLDINGS	TO

		(SUBSCRIBED)	TOTAL
1	PCD NOMINEE CORP. (FILIPINO)	1,139,554,973	45.60%
2	THE WELLEX GROUP, INC.	1,128,466,800	45.16%
3	PCD NOMINEE CORP. (NON-FILIPINO)	41,070,201	1.64%
4	KENNETH T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,100	1.20%
5	REXLON T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,000	1.20%
6	WESLIE T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,000	1.20%
7	FORUM HOLDINGS CORPORATION	20,626,000	0.83%
8	PRIMARY STRUCTURES CORPORATION	16,212,500	0.65%
9	REXLON GATCHALIAN	14,740,000	0.59%
10	METRO ALLIANCE HOLDINGS & EQUITIES, INC.	14,370,000	0.58%
11	ELVIRA A. TING	10,000,009	0.40%
12	CATALINA ROXAS MELENDRES	6,246,000	0.25%
13	MANUEL H. OSMENA &/OR MANUEL L. OSMENA II	1,400,000	0.06%
14	ROLANDO M. LIM	1,142,500	0.05%
15	FELIPE A CRUZ, JR.	1,100,000	0.04%
16	MARIA CONCEPCION CRUZ	876,000	0.04%
17	FREYSSINET PHILIPPINES, INC.	770,000	0.03%
18	BENSON COYUCO	605,000	0.02%
19	DAVID LAO OSMENA	589,600	0.02%
20	LUCENA B. ENRIQUEZ	552,000	0.02%

# Item 6. Management's Discussion and Analysis or Plan of Operation

Below are the results of operations of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, for the years ending December 31, 2020 and 2019 together with its financial conditions as of the same period.

# **RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Amounts in P)**

	2021	2020
Revenues	997,788,154	1,054,632,300
Less: Costs and Expenses	645,199,626	717,654,748
Gross Income	352,588,528	336,977,552
Other Expenses (Income)	77,507,753	470,085,862
Net Income (Loss) Before Income Tax	430,096,281	807,063,414
Income Tax Expense (Benefit)	(100,705,358)	123,597,065
NET INCOME (LOSS)	530,801,639	683,466,349
Earnings (Loss) Per Share	0.222	0.158

# FINANCIAL CONDITION (Amounts in P)

	2021	2020
ASSETS		
Current Assets	3,689,536,752	4,423,715,641
Noncurrent Assets	13,311,074,399	10,819,583,276
<b>Total Assets</b>	17,000,611,151	15,243,298,917

#### **LIABILITIES**

Current Liabilities	2,678,011,184	2,674,648,755
Non-current Liabilities	2,652,636,839	3,166,286,895
<b>Total Liabilities</b>	5,330,648,023	5,840,935,650
Total Stockholders' Equity	10,454,989,383	8,319,536,202
Minority Interest	1,214,973,745	1,082,827,065
Total Liabilities & S/H Equity	17,000,611,151	15,243,298,917

# Calendar Year -ended December 31, 2021 as compared with Calendar Year ended December 31, 2020

#### RESULTS OF OPERATION

Revenues and Earnings per share

- Total revenues for year ended Dec. 31, 2021 was lower than the previous year. In actual performance, revenues from hotel & other subsidiaries for the year 2021 is at P.998B compared to 2020's P1.054B, decreased by 5%.

Earnings per share for 2021, P0.222 and P0.158 for 2020. There are no potentially dilutive shares as of December 31, 2021.

#### Cost and expenses

- Cost and expenses of 2021 is at 645M compared to last year's 718M

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and cash equivalents - This account decreased by P334M which is 28.4% lower from last year.

Receivables - Increased by 35.1% from P530.64M in 2020 to P716.70M in 2021.

Notes Receivable - Increased for the year by 11.91M or an increase of 5.3%.

*Inventories* - Inventories increased by 5.1% from last year.

*Due from related parties-current portion* – The account decreased to P1.651M, an amount 26.9% lower from last year. This represents interest bearing advances to TWGI, PRC and Crisanta Realty.

*Prepaid expenses and other current assets* – An increase of P8.01M from last year's P210.54M. Prepaid expenses are defined as payment for services and/or benefits yet to be performed or received; it also includes prepaid taxes and insurance.

*Property plant & equipment* – There was a 19.2% increase from last year's P8.533B to this year's P10.168B. In compliance with PAS 27, property and equipment (except operating and transportation equipments) were carried at revalued amounts effective 2009.

Other noncurrent assets – There is an increase of P65.113M on this account compared to last year's 869.8M

*Current Liabilities* – The account consisted of trade payable, income tax payable, accruals and loans payable. The account increased by .1% from last year; P2.67B in 2020 to P2.68B in 2021.

Loans Payable - Current portion of the loan increased by 60.9%.

*Other current liabilities* – The account resulted in a decrease from 39.06M last year to 36.04M this year. This refers to concessionaire, other deposits and deferred income.

#### Calendar Year -ended December 31, 2020 as compared with Calendar Year ended December 31, 2019

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATION**

Revenues and Earnings per share

- Total revenues for year ended Dec. 31, 2020 was lower than the previous year. In actual performance, revenues from hotel & other subsidiaries for the year 2020 is at P1.054B compared to 2019's P1.997B, decreasing by 47%.

Earnings per share for 2020, P0.158 and P0.176 for 2019. There are no potentially dilutive shares as of December 31, 2020.

# Cost and expenses

- Cost and expenses of 2020 is at 718M compared to last year's 1.38B

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and cash equivalents - This account increased by P501M which is 74% higher from last year.

Receivables - Decreased by 20.51% from P667.54M in 2019 to P530.64M in 2020.

*Notes Receivable* – Decreased for the year by 12.36M or a decrease of 5.24%.

Inventories - Inventories decreased by 25.43% from last year.

*Due from related parties-current portion* – The account decreased to P51.41M, an amount 2.23% lower from last year. This represents interest bearing advances to TWGI, PRC and Crisanta Realty.

Prepaid expenses and other current assets – An increase of P5.98M from last year's P204.55M. Prepaid expenses are defined as payment for services and/or benefits yet to be performed or received; it also includes prepaid taxes and insurance.

*Property plant & equipment* – There was a 27.09% increase from last year's P6.71B to this year's P8.53B. In compliance with PAS 27, property and equipment (except operating and transportation equipments) were carried at revalued amounts effective 2009.

Other noncurrent assets - There is an increase of P167M on this account compared to last year's 703M

*Current Liabilities* – The account consisted of trade payable, income tax payable, accruals and loans payable. The account decreased by 7.22% from last year; P2.88B in 2019 to P2.67B in 2020.

*Loans Payable* – Current portion of the loan decreased by 3.44%. Non-current portion amounts to 635M or a decrease of 255M.

*Other current liabilities* – The account resulted in a decrease from 43.15M last year to 39.04M this year. This refers to concessionaire, other deposits and deferred income.

#### Calendar Year -ended December 31, 2019 as compared with Calendar Year ended December 31, 2018

#### RESULTS OF OPERATION

Revenues and Earnings per share

- Total revenues for year ended Dec. 31, 2019, was higher than the previous year. In actual performance, revenues from hotel & other subsidiaries for the year 2019 is at P1.99B compared to 2018's P1.85B, increasing by 8%.

Earnings per share for 2019, P0.176 and P0.017 for 2018. There are no potentially dilutive shares as of December 31, 2019

#### Cost and expenses

Cost and expenses of 2019 is at 1.38B compared to last year's 1.39B

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

Cash and cash equivalents - This account decreased by P35.885M which is 5% lower from last year.

*Receivables* – Increased by 19% from P561.48M in 2018 to P667.54M in 2019.

Notes Receivable - Decreased for the year by 18.245M or a decrease of 7%.

Inventories - Inventories increased by 24.22% from last year.

*Due from related parties-current portion* – The account increased by P225M an amount 11% higher from last year. This represents interest bearing advances to TWGI, PRC and Crisanta Realty.

Prepaid expenses and other current assets – An increase of P66.683M from last year's P137.87M. Prepaid expenses are defined as payment for services and/or benefits yet to be performed or received; it also includes prepaid taxes and insurance.

*Property plant & equipment* – There was a 32% increase from last year's P5.10B. In compliance with PAS 27, property and equipment (except operating and transportation equipments were carried at revalued amounts effective 2009.

Other noncurrent assets – There is an increase of P504.64M on this account compared to last year's 198.442M

*Current Liabilities* – The account consisted of trade payable, income tax payable, accruals and loans payable. The account increased by 14.19% from last year; P2.53B in 2018 to P2.88B in 2019.

Loans Payable - Current portion of the loan remains at 650M. Non-current portion amounts to 890.43M or a decrease of 277.66M

*Other current liabilities* – The account resulted in a decrease from 220.96M last year to 43.15M this year. This refers to concessionaire, other deposits and deferred income.

# Calendar Year -ended December 31, 2018 as compared with Calendar Year ended December 31, 2017

#### **RESULTS OF OPERATION**

Revenues and Earnings per share

- Total revenues for year ended Dec. 31, 2018, was lower than the previous year. In actual performance, revenues from hotel & other subsidiaries for the year 2018 is at P1.85B compared to 2017's P2.1B, decreasing by 12%.

Earnings per share for 2018, P0.017 and P0.087 for 2017. There are no potentially dilutive shares as of December 31, 2018, 2017, 2016.

#### Cost and expenses

Cost and expenses of 2018 is at 1.39B which decreased by 2.13% compared to last year.

#### FINANCIAL CONDITION

*Cash and cash equivalents* – This account increased by P366.71M which is higher from last year by 106.01%.

Receivables - Increased by 145.87% from P228.36M in 2017 to P561.48M in 2018.

*Notes Receivable* - The Group extended loans to Acesite Leisure and Entertainment Corporation (ALEC) amounting to P195.01 million payable on December 31, 2018, and bear interest at 4% per annum (see Note 21). The loan is guaranteed by another entity in behalf of ALEC.

Inventories - Inventories decreased by 27.75% from last year.

*Due from related parties-current portion* – The account increased to P2.08B an amount 30% higher from last year. This represents interest bearing advances to TWGI, PRC and Crisanta Realty. It also includes transactions with PHES which is non-interest bearing. This year of 2018, these advances are due in one year, subject to yearly renewal and re-pricing.

**Prepaid expenses and other current assets** – An increase of P40.31M from last year's P97.56M. Prepaid expenses are defined as payment for services and/or benefits yet to be performed or received; it also includes prepaid taxes and insurance.

**Property plant** & equipment – There was a 20.14% decrease from last year's P6.39B. In compliance with PAS 27, property and equipment (except operating and transportation equipments) were carried at revalued amounts effective 2009.

Other noncurrent assets – There is an increase of P168.22M on this account, an amount equivalent to 556.62% compared from last year.

*Current Liabilities* – The account consisted of trade payable, income tax payable, accruals and loans payable. The account increased by 30.92% from last year; P1.93B in 2017 to P2.53B in 2018.

*Loans Payable* – Current portion of the loan increased from 375M to 650M which is an increase of 73.33%. Non-current portion amounts to 1,168,085,107 which was not existent last year

*Other current liabilities* – The account resulted in an increase of 205.58M. This refers to concessionaire, other deposits and deferred income.

# Key Variable and Other Qualitative and Quantitative Factors:

a. Any known Trends, Events or Uncertainties

The Group has assessed that although COVID-19 will not have significant effect on its ability to continue as a going concern, it will still have continuing impact on its operations. The full impact

on the Group will depend on the duration of this unique crisis and how it severely impacts the economy going forward, with a range of potential outcomes too large to provide a meaningful quantification at this point. The subsequent impact of this outbreak especially on the Group's estimates of provision on financial instruments and recoverability of nonfinancial assets will be determined, quantified and recognized in the Group's financial statements when these become estimable.

b. There are no events that will trigger direct or contingent financial obligation that is material to the company, including any default or acceleration of an obligation.

#### Omnibus Security and Loan Agreement Covenants

As of December 31, 2021, the Group's debt service coverage ratio has fallen below the agreed threshold, but the Group was able to obtain a waiver for the breach (see Note 26). As at the date of the authorization of the financial statements, the Group is not in default and continues to pay the maturing interest and principal in a timely manner.

- c. There are no material off-balance sheet transactions, arrangements, obligations (including, contingent obligations), and other relationship of the company with unconsolidated entities or other persons created during the reporting period.
- d. The group is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

### Financial Risk and Capital Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, notes receivable, due from related parties, short-term investments, equity securities - at FVOCI, other noncurrent assets (excluding advances to contractors and advances to supplier), accounts payable and accrued expenses (excluding local taxes, output VAT and withholding taxes), loans payable, due to a related party, lease liabilities, other current liabilities (excluding deferred income), concessionaires' deposits and retention payables. These financial instruments arise directly from operations.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Group are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks in prior financial year. The Group's management reviews and approves policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized as follows:

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables.

The Group has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information, and in some cases bank references. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by establishing credit limits and maximum payment period for each customer, reviewing outstanding balances to minimize transactions with customers in industries experiencing particular economic volatility.

With respect to credit risk from other financial assets of the Group, which mainly comprise of due from related parties, the exposure of the Group to credit risk arises from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments.

There is no other significant concentration of credit risk in the Group.

The credit grades used by the Group in evaluating the credit quality of its receivables to customers and other parties are the following:

Grade A financial assets pertain to financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired which have good collection status. These financial assets are those which have high probability of collection, as evidenced by counterparties having ability to satisfy their obligations.

Grade B financial assets are those past due but not impaired financial assets and with fair collection status. These financial assets include those for which collections are probable due to the reputation and the financial ability to pay of the counterparty but have been outstanding for a length of time.

Grade C financial assets are those which have continuous default collection issues. These financial assets have counterparties that are most likely not capable of honoring their financial obligations

Impairment on the financial assets has been measured on a 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposure.

The credit quality of the Group's financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired is considered to be of good quality and expected to be collectible without incurring any credit losses.

Information on the Group's receivables and due from related parties that are impaired as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 and the movement of the allowance used to record the impairment losses are disclosed in Notes 5 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operation and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Additional short-term funding is obtained through related party advances and from bank when necessary.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the BOD, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and Group's short-term funding, the Group's policy is to ensure that there are sufficient working capital inflows to match repayments of short-term debt.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument of the Group will fluctuate due to change in market prices. Market risk reflects interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risks.

The Group is primarily exposed to the financial risk of changes in equity prices of its equity securities - at FVOCI.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flow of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of the changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Group's financial instrument that is primarily exposed to interest risk is the interest-bearing funds made available by the Parent Company to WCCCHI to finance the construction of the Cebu City Hotel Project. Such funds were substantially sourced from a P375.00 million loan from SSS, as well as the stock rights offering of the Parent Company. Since 2006, the Parent Company charged WCCCHI on the related interests and penalties on the contention that the latter benefited from the proceeds of the SSS loan. Starting 2017, WCCCHI was not anymore charged with the interest on SSS loan because the Parent Company has assessed that if it has already fulfilled its obligations related to its use of proceeds from such loan.

Cash flow interest rate risk exposure is managed within parameters approved by management. If the exposure exceeds the parameters, the Group enters into hedging transactions.

#### **Equity Price Risk**

Equity price risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded market.

The Group is exposed to equity price risk because of its investment in shares of stock of WII which are listed on the PSE totaling to 86.71 million shares as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 (see Note 8f). The Group has also investment in shares of stock of WMPD amounting to P50.00 million representing 5% of the total capital stock of WMPD (see Note 8f).

The Group monitors the changes in the price of the shares of stock of WII. In managing its price risk, the Group disposes of existing or acquires additional shares based on the economic conditions.

#### Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, current portion of due from related parties, accounts payable and accrued expenses and other current liabilities approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The fair value of interest-bearing due from related parties and loans payable is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable market rates for similar types of instruments as of the reporting date, thus, the carrying amount approximates fair value.

The fair value of listed investment was determined using the closing market price of the investment listed on the PSE as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

#### **Risk Management Structure**

#### **Board of Directors**

The BOD is mainly responsible for the overall risk management approach and for the approval of risk strategies and principles of the Group. It also has the overall responsibility for the development of risk strategies, principles, frameworks, policies and limits. It establishes a forum of discussion of the Group's approach to risk issues in order to make relevant decisions.

#### **Risk Management Committee**

Risk management committee is responsible for the comprehensive monitoring, evaluating and analyzing of the Group's risks in line with the policies and limits set by the BOD.

#### Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. Capital is defined as the invested money or invested purchasing power, the net assets or equity of the entity. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2021 and 2020.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. For purposes of the Group's capital management, capital includes all equity items that are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, except for revaluation surplus on property and equipment, retirement benefits reserve, foreign currency translation adjustment and fair value reserve.

The Group's capital management, among other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the agreement. Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call the loans. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, WCCCHI did not meet the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25:1 as described in Section 4.4 Debt Service Coverage Ratio of the Agreement.

#### Item 7. **Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements are filed as part of this Form 17-A, attached hereto and marked as Annex 'A'.

#### INFORMATION ON INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT AND OTHER RELATED MATTERS

1) External Audit Fees and Services

KPMG R.G. Manabat & Co. began the external audit of the financial statements of Waterfront Philippines, Inc. and its subsidiaries for the calendar year ended December 31, 2002 until present, December 31, 2021.

A) Audit and Audit-Related Fees, net of Tax

	FOR THE CALENDAR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31,	
	2021	2020
Aggregate Fees Billed for the external audit of the Company's financial statements		3,777,060.00

B) Tax Fees

None

C) All Other Fees

None

Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Item 8. Disclosure

None

# PART III - CONTROL AND COMPENSATION INFORMATION

# Item 9. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

9.1 The names and ages of the Directors and Executive Officers as of December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Office	Name	Age	Citizenship	Position in Other Listed Companies
Chairman of the Board	Sergio R. Ortiz- Luis, Jr.	77	Filipino	Independent Director- Waterfront Philippines, Inc., President & CEO - Philippine Exporters Confederation, Inc. (PHILEXPORT); Honorary Chairman - Philippine Chamber of Commerce & Industry, Employers Confederation of the Philippines, Integrated Concepts and Solutions, Inc., Vice-Chairman of Alliance Global, Inc.; Director - International Chamber of Commerce of the Philippines, Manila Exposition Complex, Inc., Lasaltech Academy, BA Securities, Rural Bank of Baguio, GS1.; Gov't Affiliations: Vice-Chairman - Export Development Council; Civic Organizations: Chairman - Rotary Club of Green Meadows, Director - PILAK Foundation, Universal Access Center for Trade Others: Honorary Consul General - Consulate of Romania in the Philippines.
Director	Kenneth T. Gatchalian	46	Filipino	Director-Wellex Industries Inc.; President & CEO of Acesite (Phils.) Hotel 2007-present; President and Chief Excutive Officer of Philippine Estates Corporation 2010-2011; Director-Forum Pacific Inc.
Director	> Arthur M.Lopez	76	Filipino	Owner and Principal Consultant of AML Hotel Consultancy, Management and Technical Services Consultant of Federal Land and owner of Grand Hyatt Projects and Marco Polo Cebu; Director-Philippine Estates Corp., Chairman- Acesite Phils. Hotel Corp, Hotel Management Consultant of the B Hotel Manila, Bellevue Bohol Resort in Panglao, B Hotel Quezon City, Bellevue Baguio (opening in 2018) and Bloomberry Casino Hotels & Resorts; Regional Director of Asia Pacific Top Management

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_	<del>,</del>			
				International Resources Corp.; Hotel Management Consultant of Double Dragon properties Corporation. President of Legoli Holdings Inc and Arleff Holdings Inc. and President of Phil. Hotel Federation Inc.
Director	Dee Hua T. Gatchalian	74	Filipino	Director- Philippine Estates Corporation, Acesite (Philippines) Hotel Corporation; EVP- Finance and Admin The Wellex Group, Inc., & Plastic City Corporation. Chairperson of Jesus Our Life Ministries, Inc.
Director	Reno I. Magadia	52	Filipino	Managing Director- Misons Industrial & Development Corp., Metro Combined Logistics Solutions, Inc.; Director - Metro Alliance Holdings and Equities Corp. Vice-President and Director of Mercator Filter Manufacturing Corporation.
Director	Lamberto B. Mercado, Jr.	58	Filipino	Director-The Wellex Group, Inc., Metro Alliance Holdings & Equities Corp., Forum Pacific, Inc. Director- Acesite (Phils.) Hotel 2004-present, Air Philippines Corporation and Philippine International Airways, Inc.
Director	> Renato C. Francisco	79	Filipino	Associate Justice-Court of Appeals, Former Executive Judge of the Regional Trial Court, Former Assistant City Prosecutor for Makati City
Director	> Ruben D. Torres	81	Filipino	Independent Director Waterfront Philippines, Inc., President -BPO Workers Association of the Phils; Senior Partner - Torres Caparas Torres Law Offices; Secretary General-Katipunan ng Manggagawa at Magsasaka ng Pilipinas; Chairman/CEO - Service Exporters Risk Management & Consultancy Co., Towers Corporation and Optimus Medical Care and Trading Corporation.
Director and Treasurer	Elvira A. Ting	62	Filipino	President & CEO - Philippine Estates Corporation; Director-Wellex Industries, Inc., Forum Pacific, Inc., Orient Pacific Corporation, Crisanta Realty and Development Corporation, Recovery Development Corporation, The Wellex Group, Inc., Plastic City Industrial Corporation.
Corporate Secretary	Arthur R. Ponsaran	79	Filipino	Director-Philippine Estate Corporation, Wellex Industries, Inc., Forum Pacific, Inc. Acesite (Phils.) Hotel, Managing Partner-Corporate Counsels, Phils., Chairman of Value Management and Options Corp and Corp Secretary of Producers Rural Banking Corp., The Wellex Group, Inc., MRL Gold Phils., Inc., Village Foundation, Shuylkill Assets Strategists (SPV-AMC), Inc., Petrolift Corp.

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#### > Independent Directors

A brief description of the directors' and executive officers' business experience and other directorship held in other reporting companies are provided as follows:

# Sergio Ortiz-Luis, Jr.

# Chairman of the Board

He has degrees of Bachelor of Arts and Bachelor of Science in Business Administration from De La Salle University; PhD Humanities from Central Luzon State University, and PhD Business Technology from Eulogio "Amang" Rodriguez Institute of Science and Technology. He is the President and CEO of Philippine Exporters Confederation, Inc. An Honorary Chairman of Philippine Chamber of Commerce & Industry, Employers Confederation of the Philippines as well as Integrated Concepts & Solutions, Inc. He is the Vice Chairman of Alliance Global, Inc., Export Development Council. He is a Director of Manila Exposition Complex, Inc., Lasaltech Academy, Philippine Estate Corporation, BA Securities, Rural Bank of Baguio, PILAK Foundation, and Universal Access Center for Trade and Philippine International Training Corporation. He is a Council Adviser Member of Philippine Foundation, Inc., a Founding Director of International Chamber of Commerce of the Philippines and GS1. He is also a member of the Board of Advisers of Southville International School and Colleges. He is a commissioner of Patrol 117, a Financing Champion of National Competitiveness Council and a Private Sector Representative of Bamboo Council. He is also a Chairman of Rotary Club of Green Meadows Foundation and also a Chairman of Council of Advisers Eastern Police District. He is the Past President of Rotary Club of Green Meadows Quezon City RI District 3780; a Board of Advisers Member of Council of Advisers Philippine National Police, a senator of Philippine Jaycee Senate, Captain of Philippine Coastguard Auxiliary and a member of the League of Corporate Foundation. He is the Honorary Consul General of Consulate of Romania in the Philippines, a Treasurer of Consular Corps of the Philippines and an Honorary Adviser of International Association of Education for World Peace. Some awards that he received were International Peace Award for Economic Development in 2005, Most Outstanding Citizen of Nueva Ecija in the Field of Business in 2005 also, Most Outstanding Pasigueno in 2006, Ulirang Ama also in 2006 and Presidential Merit Award Medal in 2007. He became an Independent Director of Waterfront Philippines, Inc. since August 2006-present. In 2014, he attended Exporter's Partner in Gearing the Country for the AEC Markets of the World 2, Technology Innovation and Entrepreneurship as Competitive Strategies PHILAAS 63rd Annual Convention and lastly, Bringing the Buy Pinoy Campaign to the Next Level.

# Kenneth T. Gatchalian

# President

Mr. Kenneth T. Gatchalian is a President of the Company. He is a member of the Board of Forum Pacific, Inc. and Wellex Industries, Inc., and The Wellex Group, Inc. Holds a Degree in Bachelor of Science in Architecture from University of Texas in San Antonio, Texas, USA. He's been the Director of Waterfront since February 2001.

# Arthur M. Lopez

# Director

Hotel management consultant specializing in general hotel management consultancy services, marketing, hotel design development/technical services, gaming, hotel feasibility study, pre and post hotel opening management services, asset management/owner's representative, food and beverage concept and service, mergers and acquisitions, travel and tours, theme parks and third party management and branding. The Owner and Principal Consultant of AML Hotel Consultants. Hotel Management and Development Consultant – Double Dragon Properties Corporation (PSE listed) - Hotel of Asia Inc. – Jin Jiang Ortigas, Jin Jiang Inn Makati, Injap Tower Iloilo, Hotel 101 Manila (500 rooms), Hotel 101 Fort project (600 rooms, under construction); Hotel 101 Bohol (250 rooms, under construction); Hotel Management and Development Consultant – Bellevue Bohol Resort, The Bellevue Hotel Manila, The B Hotel Manila, B Hotel Quezon City; Bellevue Baguio (under construction) opening in 2018; Bellevue Bohol Resort extension (140 rooms) opening 2019. Hotel Management and Development Consultant – Wydham Garden (Wellworth Properties and Development Corporation) Quezon City (200 rooms) opening in 2020 and in a resort hotel in Mactan, Cebu City (300 rooms) opening in 2021. The

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Chairman - Philippine Estates Corporation (PSE listed) and Acesite Philippines Hotel Corporation, owner of Manila Pavilion Hotel (PSE listed). Director - Waterfront Hotels and Casinos (PSE listed) - Waterfront Cebu City Hotel & Casino, Manila Pavilion Hotel & Casino, Waterfront Airport Hotel & Casino and Waterfront Insular Hotel Davao. President - Philippine Hotel Owners Association, Inc. (PHOAI) - the largest group of hotel owners and developers in the Philippines. Holds a Bachelor of Science degree in Commerce, major in Management, and a Master's Degree in Business Administration (MBA), both from the University of Santo Tomas in the Philippines. He completed a Tourism Management course at the East-West Center, University of Hawaii, Honolulu, Hawaii and Cornell University, Ithaca, New York, USA.

# Dee Hua T. Gatchalian

# Director

Mrs. Gatchalian was elected director of the Company since 24 June 2004-present. She is the Executive Vice-President of The Wellex Group, Inc., and also the Executive Vice-President of Plastic City Corporation. She is a board of director of Philippine Estates Corporation, and Acesite (Phils.) Hotel Corp. She graduated with a degree in Medical Technology from the Far Eastern University in 1970. In addition to her numerous positions in business firms, she is the Chairperson of Jesus Our Life Ministries, Inc., a non-profit, non-stock organization duly registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Reno I. Magadia

# Director

A Master's degree holder in Business Administration from Pepperdine University in Los Angeles, California, Mr. Magadia is currently the Managing Director of holding firm, Misons Industrial and Development Corp. He is also the Managing Director of Metro Combined Logistics Solutions, Inc. He is on the Board of Directors of Metro Alliance Holdings and Equities Corporation. He held the posts of Vice President and Director of Mercator Filter Manufacturing Corporation. He also worked as Head Portfolio Manager of stock brokerage firm, Papa Securities Corporation. He was also the President and Founder of the Youth Leaders for Change, a non-profit and multi-sectoral organization for youth leaders in Quezon City. He was elected as Director of Waterfront Philippines, Inc., since September 17, 2005-present.

# Lamberto B. Mercado, Jr.

# Director

A lawyer and a CPA by profession, Atty. Mercado is a member of the Board of Directors of several publicly-listed companies namely: Waterfront Philippines, Inc., Metro Alliance Holdings & Equities Corp., Forum Pacific, Inc., Acesite (Philippines) Hotel Corporation and Wellex Industries, Inc. He is currently the Vice-President for Legal Affairs of the Wellex Group, Inc. In the past as Deputy Administrator for Administration, he had supervised the largest group in the Subic Bay Metropolitan Authority (SBMA). He had also, helped in the drafting of Administrative Orders to effectively implement R.A. 7227 (the law creating the Subic Bay Freeport Zone) and its implementing rules and regulations. He was the President of Freeport Service Corporation, a subsidiary of SBMA and helped in the creation and organization of this service corporation. He was also a Director of Acesite (Phils.) Hotel Corporation since June 24, 2004-present. Associate Lawyer of Gascon, Garcia and Associates. He studied BSC Major in Accountancy at the University of Santo Tomas and Bachelor of Laws (LLB) at the Ateneo de Manila University School of Law, graduated in 1985 and 1990, respectively. He has been a director of Waterfront Philippines Inc., since July 2003-present.

# Renato C. Francisco

# Director

A veteran legal professional, Justice Renato C. Francisco has been serving as an Associate Justice for the Court of Appeals from May 31, 2012 – August 20, 2018. An Ateneo De Manila University graduate for his Bachelor of Laws, Justice Francisco has served in the judiciary as a Presiding/Executive Judge for the Regional Trial Court – Branch 19 of Malolos, Bulacan. Prior to that, he has also been the Assistant City Prosecutor for Makati City from 1992 to 1996. His extensive knowledge about the judiciary and legislations was further improved by the training programs that he has been a part of including The Harvard Negotiation Intensive, The Seminar-Workshop on Substantive Law and Jurisprudence on Intellectual Property for Court of Appeals Justices.

Ruben D. Torres Director

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Mr. Ruben Torres graduated in the University of the Philippines with a degree of Bachelor of Arts (Political Science) after which, he finished the degree of Bachelor of Laws at the same university. Presently he is also the President of BPO Workers Association of the Philippines and Senior Partner of Torres Caparas Torres Law Office. He is also the Secretary General of Katipunan ng Manggagawa at Magsasaka ng Pilipinas. He is associated with the Integrated Bar of the Philippines and Philippine Academy of Professional Arbitrators. His former positions include being a Member of the House of Representatives of the 2nd District of Zambales, Executive Secretary of the Office of the President in Malacañang, Secretary of the Department of Labor and Employment. Mr. Torres became an Independent Director of Waterfront Philippines, Inc. since August 2006-present.

# Elvira A. Ting Director and Treasurer

Ms. Elvira A. Ting earned her Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration major in Management from the Philippine School of Business Administration. Has been the Director of Waterfront Philippines, Inc., since October 2000-present. She is also the President/Director of Philippine Estates Corp., a director Wellex Industries, Inc., The Wellex Group, Inc., and Forum Pacific, Inc. She is also a Director/CFO of Acesite Phils. Inc. since 2004-present.

#### Executive

Kenneth T. Gatchalian	President
(see above description)	

# Precilla O. Toriano

# **Corporate Finance Director**

Ms. Toriano joined Waterfront in September 10, 2001 as Asst. Financial Controller of Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel. After five (5) months, she became the Financial Controller before she was promoted as Corporate Finance Director for the group. Before joining Waterfront, she has already been working with the group; she worked as Internal Auditor at Air Philippines Corp. and eventually transferred to The Wellex Group, Inc. to join the Corporate Internal Audit team, which paved the way for her coming in the Waterfront Hotels and Casinos. She is a CPA by profession; she graduated at the University of the East with a degree of Bachelor of Science in Business Administration Major in Accounting. She took up MBA units in the Polytechnic University of the Philippines. After graduation, she worked as an accounting staff at Liberty Corrugated Boxes Manufacturing, Inc. Then, she moved to Control Management Inc. as an Internal Auditor. After which, she worked for Philippine Remnants Corp. as an Accounting Manager. She had several trainings in the following fields: Managerial Leadership and Decision Making Skills, the Basics of Management Audit, Supervisory Effectiveness, Accounting and BIR Regulations, Accounting and Bookkeeping Audit, Operations Audit, Living and Working in Balance, Management Development Program, Accounting & Administrative Control, and Lean Six Sigma. In 2005 she acquired a Certification in Financial Management for Hotels at Cornell University School of Hotel Administration, in New York USA focusing on High Performance Financial Management For Hotels Operations, Hospitality Financial Management & Operations Decision Making, and Fraud Controls for Managers. She attended the CFO Congress 2007 at Malaysia. In 2010 she was sent to Singapore to attend the Strategic & Sustainable Cost Control Training. She attended the Financial Modeling Seminar in Singapore in 2011. In the year 2012 in June-July, she was sent by the company to New York to attend the Management Development Program at Cornell University thus granting her the "Certification in Strategic Management". This June 2015, she took the 3-day MBA for Chief Finance Officers held in Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia.

# Maria Socorro Cotelo

# **Corporate Planning Director**

Ms. Cotelo is the Corporate Planning Director for Waterfront Hotels & Casinos. She joined Waterfront in 2003 as Sales Accounts Manager before she moved to help establish Revenue Management in the company from there she continued to work in the Corporate Planning Division undertaking Standardization, Business Development, Reservation & Distribution and Corporate Information Technology. She earned her Bachelor's Degree in Economics at the University of San Carlos and took up masteral units for the same course before pursuing her Bachelor of Laws from SouthWestern University,

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Cebu City. After completing her Bachelor of Laws, she worked for the Davide, Calderon, and Tolentino Law office in 2002 and as part-time instructor for the University of San Carlos, Economics Department. She had significant training in Hotel Management and Distribution Systems and attended Revenue Management seminars specifically on Pricing, Travel distribution and technology, Project Management, Branding, and Selling Skills workshops. Her speaking engagement to two of these international seminars & forums under the Travel Distribution Summit Asia in 2008 and 2009 include topics on Revenue Management in Tough times and Integrating Sales and Marketing in Revenue Management. She completed her Certification in Revenue Management at Cornell University, New York in 2011 with focus on hotel and restaurant revenue management, strategic pricing, demand management, strategic marketing and financial management.

Lanelle Cristina M. Barba	Corporate Peers' Resources and Development
	Director

Ms. Barba, joined Waterfront on June 2006-April 2008 as Employee/Labor Relations Officer in Waterfront Pavilion Hotel and Casino, and was appointed as Peers Resources' and Development Director of the same property on April 30, 2008. Currently, she is the Corporate Peers' Resources and Development Director of Waterfront Hotels and Casinos. She earned her Bachelor's Degree in Elementary Education at the University of Santo Tomas. Prior joining with Waterfront, she is the HR Officer of Asia Select Inc. and Research Analyst under Employee Relations and Benefits Division of Metrobank. She was sent to various trainings and seminars and in 2009, she was sent to Nanyang University, Singapore to attend the PDP 2009 Building the Human Capital Base: Essential HR Practices for Managers. In 2011 to Bangkok, Thailand for HR Audit training. On August 15, 2018, she completed the seminar on Corporate Governance.

- 9.2 The Directors of WPI are elected at the annual stockholders' meeting to hold office until the next succeeding annual meeting and until their respective successors have been elected and qualified. Officers are appointed or elected annually by the Board of Directors at its first meeting following the Annual Meeting of Stockholders, each to hold office until the corresponding meeting of the Board of Directors in the next year or until a successor shall have been elected, appointed or shall have qualified. For the year 2019 the Board of Directors' meeting for the election of the Executive Officers was held on last October 19, 2019. The Directors are to serve one year from then. The last annual stockholders' meeting was held at the Waterfront Cebu City Hotel.
- 9.3 Mr. Kenneth T. Gatchalian is a child of Ms. Dee Hua T. Gatchalian. Ms. Elvira A. Ting is a sister of Ms. Dee Hua T. Gatchalian and an aunt of Mr. Kenneth T. Gatchalian.

There are no other relationships among the officers listed.

9.4 None of the Directors and Executive Officers of the Corporation is engaged in any material litigation either as Plaintiff or Defendant, and the Directors and Executive Officers do not have any knowledge of any proceedings pending or threatened against them for the past five years that are material to evaluation of the integrity and ability of any director including but not limited to the following: (a) Any bankruptcy petition filed by or against any business of which such person was a general partner; (b) any conviction by final judgment, including the nature of the offense, including in a criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, or being subject to a pending criminal proceeding, domestic or foreign, excluding traffic violations and minor offenses; (c) Being subject to any order, judgment, or decree, not subsequently reversed, suspended or vacated, of any court of competent jurisdiction, domestic or foreign, permanently or temporarily enjoining, barring, suspending or otherwise limiting his involvement in any type of business, securities, commodities or banking activities; and (d) Being found by a domestic or foreign court of competent jurisdiction (in a civil action), the Commission or comparable foreign body, or a domestic or foreign Exchange or other organized trading market or self regulatory organization, to have violated a securities or

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commodities law or regulation, and the judgment has not been reversed, suspended, or vacated.

9.5 There is no significant employee to the Company who is not an executive officer but who is expected by the Company to make a significant contribution to the business except for the Training Consultant and Legal Consultants, the organic pool of trainors as of the moment. In order to protect the long-term viability of the firm with regard to these people, the Company has included in their contracts a provision for conflict of interest, provision for lock in period and non-duplication of documents and developments with WPI copyrights.

# Item 10. Executive Compensation

- 10.1 None of the directors receive compensation for serving as directors of the company.
- The aggregate compensation paid to the four.

	Fiscal Year Ending December 31		mber 31
	2021	2020	2019
<ul> <li>a) Aggregate compensation paid to four most highly compensated executive officers: -estimated</li> <li>i) Anders Hallden</li> <li>ii) Precilla Toriano</li> <li>iii) Maria Socorro Cotelo</li> <li>iv) Lanelle Barba</li> </ul>	13,673,315.00	13,022,205.00	12,402,100.00
b) Aggregate compensation paid to other Officers as a group unnamed -estimated	9,428,485.5	8,979,510.00	8,551,914.00

- 10.3 To date WPI has not issued any options or implemented any option scheme to its directors and officers.
- There is no issuance of warrants or options for the year 2020 to the directors or executive officers.

# Item 11. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

# 11.1 Security Ownership of Certain Record and Beneficial Owners

As of December 31, 2021, WPI has no knowledge of any individual or any party who beneficially owns in excess of 10% of WPI's common stock except as set forth in the table below:

Title of Class	Name of Record/ Beneficial Owner	Amount & Nature of Record/Beneficial Ownership ("r" or "b")	Percent Of Class
Common	PCD Nominee Corp.(Fil)	1,139,554,973 <b>"r"</b>	45.60
Common	The Wellex Group, Inc.	1,128, 466, 800 "r" *	45.16

<sup>\*</sup>Ms. Elvira A. Ting, the Treasurer, represents The Wellex Group, Inc.

# 11.2 Security Ownership of Management

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Title Of Class	Name of Owner	Amount and Nature	Percent of
		of Ownership	Class
		("r" or "b")	
Common	Kenneth T. Gatchalian	30, 000, 100 <b>r&amp;b</b>	1.200
Common	Arthur M. Lopez	1 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.000
Common	Elvira A. Ting	10, 000, 009 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.400
Common	Lamberto Mercado	100 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.000
Common	Arthur R. Ponsaran	110 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.000
Common	Dee Hua T. Gatchalian	350, 000 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.014
Common	Reno Magadia	10, 000 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.000
Common	Sergio R. Otiz-Luis Jr.	110 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.000
Common	Ruben Torres	1, 000 <b>r&amp;b</b>	0.000

There are no persons holding a certain class of stocks under a voting trust or similar agreement. There are also no arrangements that may result in a change in control of the registrant.

# Item 12. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

The Directors by virtue of their interest in the shares of the Company are deemed to have interests in the shares of its subsidiary companies and associated companies to the extent the Company have an interest.

During the fiscal year, no director of WPI has received or become entitled to receive any benefit by reason of:

- i) a contract made with WPI or
- ii) a contract made with a related corporation or
- iii) a contract made with a firm of which the director is a member or
- iv) a contract made with a company in which the director has a substantial financial interest.

# Item 13. Exhibits and Reports on SEC Form 17-C

- (a) Exhibits
- (b) Reports on SEC Form 17-C

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# **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 17 of the Code and Section 141 of the Corporation Code , this report is signed on behalf of the issue by the undersigned; thereunto duly authorized, in the City of CITY OF MANILA on MAY 16 2022 2022.

KENNETH T. GATCHALIAN President/CEO/COO

ARTHUR R. PONSARAN Corporate Secretary

Treasurer/CH

Corporate Finance Director

MAY 1 6 2022

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this \_\_\_\_dayof\_\_\_\_\_2022 affiant(s) exhibiting to me his/their Passport.

NOTARY PUBLIC

Doc. No Page No. Book No.

Series of 2022

Notary Public Until June 30, 2022 Notarial Commission 2020 - 030

IHP# 185726 Panie - HET4-2022 PTR# 0154719 Mla - 1-3-2022 Roll # 25473, TIN# 103-148-346

MCLE Compl. No. VI-0011418 until 4-14-2022

#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
1	ABACUS CAPITAL INVESTMENT CORP. A/C 583002	1,000
2	ABACUS SECURITIES CORPORATION	35,200
3	IMELDA L. ACIDERA	22,000
4	RICARDO R. AGUADO	11,000
5	AH LAY OH	13,750
6	ALBERTO MENDOZA &/OR JEANIE MENDOZA	11,000
7	MA. CYNTHIA AMIGO ALCANTARA	7,700
8	EDGAR M. ALFEREZ	25,000
9	MINERVA R. ALIAZON	4,400
10	HANNAH JALECO ALLANIGUE	6,600
11	DONATO ALMEDA	1
12	RODERICK ALAIN ALVAREZ	10,000
13	ANABELLE C. ALVARO	500
14	MA. WINNINAH S. ANCHETA	5,500
15	BANING P. ANG	2,000
16	BANING P. ANG	2,000
17	MA. LUISA AQUINO	1,000
18	ROMMEL C. AQUINO	1,100
19	EVELYN ARCENAL	11,000
20	RAMONCITO ARCEO	30,000
21	CARLO ARCHES	2,200
22	GENEROSA A. ARENAS	5,500
23	MA. THERESA L. ARGUELLES	110
24	ARIEL M. CONCEJERO &/OR MA. CONSUELO G. CONCEJERO	11,000
25	ARSENIO L. LIM &/OR RUBY O. LIM	10,000
26	ARTHUR H. OSMENA &/OR JANE Y. OSMENA	330,000
27	OWEN NATHANIEL AU	200
28	RAYMOND AZCARATE	1,000
29	GERALDINE BAD-AY	1,100
30	CARINA H. BALONES	10,000
31	DAXIM-REY L. BANAGUDOS	11,000
32	MA. ROSARIO T. BARRETTO	2,200
33	BARTHOLOMEW DY BUNCIO YOUNG	10,000
34	ARSENIO BARTOLOME, III	1
35	EDUVEGES O. BATALAN	2,000
36	AIDA BELLESTEROS	2,200
37	ALDA DELEZALOS	500
38	BENJAMIN MOMBAY &/OR ELYSIA DELA LLANA	2,200
39	VIVIEN BILBAO	1,100
40	RAMON JAIME VILA BIROSEL	17,600
41	GARRY BOOC	10,000
42		3,300
43	JUN M. BORRES ERLITA BUGAOAN	200
44	EXUPERTO P. CABATANA	6,600
45	EXUPERTU P. CABATANA BONIFACIO M. CABATIT	2,000
46	BUNIFACIU M. CABATII LUZVIMINDA E CABIBIJAN	1,100
47	LUZYIMINDA E CASIBIJAN LORENA R. CABUGAWAN	333
48		55,000
46 49	PRIMITIVO C. CAL FE CALDERON	200
50		3,300
50 51	ELEANOR P. CALIMAG	6,600
31	CLEOFE D.V. CANETE	0,000

#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
52	ADELAIDA ZITA R. CARLOS	4,400
53	CARMENCITA MIRANDA &/OR DONNA DEL ROSARIO	5,500
54	JENNIFER CASAS	1,100
55	JOHN PETER CHICK B. CASTELO	1,100
56	CATHAY SEC. CO., INC. A/C# 1684	1,100
57	CATHAY SEC. CO., INC. A/C# 1030	100,000
58	RAY CELIS	2,200
59	CLARO CENIZA	2,200
60	AMELIA CERVANTES	2,200
61 62	ELVIN CHAN	16,500 55,000
63	VICKY L. CHAN CHARTERED COMMODITIES CORPORATION	294.999
64	CHEAR TUCK	11,000
65	CHESA HOLDINGS, INC.	100,000
66	CARLOS CHING	500
67	CHIOTI HSU	22,000
68	FRANCIS S. CHOA	20,000
69	DEWEY CHOACHUY, JR	111,300
70	CHONG PENG YNG	100,000
71	WILLIAM N. CHUA CO KIONG	7,700
72	BELINDA CHUA	5,500
73	JULIE YAP CHUA	1,000
74	LUIS W. CHUA	5,500
75	YAN TO A. CHUA	132,000
76	MA. REGINA CLIMACO	5,500
77	BEDY DU CO	1,100
78	NELIA CO	20,000
79	ALFREDO COLLADO	900
80	KATHLEEN COPON	16,500
81	ROGER CORRO	2,300
82	FRANKLIN M. COSTALES	10,000
83	BENSON COYUCO	605,000
84	CARMELITA P. CRUEL	8,800
85	ARISTEO R. CRUZ	1,000
86 87	FELIPE A CRUZ, JR.	1,100,000 55,000
88	MA. TERESA P. CRUZ MARIA CONCEPCION CRUZ	876,000
89	MARIA CONCEPCION CNUZ RODOLFO L. CRUZ	100
90	ANITA T. DAVID	11,000
91	ANGELES MORALES DE LEON	4,400
92	ROLANDO D. DE LEON	66,000
93	ROY A. DE LOS REYES	11,000
94	TERESITA I. DE LOS SANTOS	5,500
95	AUGURIO P. DE VERA	2,000
96	CYNTHIA ROXAS DEL CASTILLO	1,100
97	ELMER DELA CRUZ	2,200
98	JOSEFINA DINSAY	16,500
99	PEDRO DOMINGO	12,100
100	NARISA BERLIN R. DURAN	2,200
101	CAROLINE DY	1,100
102	MANUEL DY	11,000

#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
103	Name 	200,000
103		40.000
	EAST ASIA OIL & MINING COMPANY, INC.	
105	EBC SECURITIES CORPORATION	48,400 11,000
106	EDGARDO YAMBAO &/OR MARIA ISABEL YAMBAO	
107	EDILBERTO &/OR ROSITA TANYU &/OR WELLINGTON HO VELASCO	55,000
108	EDNA T. ROGANDO &/OR ESTER T. JUCO	2,200
109	LUCENA B. ENRIQUEZ	552,000
110	LEONARDO ERMITA	2,200
111	MA. ISABEL H. ERMITA	8,800
112	ervert avanzado &/or liazle avanzado	2,000
113	ERIBERTO E. ESTEBAN	5,500
114	FATIMA A. FARRALES	8,800
115	ARISTEO O. FERAREN, JR	17,600
116	ERIC FILAMOR	1
117	FLORENTINO A. GONZALEZ, JR. &/OR LOURDJEAN T. GONZALEZ	2,200
118	FORUM HOLDINGS CORPORATION	20,626,000
119	RENATO C. FRANCISCO	100
120	MA. ROSARIO FRANCO	3,300
121	FREYSSINET PHILIPPINES, INC.	770,000
122	JOCELYN FULACHE	6,600
123	G & L SECURITIES CO., INC.	10,000
124	GRACE M. GALANG	1,100
125	EUGENE GALICIA	3,300
126	MA. LEYLANI V. GAMBOA	2,500
127	ROGELIO GANZON	2,500
128	IMELDA GAPASIN	100
129	MARIA A. GARCIA	8,000
130	GRACIANO AUDWIN T. GARZON	5,000
131	DEE HUA T. GATCHALIAN	350,000
132	KENNETH T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,100
133	REXLON GATCHALIAN	14,740,000
134	REXLON T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,000
135	WESLIE T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,000
136	GUILLERMO F. GILI, JR	20,000
137	MARVIN J. GIROUARD	330,000
138	ANA L. GO	300,000
139	DOMINGO C GO	275,000
140	RUBY PING GO	20,000
141	EDMUNDO Z. GREGORIO	2,000
142	PATRICK C. GREGORIO	1
143	ARTURO GUANZON	33,000
144	MARLENE S. GUEVARA	11,000
145	GUIDO VILLANUEVA &/OR AMELIA VILLANUEVA	1,000
146	GUILD SECURITIES, INC.	1,100
147	GLORIA GUINTU	2,000
148	ROZANA C. GUTIERREZ	6,600
149	SARAH SAN JOSE HAIN	3,300
150	JOSEPH EDWARD HANNEN	2,200
151	JOSEPH EUWARD HANNEN HANSON G. SO &/OR LARCY MARICHI Y. SO	100,000
152	HANSON G. 50 KYON LAKET MARICHI T. 50 BRENDA SOLIDUM HERNANDEZ	3,300
153	BRENDA SOLIDOM HERNANDEZ LILY S. HO	36,300
1,,	LILI J. NO	30,300

#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

154	Count	Name	Holdings
156 HUNG CHUER FET 11,000 157 ILE CHIMENZ SEC, INC. A/C DPA-003 159 LIE CHIMENZ SEC, INC. A/C DPA-003 150 LICTLA D. ICBAN 12,000 151 LICTLA D. ICBAN 12,000 152 LICTLA D. ICBAN 12,000 153 LICTLA D. ICBAN 12,000 154 LICTLA D. ICBAN 12,000 155 LICTLA D. ICBAN 12,000 156 LICTLA D. ICBAN 13,000 151 JOSE RENE TURRALDE 2,000 152 JALOUS 33,000 153 JALOUS 33,000 154 JALOUS 33,000 155 LICTLA D. ICBAN 14,000 156 LICTLA D. ICBAN 14,000 157 LICTLA D. ICBAN 15,000 158 JALOUS 4,000 159 JALOUS 4,000 150 JALOUS 4,000 150 JALOUS 4,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 JALOUS 5,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 156 JALOUS 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 158 JALOUS 5,000 159 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS 5,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 JALOUS 5,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 156 JALOUS 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 158 JALOUS 5,000 159 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS 5,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 LESLE A. LAVA 6,000 158 RODGELTO G. KWAN 5,000 159 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS 5,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 LESLE A. LAVA 6,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 156 RODGELTO G. KWAN 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 158 RODGELTO G. KWAN 5,000 159 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS 5,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 LESLE A. LAVA 6,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 156 JALOUS 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 158 VALTE LIE LE 150 JALOUS 5,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 JALOUS 5,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 156 JALOUS 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 158 JALOUS 5,000 159 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS 5,000 151 JALOUS 5,000 152 JALOUS 5,000 153 JALOUS 5,000 154 JALOUS 5,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 155 JALOUS 5,000 156 JALOUS 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 157 JALOUS 5,000 158 JALOUS 5,000 159 JALOUS 5,000 150 JALOUS	154	LILIAN HONG	34,000
157 I.B. GIMENEZ SEC., INC. A/C DPA-003 158 ROYC CECIL D. IBAY 11,000 159 ROYC CECIL D. IBAY 11,000 160 INTERNATIONAL POLYMER CORPORATION 161 JAY JACOBS 162 JAY JACOBS 163 JAMES O. NG FOR ELSIE Y. NG 163 JAMES O. NG FOR ELSIE Y. NG 164 JORGE PLO STORE OF PLOTTED OF PACTED OF		HSBC SECURITIES (PHILIPPINES), INC.	
158		HUNG CHUEN FEI	11,000
159   LUCILA D. ICBAN   2,200     160   INTERNATIONAL POLYMER CORPORATION   33,000     161   JOSE MERRE TTURRALDE   32,000     162   JOSE MERRE TTURRALDE   39,000     163   JOSE JOSE MERS O'N BESTEY N. NG   10,000     164   ERIC JAO   16,500     165   JOSE O'N BESTEY SARNZ &/OR AURORA E.   3,300     166   JORGE P. LONTOC OR PACITIA L. LONTOC   3,000     167   JOSE O'N BESTEY SARNZ &/OR AURORA E.   3,000     168   AUBELIO P. NG CHICHTAY TAY   30,000     169   AUBELIO P. NG CHICHTAY TAY   30,000     169   AUBELIO P. NG CHICHTAY TAY   30,000     169   RAPHAEL T. JUAN   7,700     170   KATHERINE LIN &/OR MARSHA LIM   7,700     171   KENSTHAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION   11,000     172   KENSTHAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION   11,000     173   JOHN OKHE BIT PHILES, INC. GOID   11,000     174   CONSUELO DY KHU   11,000     175   CARBELITA KONG KIAT   11,000     176   MUIL SIN KOH-SEAH   11,000     177   CONSUELO C. KON   5,000     180   ROGELTO G. KWAN   5,500     181   L. M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500     182   L. M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500     183   L. M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500     184   LESLIE A. LAVA   6,600     185   RODOLED B. LEDESMA   30,000     186   RODOLED B. LEDESMA   30,000     187   ROTICARD P. LAZARO   5,500     188   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     189   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     189   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     180   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     181   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     182   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     183   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     184   LESLIE A. LAVA   6,600     185   RODOLED B. LEDESMA   5,500     186   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     187   CONTRACT AND SET B. LIM   5,000     188   RODOLED B. LEDESMA   5,500     189   LEONG JEE VAN   5,500     180   RODOLED B. LEDESMA   5,50	157	I.B. GIMENEZ SEC., INC. A/C DPA-003	2,000
160   INTERNATIONAL POLYMER CORPORATION   33,000   161   305   Rene TURNALDE   200   162   305   Rene TURNALDE   300   161   301   300		ROYC CECIL D. IBAY	
160   INTERNATIONAL POLYMER CORPORATION   33,000   161   300   3	159	LUCILA D. ICBAN	2,200
161   JOSE RENE TTURRALDE   200     162   JAMY JACOBS   39,600     163   JAMES O. NG &/OR ELSTEY. NG	160	INTERNATIONAL POLYMER CORPORATION	33,000
162	161		
163   JAMES O. NG &/OR ELSTE Y. NG			39.600
164 ERIC JAO 165 JESUS ROBERTO SAENZ &/OR AURORA E. 166 JORGE P. LONTOC OR PACTIA L. LONTOC 167 JORGE P. LONTOC OR PACTIA L. LONTOC 168 JORGE P. LONTOC OR PACTIA L. LONTOC 169 LOSE YAP &/OR CONCHITA YAP 130,000 169 RAPHAEL T. JUAN 17,700 170 RATHERINE LIM &/OR MARSHA LIM 17,700 171 KENSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION 171 KENSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION 172 KERNY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INCGJO1 173 JIM HO KHE BIN 174 CARNELITA KONG KLAT 175 JIM HO KHE BIN 176 PHILLIP KIONG 177 ROBERT KLING 177 ROBERT KLING 178 MUI SIN KOH-SEAH 179 CONSUELO C. KON 179 CONSUELO C. KON 180 ROGELIO C. KWAN 181 ROGELIO C. KWAN 182 ROGELIO C. KWAN 183 ROGELIO C. KWAN 184 LESLIE A. LAVA 185 RICARDO P. LAZARO 185 RICARDO P. LAZARO 186 RICARDO P. LAZARO 187 RICARDO P. LAZARO 188 RICARDO P. LAZARO 189 RICARDO P. LAZARO 190 RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO 191 LIM TAY 192 LEDNG JEE VAN 193 CONCURS C. LEE 194 LEONG JEE VAN 195 CONCURS C. LEE 195 CONCURS C. LEE 195 CONCURS C. LEE 196 CONCURS C. LEE 197 CONCURS C. LEE 197 CONCURS C. LEE 197 CONCURS C. LEE 198 CONCURS C. LEE 199 RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO 190 RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO 191 LIM TAY 190 CONCURS C. LEE 197 CONCURS C. LEE 198 CONCURS C. LEE 199 RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO 190 RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO 191 LIM TAY 190 CONCURS C. LEE 190 JEETO Y. LIM 190 CONCURS C. LEE 190 JAVETER A. LIM 190 CONCURS C. LEE 190		JAMES O. NG &/OR ELSIE Y. NG	
1551   1551   1561			
166   JORGE P. LONTOC OR PACITA L. LONTOC   4,000   167   JOSE YAP & ORO CONCHITA YAP   330,000   168   AURELID P. JR   13,200   169   RAPHAEL T. JUAN   7,700   170   KATHERIBE LIM & OR MARSHA LIM   11,000   171   KENSTAR ZIDUSTREIA CORPORATION   11,000   172   KENSTAR ZIDUSTREIA CORPORATION   11,000   173   JIM HO KHE BIN   20,000   174   CONSULED DY KHU   11,000   175   CARMELITA KONG KIAT   16,500   176   PHILIP KIONG   11,000   177   ROBERT KLING   39,600   178   MUI SIN KOH-SEAH   4,400   179   CONSULED C. KON   5,500   180   KOSELID G. KNOSS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500   181   ALEXANDEIA M. LACSON   5,500   182   ALEXANDEIA M. LACSON   5,500   183   ALEXANDEIA M. LACSON   5,500   184   LESLIE A. LAVA   6,600   185   RICARDO P. LAZARO   11,000   186   RODOLFO B. LEDESMA   30,000   187   ALEXANDEIA C. LEE   27,500   188   VYETTE LEE   27,500   189   LEONG JEE VAN   150,000   189   LEONG JEE VAN   150,000   190   CARREL LIM   100,000   191   CARREL LIM   100,000   192   EBTO Y. LIM   100,000   193   CARREL LIM   100,000   194   CELY S. LIM   100,000   197   JAY DEXTER A. LIM   100,000   198   OLICH NO LIM   150,000   199   CARREL LIM   100,000   190   CARREL LIM   100,000   191   CARREL LIM   100,000   192   BEDGO Y. LIM   100,000   193   CARREL LIM   100,000   194   CELY S. LIM   100,000   195   EMILY LIM   100,000   196   GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM   100,000   197   JAY DEXTER A. LIM   100,000   198   OLICH NO LIM   150,000   199   CELY S. LIM   100,000   190   CELY S. LIM   100,000   191   CELY S. LIM   100,000   192   CELY S. LIM   100,000   193   CARREL LIM   100,000   194   CELY S. LIM   100,000   195   EMILY LIM   100,000   196   GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM   100,000   197   JAY DEXTER A. LIM   100,000   198   OLONDO M. LIM   1,102   200   JAVINITA LIMENTSKEN   600			3 300
167   JOSE YAP &/OR CONCHITA YAP   330,000     168   ARRELIO P. JUR   13,200     169   RAPHAEL T. JUR   7,700     170   KATHERINE J. JUR   7,700     171   KATHERINE J. JUR   7,700     172   KERRY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INCGJO1   11,000     173   JIM HO KHE BIN   20,000     174   CONSUELO DY KHU   11,000     175   CARMELITA KONG KIAT   16,500     176   PHILIP KIONG   11,000     177   ROBERT KLING   11,000     178   ROBERT KLING   11,000     179   CONSUELO DY KHU   1,000     170   ROBERT KLING   11,000     170   ROBERT KLING   11,000     171   ROBERT KLING   11,000     181   L.M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500     182   LOLITA LABACLADO   5,500     183   ALEXANDRIA M. LACSON   5,500     184   LESLIE A. LAZSON   5,500     185   RODRAND P. LAZSON   1,000     186   RODRAND P. LAZSON   1,000     187   RODRAND P. LAZSON   1,000     188   RODRAND P. LAZSON   1,000     189   LEONG JEE VAN   2,000     180   ROBRAND RICH LIM   1,000     181   LEONG JEE VAN   1,000     181   LEONG JEE VAN   1,000     181   LEONG JEE VAN   1,000     191   LIM TAY   5,000     191   LIM TAY   1,000     193   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   1,000     194   SCILY S. LIM   1,000     195   EMILY LIM   1,000     196   GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM   1,000     197   JAY DEYFER A. LIM   5,000     198   KIRRY YU LIM   5,000     199   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     190   RICHARD M. LIM   1,000     191   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     192   ROLENG CARL ELIM   1,000     193   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     194   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     195   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     197   JAY DEYFER A. LIM   1,000     198   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     190   ROLENG CARCEL LIM   1,000     190   ROLENG CARCEL LIM   1,000     191   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     192   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     193   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     194   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     195   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     196   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     197   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     198   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     199   KIRRY YU LIM   1,000     190			
AURELIO P. JR   13,200   169   84PHAELT T. JUAN   7,700   7,			330,000
169   RAPHAEL T. JUAN   7,700     170   KATHERINE LIM & Ø/OR MARSHA LIM   11,000     171   KENTSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION   110,000     172   KERNY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INCGJO1   4,400     173   JIM HO KHE BIN   20,000     174   CONSULLO DY KHU   11,000     175   CARNELITA KONG KIAT   16,500     176   CARNELITA KONG KIAT   16,500     177   CARNELITA KONG KIAT   16,500     178   MUI SIN KOH-SEAH   4,400     179   CONSULLO C. KON   5,500     180   ROGELT K.ING   622     181   L.M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500     183   ALEXANDRIA M. LACSON   5,500     184   LESLIE A. LAVA   6,600     185   RICARDO P. LAZARO   10,000     186   RODOLFO B. LEDESMA   30,000     187   ARCADOLFO B. LEDESMA   30,000     188   KONTOLFO B. LEDESMA   5,500     189   LEONIS JEE VAN   5,500     190   LETTICE C. LEE   20,000     191   LIM TAY   55,000     192   BETO Y. LIM   10,000     193   CARRIE LIM   100,000     194   CELY S. LIM   10,000     195   EMILY LIM   10,000     196   CARRIEL LIM   10,000     197   JAY DENTER A. LIM   10,000     198   CARRIEL LIM   10,000     199   SAY DENTER A. LIM   10,000     190   CARRIEL LIM   10,000     191   CELY S. LIM   10,000     192   DENTER A. LIM   10,000     195   EMILY LIM   10,000     196   GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM   10,000     197   JAY DENTER A. LIM   10,000     198   CARRIEL LIM   10,000     199   JAY DENTER A. LIM   10,000     190   MONINA GRACE S. LIM   11,200     200   MONINA GRACE S. LIM   1,142,500     201   AUANTIAL LIMICHAYSENG   600     202   TOLANDO M. LIM   1,142,500     203   JANITAL LIMICHAYSENG   600			
170   KATHERNE LIM & OR MARSHA LIM   11,000     171   KENSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION   110,000     172   KENSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION   110,000     173   JIM HO KHE BIN   20,000     174   CONSUELO DY KHU   11,000     175   CARMELITA KONG KIAT   16,500     176   PHILIP KTONG   11,000     177   PRILIP KTONG   11,000     178   ORBERT KLIMS SEAH   4,400     179   ROBERT KLIMS SEAH   4,400     180   ROBERT KLIMS SEAH   4,400     180   ROGELIO G. KON   5,500     181   CARRELITA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   5,500     182   LOLITA LABACLADO   5,500     183   ALEXANDRIA M. LACSON   5,500     184   LESILE A. LAVA   5,600     185   RICARDO P. LAZARO   11,000     186   RODOLFO B. LEDESMA   30,000     187   ALEXANDER C. LEE   20,000     188   VETTE LEE   27,500     189   LEONG JEE VAN   55,000     180   ALEXANDER C. LEE   27,500     181   LEEN SEAH   30,000     182   CARREL LIM   30,000     183   CARREL LIM   30,000     184   LEONG JEE VAN   55,000     185   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   200     186   RODOLFO B. LEDESMA   35,000     187   ALEXANDER C. LEE   20,000     188   VETTE LEE   20,000     190   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   200     191   LIM TAY   55,000     192   BEFO Y. LIM   10,000     193   CARREL LIM   100,000     194   CARREL LIM   100,000     195   CARREL LIM   100,000     196   CARREL LIM   100,000     197   CARREL LIM   50,000     198   JOCELY S. LIM   12,200     199   KIRBY YU LIM   5,500     190   ROLINAND M. LIM   5,500     200   MONINAN GRACE S. LIM   1,142,500     201   REBECCA TAN LIM   1,142,500     202   ROLANDO M. LIM   1,142,500     203   JUANITAL LIMICHAYSENG   600			7,700
171   KENSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION   110,000   172   173   174   174   175			11 000
172   KERYY SECURITIES (PHILS.), INCGJ01			
173			
174			
175   CARMELITA KONG KIAT   16,500   176   177   170   170   177   170   177   170   177   170   177   170   177   170   177   170   177   170   177   170			
176			11,000
177   ROBERT KLING   39,600   178   MUI SIN KOH-SEAH   4,400   179   CONSUELO C. KON   5,500   622   181   C.M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   55,000   182   C.M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160   55,000   183   ALEXANDRIA M. LACSON   5,500   184   L.SLIE A. LAVA   6,600   185   RICARDO P. LAZARO   5,500   186   RICARDO P. LAZARO   11,000   186   RODOLFO B. LEDESMA   30,000   187   ALEXANDRIC C. LEE   27,500   188   YVETTE LEE   27,500   189   LEONG JEE VAN   55,000   190   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   20,000   191   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   20,000   192   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   20,000   193   CARRIE LIM   100,000   194   CELY S. LIM   100,000   195   CARRIE LIM   100,000   196   GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM   100,000   197   AV DEXTER A. LIM   10,000   198   JOCELYN O. LIM   10,000   199   KIRBY YU LIM   10,000   197   RICHARD ANTHONY S. LIM   10,000   198   JOCELYN O. LIM   10,000   197   JAY DEXTER A. LIM   10,000   198   JOCELYN O. LIM   2,200   199   KIRBY YU LIM   2,200   190   KIRBY YU LIM   13,200   1,142,500   100   100   1,142,500   10			
178			
179			39,600
180			
181			
182			
183       ALEXANDRIA M. LACSON       5,500         184       LESLIE A. LAVA       6,600         185       RICARDO P. LAZARO       11,000         186       RODOLFO B. LEDESMA       30,000         187       ALEXANDER C. LEE       20,000         188       YVETTE LEE       20,000         189       RICHARD STHONY Y. LIBORO       55,000         190       RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO       55,000         191       LIM TAY       150,000         192       BETO Y. LIM       100,000         193       CARRIE LIM       100,000         194       CELY S. LIM       100,000         195       EMILY LIM       500,000         196       GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM       10,000         197       JAY DEXTER A. LIM       16,200         198       JOCELYN O. LIM       55,000         199       KIRBY YU LIM       55,000         200       MONINA GRACE S. LIM       13,200         201       REBECCA TAN LIM       1,100         202       ROLANDO M. LIM       1,100         203       JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG       600		L.M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160	
184       LESLIE A. LAVA         185       RICARDO P. LAZARO         186       RODOLFO B. LEDESMA         187       ALEXANDER C. LEE         188       YVETTE LEE         189       LEONG JEE VAN         190       RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO         191       LIM TAY         192       BETO Y. LIM         193       CARRIE LIM         194       CELY S. LIM         195       EMILY LIM         196       GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM         197       JAY DEXTER A. LIM         198       JOCELYN O. LIM         199       KIRBY YU LIM         200       193         199       KIRBY YU LIM         200       193         200       194         219       KIRBY YU LIM         200       195         201       REBECCA TAN LIM         202       ROLANDAM M. LIM         203       JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG		LOLITA LABACLADO	5,500
185		ALEXANDRIA M. LACSON	5,500
186   RODOLFO B. LEDESMA   30,000   187   ALEXANDER C. LEE   20,000   188   YVETTE LEE   27,500   189   LEONG JEE VAN   55,000   190   RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO   200   191   LIM TAY   55,000   192   BETO Y. LIM   150,000   193   CARRIE LIM   100,000   194   CELY S. LIM   100,000   194   CELY S. LIM   100,000   195   EMILY LIM   500,000   196   GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM   500,000   197   JAY DEXTER A. LIM   10,000   198   JOCELYN O. LIM   16,200   198   JOCELYN O. LIM   2,200   199   KIRBY YU LIM   55,000   190   KIRBY STARE S. LIM   1,100   1,142,500		LESLIE A. LAVA	
186       RODOLFO B. LEDESMA         187       ALEXANDER C. LEE         188       YVETTE LEE         189       LEONG JEE VAN         189       LEONG JEE VAN         190       RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO         191       LIM TAY         192       BETO Y. LIM         193       CARRIE LIM         194       CELY S. LIM         195       EMILY LIM         196       GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM         197       JAY DEXTER A. LIM         198       JOCELYN O. LIM         199       KIRBY YU LIM         200       MONINA GRACE S. LIM         201       REBECCA TAN LIM         202       ROLANDO M. LIM         203       JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG	185	RICARDO P. LAZARO	11,000
187	186		
188       YVETTE LEE       27,500         189       LEONG JEE VAN       55,000         190       RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO       200         191       LIM TAY       55,000         192       BETO Y. LIM       150,000         193       CARRIE LIM       100,000         194       CELY S. LIM       112,200         195       EMILY LIM       500,000         196       GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM       10,000         197       JAY DEXTER A. LIM       10,000         198       JOCELYN O. LIM       2,200         199       KIRBY YU LIM       2,200         199       KIRBY YU LIM       55,000         200       MONINA GRACE S. LIM       13,200         201       REBECCA TAN LIM       1,100         202       ROLANDO M. LIM       1,142,500         203       JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG       600			
189       LEONG JEE VAN       55,000         190       RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO       200         191       LIM TAY       55,000         192       BETO Y. LIM       150,000         193       CARRIE LIM       100,000         194       CELY S. LIM       112,200         195       EMILY LIM       10,000         196       GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM       10,000         197       JAY DEXTER A. LIM       2,200         198       JOCELYN O. LIM       2,200         199       KIRBY YU LIM       55,000         200       MONINA GRACE S. LIM       13,200         201       REBECCA TAN LIM       1,100         202       ROLANDO M. LIM       1,100         203       JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG       600	188		
190 RICHARD ANTHONY Y. LIBORO 191 LIM TAY 55,000 192 BETO Y. LIM 150,000 193 CARRIE LIM 100,000 194 CELY S. LIM 112,200 195 EMILY LIM 500,000 196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 10,000 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 10,000 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 2,200 199 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 21,200 220 ROLANDO M. LIM 11,200 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 11,200 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 11,100 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG			55,000
191 LIM TAY 192 BETO Y. LIM 193 CARRIE LIM 194 CELY S. LIM 195 EMILY LIM 196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 199 KIRBY YU LIM 190 KIRBY YU LIM 190 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 204 GOO			
192 BETO Y. LIM 193 CARRIE LIM 100,000 194 CELY S. LIM 112,200 195 EMILY LIM 500,000 196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 10,000 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 16,200 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 20 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 21,200 21 REBECCA TAN LIM 22 ROLANDO M. LIM 31,200 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 31,200 31 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600			
193 CARRIE LIM 100,000 194 CELY S. LIM 112,200 195 EMILY LIM 500,000 196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 10,000 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 16,200 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 2,200 199 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 13,200 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 1,100 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 1,100 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600			
194 CELY S. LIM 112,200 195 EMILY LIM 500,000 196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 10,000 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 16,200 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 2,200 199 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 55,000 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 1,100 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 1,142,500 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600	193		100,000
195 EMILY LIM 500,000 196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 10,000 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 16,200 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 2,200 199 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 13,200 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 1,100 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 1,142,500 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600			
196 GIOVANNI JOSEF B. LIM 197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 16,200 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 2,200 199 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 10,000 101 REBECCA TAN LIM 1,100 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 10,000 101,000 101,000 101,142,500 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000			
197 JAY DEXTER A. LIM 198 JOCELYN O. LIM 2,200 199 KIRBY YU LIM 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 11,142,500 600			10,000
198			
199 KIRBY YU LIM 55,000 200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 13,200 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 1,100 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 1,142,500 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600			2 200
200 MONINA GRACE S. LIM 201 REBECCA TAN LIM 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 13,200 1,100 1,100 1,142,500 600			
201 REBECCA TAN LIM 1,100 202 ROLANDO M. LIM 1,142,500 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600			
202 ROLANDO M. LIM 1,142,500 203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG 600			
203 JUANITA LIMCHAYSENG	20I		
ZU4 ROMEO S. LINDAIN 1,100			
	204	KUMEU S. LINDAIN	1,100

#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
205	LIPPO SECURITIES, INC. FAO: SHEN KUO HSU	8,000
206	LIPPO SECURITIES, INC.	56,500
207	KAROLYN LIU	5,500
208	ARMANDO S. LLARINAS	1,100
209	CHRISTOPHER D. LO	3,300
210	ADRIAN LONG	39,600
211	ARTHUR LOPEZ	1
212	JUAN ANTONIO LOPEZ	3,300
213	JOSEFA T. LUA	11,000
214	MAXIMO V. LUCAS	8,800
215	MALA JEAN A. LUGA	16,500
216	VILMA LUMANOG	2,200
217	LUKE MACABABBAD	3,300
218	MARIO T. MACADAEG	300
219	RENATO B. MAGADIA	200
220	RENO I. MAGADIA	10,000
221	MILAGROS ONG MAGAT	1,000
222	BENJAMIN G. MAGBANUA	$\frac{1}{16}, \frac{100}{100}$
223	GRACE MAGNAYE	16,500
224	GRACE MAGNAYE	5,500
225	LEVI Q. MAGNAYE	2,200
226	MA. YOLANDA MALLARI	30,000
227	MELVIN M. MANALO	2,200
228 229	EMILIA MANANON	1,100
	MANUEL H. OSMENA &/OR GRELINA L. OSMENA	100,000
230	MANUEL H. OSMENA &/OR MANUEL L. OSMENA II	1,400,000 2,700
231 232	JESUS B. MARAMARA	2,700 5,000
232	MA. MADONNA M. MEDENILLA	100
234	RUBEN MEDRANO CATALINA ROXAS MELENDRES	6,246,000
235	ROCHELLE V. MENDOZA	200
236	ELIZABETH MERCADO	11,000
237	LAMBERTO B. MERCADO, JR	100
238	MERIDIAN SEC., INC. A/C# 844	200,000
239	METRO ALLIANCE HOLDINGS & EQUITIES, INC.	14,370,000
240	MANUEL S. MILAN	4,400
241	MIZPAH HOLDINGS, INC.	100,000
242	ALBERTO MOGUEL	1,200
243	CONSUELO A. MOPAS	22,000
244	MUI SIN KOH-SEAH &/OR DENNIS CHEE CHIANG SEAH	3,300
245	CRISTINO NAGUIAT, JR.	181,500
246	NG GHIM HWA	4,000
247	LAWRENCE C. NG	10,000
248	BELINDA NGO	5,500
249	NATIVIDAD C. NGUI	4,400
250	VIDA MARIE E. NISPEROS	1,100
251	NOBLE ARCH REALTY AND CONSTRUCTION CORP.	10,000
252	MARCELO S. NUGUID	22,000
253	CARMELO OBCEMEA	10,000
254	TERESITO P. OCAMPO	2,000
255	VENUS DE OCAMPO	20,000
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#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
256	OCBC SECURITIES PHILS., INC.	40,000
257	OMAR C. POLINTAN &/OR MELITA POLINTAN	1,100
258	ONG YU LING	27,500
259	CARMEN ONG	11,000
260	JIMMY G. ONG	4,400
261	STEVEN M. ONG	6,600
262	VICKY ONG	22,000
263	JUANA ONGKA	5,500
264	REMEDIOS S. ORBETA	14,300
265	ORION-SQUIRE CAPITAL, INC 0267	200
266	VIRGIE R. ORTEGA	5,500
267	SERGIO R. ORTIZ-LUIS, JR	110
268	CONSUELO G. OSI	2,200
269	DAVID LAO OSMENA	314,600
270	DAVID LAO OSMENA	275,000
271	GLADYS MAY L. OSMENA	39,600
272	HARVEY OSMENA	11,000
273	MANUEL L. OSMENA, II	39,600
274	MANILYNN L. OSMENA	39,600
275	MEGHANN GAIL L. OSMENA	39,600
276	ANTONIO MAPUA OSTREA	5,500
277	VENUS PACIA	11,000
278	PACIFIC CONCORDE CORPORATION	100,000
279	PACIFIC IMAGES, INC.	100,000
280	PACIFIC REHOUSE CORPORATION	100,000
281	PACIFIC WIDE REALTY DEVELOPMENT CORP.	100,000
282	MA. TERESITA M. PALO	4,400
283	GAUDENCIO H. PANALIGAN	11,000
284	VICENTE LIM PANG	1,000
285	PANTALEON NIEVA &/OR ANGELITA NIEVA	3,300
286	ROSE LUZELLE PAPA	200
287	LYDIA C. PASCUA	1,100
288	SANDRA E. PASCUAL	50,000
289	CIRILO E. PASUCAL	11,000
290	PATRICIA MIADO &/OR MARIO ANGEL MIADO	3,300
291 292	PCD NOMINEE CORP. (FILIPINO) PCD NOMINEE CORP. (NON-FILIPINO)	1,138,728,573 41,904,301
292		11,000
293	MA. THERESA C. PE	1.100
294	ARACELI P. PENAS PAUL PESTANO	3,300
296	PHILIP NG CLARIN & EVELYN NG LEE	22,000
297		150,000
298	PIERCE INTERLINK SECURITIES, INC. ELENETTE C. PINGUL	3,300
299	MABEL POBLETE	1,100
300	ARTHUR R. PONSARAN	110
301	AMANDO J. PONSARAN, JR	16,500
302	PORFIRIO G. MACARAEG &/OR MICHAEL MACARAEG	1,100
303	CHARLES M. PRATT	5,500
304	IMELDA M. PRECION	5,000
305	PRIMARY STRUCTURES CORPORATION	16,212,500
306	PUBLIC SEC. CORP.	800

#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
307	DEREK PUERTOLLANO	5,500
308	WINSTON P. PUNZALAN	1,500
309	QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORP.	22,000
310	JAIME R. QUIJANO	3,300
311	MAHALIA C. QUINONES	5,000
312	NERISSA C. QUINTANA	11,000
313	RICARDA B. QUIROS	22,000
314	R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.	11,000
315	MELITA G. RAGAS	2,200
316	RCBC T/A# 33-398-0	300
317	regina capital devt., corp. a/c#1845	20,000
318	JOHN PATRICK REGNER	2,200
319	BEVERLY G. REJANTE	1,100
320	RENATO C. ALARCON &/OR VIRGINIA M. ALARCON	5,500
321	RENATO C. GENDRANO &/OR GENDRANO BERNADETTE	55,000
322	REXLON INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION	17,000
323	DAISY S.A REYES	1,100
324	FIDELINA B. REYES	1,000
325	JUANA M. REYES	7,700
326	DOMINADOR A. REYNO	500
327	ILDEFONSO REYNOSO, II	8,800
328	SALVADOR T. RIGOR, JR	7,700
329	CARLOS BENEDICT K. RIVILLA, IV	110
330	ROBERTO ABELLO &/OR MA. ANTONIA ABELLO	5,500
331	BING ROJO	6,700
332	ROLANDO I. LOMBOY &/OR MILAGROS R.LOMBOY	10,000
333	NORA ROSS	200
334	LETICIA ROXAS	1,100
335	RUBEN BALBASTRO &/OR ROSARIO TORRES	5,500
336 337	RODOLFO V. SAEZ	1,000
	ERNESTO R. SALAS, JR	22,000
338 339	DONNIE SALVADOR	600
	MA. TERESA T. SAN AGUSTIN	3,300
340 341	FRANCISCO C. SAN DIEGO	50,000 143,000
342	AURORA V. SAN JOSE EPIFANIA G. SANTOS	2,750
342	FLORENCIO SANTOS	2,730
344	FLORENCIO SANTOS, JR ROLANDO S. SANTOS, JR	2,000
345	SAPPHIRE SECURITIES, INC.	4,000
346	SEAFFRINE SECURITIES, INC. SEAFRONT RESOURCES CORP.	33,000
347	SEGUNDO SEANGIO &/OR VIRGINIA SEANGIO	297,000
348	SHAREHOLDERS' ASSOCIATION OF THE PHILIPPINES, INC.	1,000
349	PROSERFINA SIGUENZA	6,600
350	SILVER GREEN INVESTMENTS LTD.	230,000
351	SIMEON SAMSON &/OR CHARLIE RAVALO	5,000
352	GLENN ANTHONY O. SOCO	16,500
353	PABLO SON KENG PO	22,000
354	DELFIN R. SUPAPO, JR	27,500
355	LYDIA J. SY	55,000
356	MICHELLE T. SY	2,200
357	RONALD SY	600
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#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
358	LEOPOLDO SY-QUIA, JR	5,000
359	IBURI TADAFUMI	13,750
360	SEIICHIRO TAKAHASHI	11,000
361	TAN DAISY TIENG	46,500
362	TAN LIN LAY	30,000
363	CARLOS S. TAN	11,000
364	DOUGLAS TAN	1,100
365	EDWARD W. TAN	3,300
366	FATIMA L. TAN	1,100
367	LINDA TAN	5,500
368	MIRABEL TAN	1,100
369	RAYMOND G. TAN	1,100
370	ROSIE TAN	2,300
371	SUZETTE TAN	1,100
372	LOLITA TANSENGCO	1,100
372	STELLA TANSENGCO-SCHAPERO	1,200
373 374	MACARIO TE	1,200
375	REYNALDO NAVARRA TECECHIAN	1,000
375 376	TEE LING KIAT &/OR LEE LIN HO	200
370 377	FRUTO M. TEODORICO, JR	55,000
377 378	TERESITA GO &/OR SATURNINA GO	87.000
376 379	THE WELLEX GROUP, INC.	1,128,466,800
380		
	RUFINO B. TIANGCO	8,800
381	MERLINDO R. TINAPAY	2,200
382	ELVIRA A. TING	10,000,009
383	ROBERT C. TING	22,000
384	RUBY TING	2,200
385	RAMON A. TINIO	25,000
386	WILLIE TIO	159,500
387	IRMINIA A. TIPGOS	$\frac{1}{23},\frac{100}{200}$
388	LEONCIO TIU	33,000
389	LUISIANA DELOS SANTOS TONDO	1,100
390	RAYMOND TONG	23,300
391	RUBEN D. TORRES	1,000
392	TRITON_SECURITIES_CORPORATION	20,000
393	TOMAS F. TUASON, IV	110
394	ELIZABETH TUBALE	1,100
395	TYBALT INVESTMENT LTD.	10,000
396	ALVIN TAN UNJO	88,000
397	UY TIAK ENG	50,000
398	PHILIP L. UY	11,000
399	ROBERTO S. UY	5,500
400	ROBERTO L. UY	50,000
401	ZITA O. UY-TIOCO	2,200
402	AGAPITO R. VALENCIA	6,600
403	JESUS SAN LUIS VALENCIA	1,000
404	FEDELIZA R. VARGAS	1,100
405	SALUD VELORIA	6,600
406	ANTONIO VERZOSA	2,200
407	BENEDICTO V. VIARDO	2,200
408	MA. SALOME VILLASIS	1,000

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#### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED Stockholder MasterList As of 05/11/2022

Count	Name	Holdings
409	RIZA C. VILLEGAS	110
410	ROBERTO C. VILLEGAS	4,000
411	WANG YU HUEI	110,000
412	WATERFRONT NOMINEES SDN BHD A/C#6	107,800
413	WATERFRONT NOMINEES SDN BHD A/C#9	20,900
414	WEALTH SECURITIES, INC.	5,500
415	JOHN CRHISTOPHER D. WEIGEL	110,000
416	HELEN F. WILLIMANN	5,000
417	WILSON CHUA &/OR BECKY QUE CHUA	110,000
418	STEVE WOODWARD	39,600
419	LUZ YAMANE	38,500
420	JEFFERSON Y. YAO	11,000 1,100 8,800 19,800
421	YEOH_CHEAW_TAU	1,100
422	CHARISSA YLAYA	8,800
423	CATHERINE LAO YOUNG	19,800
424	GEORGE U. YOUNG, JR	82,500
425	YU PEK KIAN	11,000
426 427	YU SIOK HUI	22,000 4,000 10,000
427	CECILIA CO YU	4,000
428	JOHN BENEDICT O. YU	50,000
430	NEIL JOHN A. YU JOCELYN L. ZARATE	4,000
431	EUFEMIA ZULUAGA	7,700
431	EUFEMIA ZULUAGA	7,700
	Total Stockholders :	

# PSE Disclosure Form 17-12-A - List of Top 100 Stockholders (Common Shares) Reference: Section 17.12 of the Revised Disclosure Rules

# **Type of Securities** Common For the period ended December 31, 2021 **Description of the Disclosure** WPI PSE Disclosure List of Top 100 Stockholders **Number of Issued and Outstanding Common Shares** 2,498,991,753 Number of Treasury Common Shares, if any **Number of Outstanding Common Shares** 2,498,991,753 **Number of Listed Common Shares** 2,498,991,753 **Number of Lodged Common Shares** 1,180,625,174 **PCD Nominee – Filipino** 1,139,554,973 PCD Nominee – Non-Filipino 41,070,201 **Number of Certificated Common Shares** 1,318,366,579 Change from previous submission

# Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED List of Top 100 Stockholders As of 12/31/2021

Rank	Name	Holdings	Rank
1	PCD NOMINEE CORP. (FILIPINO)	1,139,554,973	45.60%
2	THE WELLEX GROUP, INC.	1,128,466,800	45.16%
3	PCD NOMINEE CORP. (NON-FILIPINO)	41,070,201	01.64%
4	KENNETH T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,100	01.20%
5	REXLON T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,000	01.20%
6	WESLIE T. GATCHALIAN	30,000,000	01.20%
7	FORUM HOLDINGS CORPORATION	20,626,000	00.83%
8	PRIMARY STRUCTURES CORPORATION	16,212,500	00.65%
9	REXLON GATCHALIAN	14,740,000	00.59%
10	METRO ALLIANCE HOLDINGS & EQUITIES, INC.	14,370,000	00.58%
11	ELVIRA A. TING	10,000,009	00.40%
12	CATALINA ROXAS MELENDRES	6,246,000	00.25%
13	MANUEL H. OSMENA &/OR MANUEL L. OSMENA II	1,400,000	00.06%
14	ROLANDO M. LIM	1,142,500	00.05%
15	FELIPE A CRUZ, JR.	1,100,000	00.04%
16	MARIA CONCEPCION CRUZ	876,000	00.04%
17	FREYSSINET PHILIPPINES, INC.	770,000	00.03%
18	BENSON COYUCO	605,000	00.02%
19	DAVID LAO OSMENA	589,600	00.02%
20	LUCENA B. ENRIQUEZ	552,000	00.02%
21	EMILY LIM	500,000	00.02%
22	DEE HUA T. GATCHALIAN	350,000	00.01%
23	ARTHUR H. OSMENA &/OR JANE Y. OSMENA	330,000	00.01%
24	JOSE YAP &/OR CONCHITA YAP	330,000	00.01%
25	MARVIN J. GIROUARD	330,000	00.01%
26	ANA L. GO	300,000	00.01%

# Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED List of Top 100 Stockholders As of 12/31/2021

Rank	Name	Holdings	Rank
27	SEGUNDO SEANGIO &/OR VIRGINIA SEANGIO	297,000	00.01%
28	CHARTERED COMMODITIES CORPORATION	294,999	00.01%
29	DOMINGO C GO	275,000	00.01%
30	SILVER GREEN INVESTMENTS LTD.	230,000	00.01%
31	MERIDIAN SEC., INC. A/C# 844	200,000	00.01%
32	GARY GO DYCHIAO	200,000	00.01%
33	CRISTINO NAGUIAT, JR.	181,500	00.01%
34	WILLIE TIO	159,500	00.01%
35	PIERCE INTERLINK SECURITIES, INC.	150,000	00.01%
36	BETO Y. LIM	150,000	00.01%
37	AURORA V. SAN JOSE	143,000	00.01%
38	YAN TO A. CHUA	132,000	00.01%
39	CELY S. LIM	112,200	00.00%
40	DEWEY CHOACHUY, JR	111,300	00.00%
41	JOHN CRHISTOPHER D. WEIGEL	110,000	00.00%
42	WANG YU HUEI	110,000	00.00%
43	WILSON CHUA &/OR BECKY QUE CHUA	110,000	00.00%
44	KENSTAR INDUSTRIAL CORPORATION	110,000	00.00%
45	WATERFRONT NOMINEES SDN BHD A/C#6	107,800	00.00%
46	MIZPAH HOLDINGS, INC.	100,000	00.00%
47	MANUEL H. OSMENA &/OR GRELINA L. OSMENA	100,000	00.00%
48	PACIFIC CONCORDE CORPORATION	100,000	00.00%
49	PACIFIC IMAGES, INC.	100,000	00.00%
50	PACIFIC REHOUSE CORPORATION	100,000	00.00%
51	PACIFIC WIDE REALTY DEVELOPMENT CORP.	100,000	00.00%
52	CATHAY SEC. CO., INC. A/C# 1030	100,000	00.00%

48,400 00.00%

# Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED List of Top 100 Stockholders As of 12/31/2021

Rank	Name	Holdings	Rank
53	CHESA HOLDINGS, INC.	100,000	00.00%
54	CHONG PENG YNG	100,000	00.00%
55	HANSON G. SO &/OR LARCY MARICHI Y. SO	100,000	00.00%
56	CARRIE LIM	100,000	00.00%
57	ALVIN TAN UNJO	88,000	00.00%
58	TERESITA GO &/OR SATURNINA GO	87,000	00.00%
59	GEORGE U. YOUNG, JR	82,500	00.00%
60	ROLANDO D. DE LEON	66,000	00.00%
61	LIPPO SECURITIES, INC.	56,500	00.00%
62	L.M. GARCIA & ASS., INC. A/C# 160	55,000	00.00%
63	LEONG JEE VAN	55,000	00.00%
64	LIM TAY	55,000	00.00%
65	EDILBERTO &/OR ROSITA TANYU &/OR WELLINGTON HO VELASCO	55,000	00.00%
66	RENATO C. GENDRANO &/OR GENDRANO BERNADETTE	55,000	00.00%
67	KIRBY YU LIM	55,000	00.00%
68	FRUTO M. TEODORICO, JR	55,000	00.00%
69	VICKY L. CHAN	55,000	00.00%
70	PRIMITIVO C. CAL	55,000	00.00%
71	LYDIA J. SY	55,000	00.00%
72	MA. TERESA P. CRUZ	55,000	00.00%
73	NEIL JOHN A. YU	50,000	00.00%
74	SANDRA E. PASCUAL	50,000	00.00%
75	ROBERTO L. UY	50,000	00.00%
76	FRANCISCO C. SAN DIEGO	50,000	00.00%
77	UY TIAK ENG	50,000	00.00%

78 EBC SECURITIES CORPORATION

# Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED List of Top 100 Stockholders As of 12/31/2021

Rank	Name	Holdings	Rank
79	TAN DAISY TIENG	46,500	00.00%
80	EAST ASIA OIL & MINING COMPANY, INC.	40,000	00.00%
81	OCBC SECURITIES PHILS., INC.	40,000	00.00%
82	ADRIAN LONG	39,600	00.00%
83	GLADYS MAY L. OSMENA	39,600	00.00%
84	JAY JACOBS	39,600	00.00%
85	ROBERT KLING	39,600	00.00%
86	STEVE WOODWARD	39,600	00.00%
87	MEGHANN GAIL L. OSMENA	39,600	00.00%
88	MANILYNN L. OSMENA	39,600	00.00%
89	MANUEL L. OSMENA, II	39,600	00.00%
90	LUZ YAMANE	38,500	00.00%
91	LILY S. HO	36,300	00.00%
92	ABACUS SECURITIES CORPORATION	35,200	00.00%
93	LILIAN HONG	34,000	00.00%
94	LEONCIO TIU	33,000	00.00%
95	INTERNATIONAL POLYMER CORPORATION	33,000	00.00%
96	SEAFRONT RESOURCES CORP.	33,000	00.00%
97	ARTURO GUANZON	33,000	00.00%
98	TAN LIN LAY	30,000	00.00%
99	MA. YOLANDA MALLARI	30,000	00.00%
100	RAMONCITO ARCEO	30,000	00.00%

### Stock Transfer Service Inc. WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED List of Top 100 Stockholders As of 12/31/2021

Rank Name Holdings Rank

Total Top 100 Shareholders : 2,496,838,682 99.91%

Page No.

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Total Issued Shares 2,498,991,753

# **OUTSTANDING BALANCES FOR A SPECIFIC COMPANY**

Company Code - WPI000000000

Business Date: December 31, 2021

Business Date: December 31, 2021	HOLDINGS
BPNAME UPCC SECURITIES CORP.	HOLDINGS
	75,000
A & A SECURITIES, INC.	2,444,700
ABACUS SECURITIES CORPORATION	62,036,657
PHILSTOCKS FINANCIAL INC  A. T. DE CASTRO SECURITIES CORP.	63,394,944
	54,000
ALL ASIA SECURITIES MANAGEMENT CORP.	202,500 3,271,000
ALPHA SECURITIES CORP.	
BA SECURITIES, INC.	1,667,700
AP SECURITIES INCORPORATED	16,821,500
ANSALDO, GODINEZ & CO., INC.	2,595,700
AB CAPITAL SECURITIES, INC.	8,313,500
SB EQUITIES,INC.	4,252,100
ASIA PACIFIC CAPITAL EQUITIES & SECURITIES CORP.	862,800
ASIASEC EQUITIES, INC.	153,000
ASTRA SECURITIES CORPORATION	5,000
CHINA BANK SECURITIES CORPORATION	1,000,000
BELSON SECURITIES, INC.	4,100,100
B. H. CHUA SECURITIES CORPORATION	50,000
JAKA SECURITIES CORPORATION	8,655,500
BPI SECURITIES CORPORATION	36,092,215
CAMPOS, LANUZA & COMPANY, INC.	2,447,202
SINCERE SECURITIES CORPORATION	1,045,000
CTS GLOBAL EQUITY GROUP, INC.	779,138
TRITON SECURITIES CORP.  IGC SECURITIES INC.	44,152,450
CUALOPING SECURITIES CORPORATION	3,059,000
DBP-DAIWA CAPITAL MARKETS PHILPPINES, INC.	110,500
DAVID GO SECURITIES CORP.	2,200 1,759,000
DIVERSIFIED SECURITIES, INC.	4,443,800
E. CHUA CHIACO SECURITIES, INC.	9,907,100
EQUITABLE SECURITES (PHILS.) INC.	27,200
EAST WEST CAPITAL CORPORATION	400,000
EAST WEST CAPITAL CORPORATION  EASTERN SECURITIES DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION	3,321,200
EQUITIWORLD SECURITIES, INC.	517,600
EVERGREEN STOCK BROKERAGE & SEC., INC.	8,731,100
FIRST ORIENT SECURITIES, INC.	1,367,100
FIRST INTEGRATED CAPITAL SECURITIES, INC.	100
F. YAP SECURITIES, INC.	895,000
AURORA SECURITIES, INC.	926,700
GLOBALINKS SECURITIES & STOCKS, INC.	464,000
JSG SECURITIES, INC.	962,650
GOLDSTAR SECURITIES, INC.	3,365,300
GUILD SECURITIES, INC.	264,000
HDI SECURITIES, INC.	22,565,500
H. E. BENNETT SECURITIES, INC.	2,280,000
HK SECURITIES, INC.	9,100
I. ACKERMAN & CO., INC.	30,000
I. B. GIMENEZ SECURITIES, INC.	527,297
I. D. UIIVILINEZ JECUNTTIES, IINC.	527,297

INVESTORS SECURITIES, INC.
IMPERIAL, DE GUZMAN, ABALOS & CO., INC.         393,800           INTRA-INVEST SECURITIES, INC.         187,400           ASIAN CAPITAL EQUITIES, INC.         56,100           J.M. BARCELON & CO., INC.         921,500           STRATEGIC EQUITIES CORP.         993,400           LARRGO SECURITIES COR.         122,000           LUCKY SECURITIES, INC.         263,500           LUYS SECURITIES, INC.         1,593,200           COL Financial Group, Inc.         150,170,146           DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.         222,200           MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.         222,200           MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.         129,800           MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.         136,000           REGIS PARTNERS, INC.         136,000           REGIS PARTNERS, INC.         120,000           NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.         2,179,000           OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION         3,814,650           RCEG SECURITIES, INC.         3,878,300           PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.         135,000           PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION         1,164,500           MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.         4,954,400           PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.         1,223,260           PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.         5,923,600
INTRA-INVEST SECURITIES, INC.   187,400   ASIAN CAPITAL EQUITIES, INC.   56,100   J.M. BARCELON & CO., INC.   921,500   921,500   122,000   LARRGO SECURITIES CO., INC.   122,000   LARRGO SECURITIES CO., INC.   122,000   LUCKY SECURITIES, INC.   263,500   LUYS SECURITIES, INC.   1,154,500   MANDARIN SECURITIES COMPANY, INC.   1,593,200   COL Financial Group, Inc.   150,170,146   150,170,146   DA MARKET SECURITIES CORPORATION   1,293,200   MERCANTILE SECURITIES CORP.   129,800   MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.   222,200   MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.   136,000   REGIS PARTNERS, INC.   136,000   MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.   120,000   MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.   120,000   MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES CO., INC.   2,179,000   OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION   3,814,650   RCBC SECURITIES, INC.   3,878,300   PAPA ASIA SECURITIES CORPORATION   3,814,650   RCBC SECURITIES CORPORATION   1,164,500   PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION   1,164,500   PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION   1,164,500   PAPA SECURITIES, INC.   23,000   PNB SECURITIES, INC.   23,000   PNB SECURITIES, INC.   23,000   PNB SECURITIES, INC.   1,223,260   PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.   1,223,260   PRE
J.M. BARCELON & CO., INC.   921,500
STRATEGIC EQUITIES CORP.         993,400           LARRGO SECURITIES, INC.         122,000           LUCKY SECURITIES, INC.         263,500           LUYS SECURITIES COMPANY, INC.         1,154,500           MANDARIN SECURITIES CORPORATION         1,593,200           COL Financial Group, Inc.         150,170,146           DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.         222,200           MERCANTILE SECURITIES CORP.         129,800           MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.         136,000           REGIS PARTNERS, INC.         136,000           REGIS PARTNERS, INC.         66,300           MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.         120,000           NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.         2,179,000           OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION         3,814,650           RCBC SECURITIES, INC.         3,878,300           PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.         135,000           PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION         1,164,500           MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.         4,954,400           PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.         23,000           PNB SECURITIES, INC.         5,923,600           PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.         5,923,600           PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.         5,923,600           PRYCE SECURITIES CORPORATION         15,300
LARRGO SECURITIES CO., INC.       122,000         LUCKY SECURITIES, INC.       263,500         LUYS SECURITIES COMPANY, INC.       1,154,500         MANDARIN SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,593,200         COL Financial Group, Inc.       150,170,146         DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.       222,200         MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.       129,800         MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.       2,154,700         MDR SECURITIES, INC.       136,000         REGIS PARTNERS, INC.       66,300         MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.       120,000         NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.       2,179,000         OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION       3,814,650         RCBC SECURITIES, INC.       3,878,300         PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.       135,000         PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,164,500         MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.       4,954,400         PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.       23,000         PNB SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES CORPORATION       16,124,800         QUALITY INVESTMENTS, INC.       42,000         R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       6,121,100
LUCKY SECURITIES, INC.  LUYS SECURITIES COMPANY, INC.  ANDARIN SECURITIES CORPORATION  COL Financial Group, Inc.  DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.  MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.  MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.  MODRY PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NEW WORLD SECURITIES CORPORATION  OPTIMUM SECURITIES, INC.  REGIS PARTNERS, INC.  NOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NOUNT PEAK SECURITIES CORPORATION  NEW WORLD SECURITIES CORPORATION  ASIA SECURITIES CORPORATION  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PAPA SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PABS SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  1,223,260  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  12,214  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  16,124,800  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  42,000  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  6,121,100
LUYS SECURITIES COMPANY, INC.  MANDARIN SECURITIES CORPORATION  COL Financial Group, Inc.  DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILES, INC.  MERCANTILES, INC.  MODRY SECURITIES, INC.  MODRY SECURITIES, INC.  MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NEW WORLD SECURITIES, INC.  NEW WORLD SECURITIES, INC.  DYIMUM SECURITIES, INC.  MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NEW WORLD SECURITIES, INC.  NEW WORLD SECURITIES CORPORATION  ASIA,650  RCBC SECURITIES, INC.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  1,223,260  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  15,923,600  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  16,124,800  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  6,121,100
MANDARIN SECURITIES CORPORATION  COL Financial Group, Inc.  150,170,146  DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.  MERCANTILE SECURITIES CORP.  MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.  MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.  MODR SECURITIES, INC.  MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES CORPORATION  MERIDIAN SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  1,223,260  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  12,124  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  15,300  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  16,124,800  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  42,000  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  6,121,100
COL Financial Group, Inc.       150,170,146         DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.       222,200         MERCANTILE SECURITIES CORP.       129,800         MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.       2,154,700         MDR SECURITIES, INC.       136,000         REGIS PARTNERS, INC.       66,300         MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.       120,000         NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.       2,179,000         OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION       3,814,650         RCBC SECURITIES, INC.       33,878,300         PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.       135,000         PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,164,500         MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.       4,954,400         PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.       23,000         PNB SECURITIES, INC.       1,223,260         PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       12,124         SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION       15,300         QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION       16,124,800         R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       6,121,100
DA MARKET SECURITIES, INC.       222,200         MERCANTILE SECURITIES CORP.       129,800         MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.       2,154,700         MDR SECURITIES, INC.       136,000         REGIS PARTNERS, INC.       66,300         MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.       120,000         NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.       2,179,000         OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION       3,814,650         RCBC SECURITIES, INC.       3,878,300         PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.       135,000         PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,164,500         MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.       4,954,400         PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.       23,000         PNB SECURITIES, INC.       1,223,260         PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       12,124         SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION       15,300         QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION       16,124,800         R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       42,000         R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.       6,121,100
MERCANTILE SECURITIES CORP.       129,800         MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.       2,154,700         MDR SECURITIES, INC.       136,000         REGIS PARTNERS, INC.       66,300         MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.       120,000         NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.       2,179,000         OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION       3,814,650         RCBC SECURITIES, INC.       3,878,300         PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.       135,000         PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,164,500         MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.       4,954,400         PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.       23,000         PNB SECURITIES, INC.       1,223,260         PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       12,124         SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION       15,300         QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION       16,124,800         R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       42,000         R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.       6,121,100
MERIDIAN SECURITIES, INC.       2,154,700         MDR SECURITIES, INC.       136,000         REGIS PARTNERS, INC.       66,300         MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.       120,000         NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.       2,179,000         OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION       3,814,650         RCBC SECURITIES, INC.       3,878,300         PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.       135,000         PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,164,500         MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.       4,954,400         PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.       23,000         PNB SECURITIES, INC.       1,223,260         PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       12,124         SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION       15,300         QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION       16,124,800         R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       42,000         R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.       6,121,100
MDR SECURITIES, INC.       136,000         REGIS PARTNERS, INC.       66,300         MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.       120,000         NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.       2,179,000         OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION       3,814,650         RCBC SECURITIES, INC.       3,878,300         PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.       135,000         PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION       1,164,500         MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.       4,954,400         PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.       23,000         PNB SECURITIES, INC.       1,223,260         PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.       5,923,600         PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.       12,124         SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION       15,300         QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION       16,124,800         R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       42,000         R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.       6,121,100
REGIS PARTNERS, INC. 66,300  MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC. 120,000  NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC. 2,179,000  OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION 3,814,650  RCBC SECURITIES, INC. 3,878,300  PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP. 135,000  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION 1,164,500  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC. 4,954,400  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC. 23,000  PNB SECURITIES, INC. 1,223,260  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC. 5,923,600  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC. 12,124  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION 15,300  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
MOUNT PEAK SECURITIES, INC.  NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.  OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION  RCBC SECURITIES, INC.  PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  6,121,100
NEW WORLD SECURITIES CO., INC.  OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION  RCBC SECURITIES, INC.  PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  6,121,100
OPTIMUM SECURITIES CORPORATION  RCBC SECURITIES, INC.  PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  6,121,100
RCBC SECURITIES, INC.  PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  1,223,260  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  5,923,600  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  12,124  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  6,121,100
PAN ASIA SECURITIES CORP.  PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  135,000  1,164,500  15,300  16,124,800  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  6,121,100
PAPA SECURITIES CORPORATION  MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC.  PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  1,164,500  4,954,400  1,164,500  1,223,260  1,223,2
MAYBANK ATR KIM ENG SECURITIES, INC. 4,954,400 PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC. 23,000 PNB SECURITIES, INC. 1,223,260 PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC. 5,923,600 PRYCE SECURITIES, INC. 12,124 SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION 15,300 QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800 R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000 R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
PLATINUM SECURITIES, INC.  PNB SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC.  5,923,600  PRYCE SECURITIES, INC.  12,124  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.  6,121,100
PNB SECURITIES, INC. 1,223,260 PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC. 5,923,600 PRYCE SECURITIES, INC. 12,124 SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION 15,300 QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800 R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000 R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
PREMIUM SECURITIES, INC. 5,923,600 PRYCE SECURITIES, INC. 12,124 SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION 15,300 QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800 R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000 R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
PRYCE SECURITIES, INC. 12,124  SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION 15,300  QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800  R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000  R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
SALISBURY BKT SECURITIES CORPORATION 15,300 QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800 R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000 R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
QUALITY INVESTMENTS & SECURITIES CORPORATION 16,124,800 R & L INVESTMENTS, INC. 42,000 R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
R & L INVESTMENTS, INC.       42,000         R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC.       6,121,100
R. COYIUTO SECURITIES, INC. 6,121,100
REGINA CAPITAL DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION 7,756,976
R. NUBLA SECURITIES, INC. 3,022,500
AAA SOUTHEAST EQUITIES, INCORPORATED 2,338,700
R. S. LIM & CO., INC. 1,048,400
RTG & COMPANY, INC. 176,600
S.J. ROXAS & CO., INC. 1,003,500
SECURITIES SPECIALISTS, INC. 2,200
FIDELITY SECURITIES, INC. 308,500
SUMMIT SECURITIES, INC. 607,300
STANDARD SECURITIES CORPORATION 1,401,200
SUPREME STOCKBROKERS, INC 31,350
TANSENGCO & CO., INC. 790,400
THE FIRST RESOURCES MANAGEMENT & SECURITIES CORP. 352,200
TOWER SECURITIES, INC. 11,961,600
TRANS-ASIA SECURITIES, INC. 1,325,500
APEX PHILIPPINES EQUITIES CORPORATION 5,000
TRENDLINE SECURITIES CORPORATION 11,200
UCPB SECURITIES, INC. 2,413,700
UOB KAY HIAN SECURITIES (PHILS.), INC. 1,400,000
E.SECURITIES, INC. 3,300
VENTURE SECURITIES, INC. 216,900
FIRST METRO SECURITIES BROKERAGE CORP. 26,405,590
WEALTH SECURITIES, INC. 7,540,590
WESTLINK GLOBAL EQUITIES, INC. 505,692,540

BPNAME	HOLDINGS
BERNAD SECURITIES, INC.	369,100
WONG SECURITIES CORPORATION	44,000
YAO & ZIALCITA, INC.	1,286,200
YU & COMPANY, INC.	1,099,000
BDO SECURITIES CORPORATION	23,092,369
EAGLE EQUITIES, INC.	741,800
GOLDEN TOWER SECURITIES & HOLDINGS, INC.	1,435,576
SOLAR SECURITIES, INC.	6,343,600
G.D. TAN & COMPANY, INC.	16,950,300
PHILIPPINE EQUITY PARTNERS, INC.	2,431,950
UNICAPITAL SECURITIES INC.	1,835,900
SunSecurities, Inc.	400,000
COHERCO SECURITIES, INC.	3,400,000
ARMSTRONG SECURITIES, INC.	5,300
TIMSON SECURITIES, INC.	8,489,000
VC SECURITIES CORPORATION	600
CITIBANK N.A.	140,000
STANDARD CHARTERED BANK	925,000

Total 1,180,625,174

If no written notice of any error or correction is received by PDTC within five (5) calendar days from receipt hereof, you shall be deemed to have accepted the accuracy and completeness of the details indicated in this report.

# COVER SHEET

# for AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEC Registration Number** 

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C	COMPANY NAME																												
W	W A T E R F R O N T P H I L I P P I N E S ,																												
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	Form Type Department requiring the report Secondary License Type, If Applicable																												
	A F S 2 1																												
COMPANY INFORMATION																													
Company's email Address Company's Telephone Number/s Mobile Number																													
No. of Stockholders Annual Meeting (Month / Day) Fiscal Year (Month / Day)																													
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Note 1: In case of death, resignation or cessation of office of the officer designated as contact person, such incident shall be reported to the Commission within thirty (30) calendar days from the occurrence thereof with information and complete contact details of the new contact person designated.

2: All Boxes must be properly and completely filled-up. Failure to do so shall cause the delay in updating the corporation's records with the Commission and/or non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies. Further, non-receipt of Notice of Deficiencies shall not excuse the corporation from liability for its deficiencies.

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2021 and 2020

With Independent Auditors' Report



R.G. Manabat & Co. The KPMG Center, 6/F 6787 Ayala Avenue, Makati City Philippines 1209

Telephone +63 (2) 8885 7000 Fax +63 (2) 8894 1985 Internet www.home.kpmg/ph Email ph-inquiry@kpmg.com

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated No. 1 Waterfront Drive Off Salinas Drive, Lahug Cebu City, Philippines

# Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated and Subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Group as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

# Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until November 21, 2023
SEC Accreditation No. 0003-SEC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by SEC Accreditation No. 0004-FR-5)
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



# Emphasis of Matter - Continuing Impact of Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-19) Pandemic

We draw attention to Note 27 to the consolidated financial statements which describes the continuing impact of COVID-19 on the Group and the environment it operates in. It is indicated in this note that uncertainties remain, and that unfavorable effects of the pandemic to the operations of the Group may continue subsequent to December 31, 2021. The note also discloses the measures the Group has taken and other measures it plans to implement to mitigate the negative effects of COVID-19. We conducted audit procedures to evaluate management's plan as to likelihood and as to feasibility under the circumstances. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

# Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

# Revenue Recognition

(P997.79 million, see consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and Notes 23 and 24 to the consolidated financial statements)

### The Risk

The Group's revenue transactions are not complex and no significant judgment is applied over the amounts recorded. However, market expectations and profit-based targets may place pressure on management to distort revenue recognition. There is potential risk of management override to achieve revenue targets.

# Our Response

As part of our audit procedures, we evaluated and tested the relevant key management controls over the completeness, existence and accuracy of revenue recognized in the consolidated financial statements. We performed substantive analytical procedures, cutoff testing procedures to ensure whether transactions occurring near yearend were recorded in the proper period and journal entries testing procedures around revenue to identify any unusual or irregular items posted in the accounting records. We also assessed whether the Group's revenue recognition policies and disclosures are in accordance with PFRSs.

# Valuation of Property and Equipment

(P10.17 billion, see consolidated statement of financial position and Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements)

# The Risk

The Group's land, land improvements, hotel buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and transportation equipment are carried at revalued amounts. The models applied to determine the appraised value of property and equipment are complex and sensitive to assumptions. Accordingly, we placed significant focus during the audit on the valuation adjustments because the amounts involved are material and significant judgments were involved in assessing the fair value of the assets.



# Our Response

As part of our audit procedures, we evaluated the objectivity, knowledge, skills and ability of the independent external appraisers and determined whether they are accredited by Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission and Philippine Stock Exchange. We evaluated the appraisal reports issued by the independent external appraisers by testing the completeness and accuracy of underlying data used, assessing the appropriateness of the valuation methods applied and the assumptions in determining the fair values and considered whether these were in accordance with PFRSs. We also assessed the adequacy of the Group's disclosures whether they met the requirements under the PFRSs.

# Capitalization of Costs on Construction

(P644.35 million, see consolidated statement of financial position and Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements)

# The Risk

The subsidiary has incurred significant costs in relation to the reconstruction and restoration project of its hotel property. Costs amounting to P644.35 million have been capitalized as construction-in-progress under property and equipment as at December 31, 2021. We focused on this area because there is a risk that costs are not appropriately capitalized in accordance with PFRSs, including the requirement to only capitalize overheads and other charges which are directly attributable to the construction activities.

# Our Response

As part of our audit procedures, we obtained the certified progress report from the subsidiary's engineering department and vouched on a sampling basis capitalized costs to supporting documents such as progress billings from contractors. We also evaluated the design and implementation of management controls to address the risk of inappropriate capitalization of costs. We also considered the adequacy of the subsidiary's disclosures and determined whether they met the disclosure requirements under the PFRSs.

# Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021 but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The SEC Form 20-IS (Definitive Information Statement), SEC Form 17-A and Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2021 are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditors' report.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above when it becomes available and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.



Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.



- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe those matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Tireso Randy F. Lapidez.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

TIRESO RANDY F. LAPIDEZ

Partner

CPA License No. 0092183

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on July 15, 2021,

valid for one (1) year covering the audit of 2021 financial statements

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on April 12, 2022, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2022 to 2026 financial statements

Tax Identification No. 162-411-175

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-034-2020

Issued July 20, 2020; valid until July 19, 2023

PTR No. MKT 8854069

Issued January 3, 2022 at Makati City



R.G. Manabat & Co. The KPMG Center, 6/F 6787 Ayala Avenue, Makati City Philippines 1209

Telephone +63 (2) 8885 7000 Fax +63 (2) 8894 1985 Internet www.home.kpmg/ph Email ph-inquiry@kpmg.com

# REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON COMPONENTS OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated No. 1 Waterfront Drive Off Salinas Drive, Lahug Cebu City, Cebu

We have audited, in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated and Subsidiaries (the Group) as at and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, included in this Form 17-A, on which we have rendered our report thereon dated May 13, 2022.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group taken as a whole. The Supplementary Schedule on Financial Soundness Indicators, including their definitions, formulas, calculation, and their appropriateness or usefulness to the intended users, are the responsibility of the Group's management. These financial soundness indicators are not measures of operating performance defined by Philippine Financial Reporting Standards and may not be comparable to similarly titled measures presented by other companies.

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until November 21, 2023
SEC Accreditation No. 0003-SEC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by SEC Accreditation No. 0004-FR-5)
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



The above schedule is presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 and is not a required part of the Group's consolidated financial statements. The components of these financial soundness indicators have been traced to the Group's consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 and no material exceptions were noted.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

TIRESO RAND ¥ F. LAPIDEZ

Partner

CPA License No. 0092183

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on July 15, 2021, valid for one (1) year covering the audit of 2021 financial statements

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on April 12, 2022, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2022 to 2026 financial statements

Tax Identification No. 162-411-175

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-034-2020

Issued July 20, 2020; valid until July 19, 2023

PTR No. MKT 8854069

Issued January 3, 2022 at Makati City

May 13, 2022 Makati City, Metro Manila



R.G. Manabat & Co. The KPMG Center, 6/F 6787 Ayala Avenue, Makati City Philippines 1209

Telephone +63 (2) 8885 7000 Fax +63 (2) 8894 1985 Internet www.home.kpmg/ph Email ph-inquiry@kpmg.com

### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS ON SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated No. 1 Waterfront Drive Off Salinas Drive, Lahug Cebu City, Cebu

We have audited, in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing, the consolidated financial statements of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated and Subsidiaries (the Group) as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021, included in this Form 17-A, on which we have rendered our report thereon dated May 13, 2022.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the consolidated financial statements of the Group taken as a whole. The supplementary information included in the following accompanying additional components is the responsibility of the Group's management.

- 1. Reconciliation of Retained Earnings Available for Dividend Declaration (Annex A)
- 2. Map of Conglomerate (Annex B)
- 3. Supplementary Schedules of Annex 68-J (Annex C)

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until November 21, 2023
SEC Accreditation No. 0003-SEC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by SEC Accreditation No. 0004-FR-5)
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



The above supplementary information is presented for purposes of complying with the Revised Securities Regulation Code Rule 68 and is not a required part of the Group's consolidated financial statements. Such supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the consolidated financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

TIRESO RAND VF. LAPIDEZ

Partner

CPA License No. 0092183

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on July 15, 2021, valid for one (1) year covering the audit of 2021 financial statements

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on April 12, 2022,

valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2022 to 2026 financial statements

Tax Identification No. 162-411-175

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-034-2020

Issued July 20, 2020; valid until July 19, 2023

PTR No. MKT 8854069

Issued January 3, 2022 at Makati City

May 13, 2022 Makati City, Metro Manila

## WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

			December 31
	Note	2021	2020
ASSETS			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	4, 21	P843,795,110	P1,178,166,307
Receivables - net	5, 21	716,698,821	530,644,331
Notes receivable	8, 21	235,272,519	223,366,443
Due from related parties - current portion	8, 21	1,651,357,159	2,258,300,814
Inventories	6	23,869,855	22,701,161
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	7, 21	218,543,288	210,536,585
Total Current Assets		3,689,536,752	4,423,715,641
Noncurrent Assets			
Equity securities - at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	8, 21	69,943,300	69,735,540
Due from related parties - noncurrent portion	8, 21	1,682,205,489	998,645,371
Property and equipment - net	9	10,168,008,843	8,533,226,271
Right-of-use assets - net	24	121,989,349	125,620,765
Deferred tax assets	19	268,485,610	167,667,132
Retirement benefits asset	18	65,503,186	54,863,072
Other noncurrent assets - net	10, 21	934,938,622	869,825,125
Total Noncurrent Assets		13,311,074,399	10,819,583,276
		P17,000,611,151	P15,243,298,917
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current Liabilities	11 01	D4 500 040 050	D4 020 200 666
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	11, 21	P1,590,246,959	P1,938,290,666
Loans payable - current portion	13, 21, 26	1,010,106,382	627,659,575
Due to a related party Lease liabilities - current portion	8, 21 21, 24	4 240 257	3,119,367
	21, 24	1,340,257	1,188,032
Income tax payable	40.04	40,276,345	65,326,208
Other current liabilities	12, 21	36,041,241	39,064,907
Total Current Liabilities		2,678,011,184	2,674,648,755
Noncurrent Liabilities			
Loans payable - noncurrent portion	21, 26	-	635,106,382
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	21, 24	128,131,544	129,471,801
Deferred tax liabilities	19	2,091,539,075	1,982,765,286
Other noncurrent liabilities	14, 21	432,966,220	418,943,426
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		2,652,636,839	3,166,286,895
		5,330,648,023	5,840,935,650

Forward

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Note	2021	2020
		2020
16	P2,498,991,753	P2,498,991,753
	706,364,357	706,364,357
9	5,196,085,893	3,823,685,321
	147,014,110	126,222,421
	55,128,777	46,386,496
	4,284,906	3,995,121
	1,847,119,587	1,113,890,733
	10,454,989,383	8,319,536,202
16	1,214,973,745	1,082,827,065
	11,669,963,128	9,402,363,267
	P17,000,611,151	P15,243,298,917
		706,364,357 9 5,196,085,893 147,014,110 55,128,777 4,284,906 1,847,119,587  10,454,989,383 16 1,214,973,745 11,669,963,128

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

		Years End	ed December 31
Note	2021	2020	2019
REVENUES			
Rent and related income 23, 24	P606,244,715	P579,468,626	P567,932,177
Food and beverage	192,340,989	188,896,549	666,389,097
Rooms	190,570,738	264,800,118	726,772,922
Others	8,631,712	21,467,007	35,974,882
	997,788,154	1,054,632,300	1,997,069,078
COSTS AND EXPENSES OTHER THAN DEPRECIATION, INTEREST, GAINS (LOSSES) AND INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE			
Energy costs	172,802,406	130,162,682	272,627,917
Personnel costs 18	137,429,401	217,561,400	280,993,867
Food and beverage 6	82,413,476	77,803,922	228,800,560
Repairs and maintenance 6	37,926,941	24,478,212	76,389,568
Rooms	8,810,394	17,252,077	40,949,630
Rent 24	7,149,762	12,373,793	33,654,331
Others 17	198,667,246	238,022,662	446,519,261
	645,199,626	717,654,748	1,379,935,134
INCOME BEFORE DEPRECIATION, INTEREST, GAINS (LOSSES) AND INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE	352,588,528	336,977,552	617,133,944
DEPRECIATION, INTEREST AND GAINS (LOSSES)			
Reversal of accrual 13	415,669,632	-	-
Interest income 4, 8, 23	109,820,710	130,289,367	285,333,982
Gain from insurance claims - net 1, 5	-	854,519,803	234,090,174
Impairment losses 5, 8, 10	-	(19,499,721)	(73,356,032)
Foreign exchange (losses) gains -			
net	(11,218,679)	10,671,294	(5,914,510)
Interest expense 13, 23, 24, 26	(102,881,701)	(169,380,068)	(200,945,037)
Depreciation 9, 24	(333,882,209)	(336,514,813)	(233,848,916)
Others - net	-	-	6,825,371
	77,507,753	470,085,862	12,185,032
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX			
(BENEFIT) EXPENSE	430,096,281	807,063,414	629,318,976
INCOME TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE 19	(100,705,358)	123,597,065	158,330,614
NET INCOME		000,400,040	170,000,000

530,801,639

683,466,349

470,988,362

Forward

**NET INCOME** 

Voore	Endad	Decemi	har 21
Years	-naea	Decemi	ner 31

	Note	2021	2020	2019
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME				
Items that will never be reclassified to profit or loss Appraisal increase on property and				
equipment Remeasurement gains on defined	9	P1,896,979,057	P1,875,632,000	P1,389,405,337
benefit plan Unrealized gains (losses) on equity securities at fair value through other	18	17,287,114	27,184,080	12,913,568
comprehensive income	8	520,260	1,907,620	(3,901,950)
Deferred tax effect	19	(186,730,490)	(570,844,827)	(420,695,671)
		1,728,055,941	1,333,878,873	977,721,284
Item that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Foreign currency translation				
differences for foreign operations		8,742,281	(8,317,034)	7,699,252
		1,736,798,222	1,325,561,839	985,420,536
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		P2,267,599,861	P2,009,028,188	P1,456,408,898
Net income (loss) attributable to: Equity holders of the Parent				
Company		P554,112,411	P394,555,853	P439,574,045
Noncontrolling interests	16	(23,310,772)	288,910,496	31,414,317
		P530,801,639	P683,466,349	P470,988,362
Total comprehensive income attributable to:				
Equity holders of the Parent Company		P2,135,453,181	P1,692,071,441	P1,419,593,553
Noncontrolling interests	16	132,146,680	316,956,747	36,815,345
		P2,267,599,861	P2,009,028,188	P1,456,408,898
EARNINGS PER SHARE -				
Basic and Diluted	20	P0.222	P0.158	P0.176

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Years Ended December 31 **Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company** Foreign Revaluation Non-Capital Additional Surplus on Retirement Currency controlling Paid-in Fair Value Stock Property and Benefits Translation Retained Interests Total (Note 16) Capital Equipment Reserve Adjustment Reserve **Earnings** Total (Note 16) Equity As at January 1, 2021 P2,498,991,753 P706,364,357 P3,823,685,321 P126,222,421 P46,386,496 P3,995,121 P1,113,890,733 P8,319,536,202 P1,082,827,065 P9,402,363,267 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year Net income for the year 554,112,411 554,112,411 (23,310,772) 530,801,639 1,551,517,015 289,785 1,736,798,222 Other comprehensive income - net of tax effect 20,791,689 8,742,281 1,581,340,770 155,457,452 1,551,517,015 8.742.281 2.135.453.181 2.267.599.861 20.791.689 289.785 554.112.411 132.146.680 Transfer of revaluation surplus absorbed through depreciation for the year - net of tax effect (179,116,443) 179,116,443 P1,847,119,587 P10,454,989,383 P1,214,973,745 P11,669,963,128 As at December 31, 2021 P2,498,991,753 P5,196,085,893 P147,014,110 P55,128,777 P4,284,906 P706,364,357

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Years Ended December 31 Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company Revaluation Foreign Non-Capital Additional Surplus on Retirement Currency controlling Paid-in Translation Fair Value Stock Property and Benefits Retained Interests Total (Note 16) Capital Equipment Reserve Adjustment Reserve Earnings Total (Note 16) Equity As at January 1, 2020 P2,498,991,753 P706,364,357 P2,704,177,114 P108,135,895 P54,703,530 P2,932,577 P552,159,535 P6,627,464,761 P765,870,318 P7,393,335,079 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year Net income for the year 394,555,853 394,555,853 288,910,496 683,466,349 1,286,683,552 18,086,526 (8,317,034) 1,062,544 1,325,561,839 Other comprehensive income - net of tax effect 1,297,515,588 28,046,251 1.286.683.552 18.086.526 (8,317,034)1.062.544 394.555.853 1.692.071.441 2.009.028.188 316.956.747 Transfer of revaluation surplus absorbed through depreciation for the year - net of tax effect (167, 175, 345) 167,175,345 As at December 31, 2020 P2,498,991,753 P706,364,357 P3,823,685,321 P126,222,421 P46,386,496 P3,995,121 P1,113,890,733 P8,319,536,202 P1,082,827,065 P9,402,363,267

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

Years Ended December 31 Equity Attributable to Equity Holders of the Parent Company Revaluation Foreign Non-Capital Surplus on Retirement Currency controlling Stock Translation Fair Value Additional Property and Benefits Retained Interests Total (Note 16) Paid-in Capital Equipment Reserve Adjustment Reserve Earnings Total (Note 16) Equity As at January 1, 2019 P2,498,991,753 P706,364,357 P1,834,710,345 P101,908,860 P47,004,278 P5,105,963 P13,785,652 P5,207,871,208 P729,054,973 P5,936,926,181 Total Comprehensive Income for the Year Net income for the year 439,574,045 439,574,045 31,414,317 470,988,362 6,227,035 7,699,252 (2,173,386)980,019,508 985,420,536 Other comprehensive income - net of tax effect 968,266,607 5,401,028 1,419,593,553 968.266.607 6.227.035 7.699.252 439.574.045 1.456.408.898 (2,173,386)36.815.345 Transfer of revaluation surplus absorbed through depreciation for the year - net of tax effect (98,799,838) 98,799,838 As at December 31, 2019 P2,498,991,753 P2,704,177,114 P108,135,895 P54,703,530 P2,932,577 P552,159,535 P6,627,464,761 P765,870,318 P7,393,335,079 P706,364,357

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years	Ended	Decemb	er 31
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			Years End	ed December 31
	Note	2021	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING				
ACTIVITIES				
Income before income tax (benefit)				
expense		P430,096,281	P807,063,414	P629,318,976
Adjustments for:				
Depreciation	9, 24	333,882,209	336,514,813	233,848,916
Interest expense 13, 23, 2	24, 26	102,881,701	169,380,068	200,945,037
Unrealized foreign exchange losses				
(gains) - net		19,968,260	(19,061,098)	13,609,982
Retirement benefits cost	18	6,647,000	10,263,697	7,551,068
	8, 10	-	19,499,721	73,356,032
Gain from insurance claims - net	1, 5	-	(854,519,803)	(234,090,174)
Income due to rent concession	24	(748,125)	(3,474,244)	-
	8, 23	(109,820,710)	(130,289,367)	(285,333,982)
Reversal of accrual	13	(415,669,632)	-	-
		367,236,984	335,377,201	639,205,855
Changes in:				
Receivables		(185,741,990)	134,153,525	(329,028,656)
Inventories		(1,168,694)	7,740,997	(5,935,747)
Prepaid expenses and other current				
assets		(8,006,703)	(5,984,791)	(66,683,111)
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses		31,525,751	(266,313,750)	440,591,352
Other current liabilities		(9,970,187)	(10,669,087)	(181,532,732)
		193,875,161	194,304,095	496,616,961
Interest received		1,976,819	7,648,410	12,509,353
Retirement contributions paid		-	-	(15,500,000)
Retirement benefits paid		-	(839,815)	(9,447,376)
Interest paid		(59,826,038)	(87,273,039)	(119,783,910)
Income taxes paid		(103,119,684)	(81,337,379)	(236,877,213)
Net cash provided by operating				
activities		32,906,258	32,502,272	127,517,815
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING				
ACTIVITIES				
Changes in:				
Due from related parties		11,576,697	295,147,009	217,082,023
Equity securities - at fair value		,,	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	, ,
through other comprehensive				
income		-	(37,500,000)	(12,500,000)
Other noncurrent assets		(65,113,497)	(166,745,327)	(550,737,952)
Notes receivable		(3,481,324)	21,287,524	28,092,436
Proceeds from insurance claims on		(-,,)	,	_=,,,,,,,
property damage	1	-	850,222,546	431,250,000
Additions to property and equipment	9	(68,054,308)	(276,293,895)	(452,873,995)
		(,,,)	(=: :,=00,000)	(11=,0.0,000)
Net cash (used in) provided by investing activities		(125,072,432)	606 117 057	(339,687,488)
investing activities		(125,012,432)	686,117,857	(338,007,400)

Forward

|--|

			Touro Ena	ca becember or
	Note	2021	2020	2019
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Loan payments	26	(P252,659,575)	(P277,659,575)	(P277,659,575)
Payment of lease liabilities	24	(448,875)	(4,055,092)	(13,940,367)
Changes in:		( -,,	( , = = , = = ,	( - / / - /
Due to a related party		(3,119,367)	-	3,119,367
Other noncurrent liabilities		14.022.794	64,503,551	464.765.515
		,,	0.,000,00.	101,100,010
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities		(242,205,023)	(217,211,116)	176,284,940
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(334,371,197)	501,409,013	(35,884,733)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR		1,178,166,307	676,757,294	712,642,027
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	4	P843,795,110	P1,178,166,307	P676,757,294

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### 1. Reporting Entity

Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (the Parent Company) was incorporated and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on September 23, 1994 as an investment holding company. The Parent Company is listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) and is 46%-owned by The Wellex Group, Inc. (TWGI), an entity registered and domiciled in the Philippines.

The details of the equity interest of the Parent Company in its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

		ntage of ership
	Direct	Indirect
Hotels and Resorts		
Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel, Incorporated		
(WCCCHI)	100	-
Waterfront Mactan Casino Hotel, Incorporated (WMCHI)	100	-
Waterfront Iloilo Hotel Inc. (WIHI)	100	-
Waterfront Puerto Princesa Hotel, Inc. (WPPHI) Davao Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (DIHCI)	100 98	-
Acesite (Phils.) Hotel Corporation (Doing business under	90	-
the name and style of Waterfront Manila Hotel and		
Casino) (APHC)	56	_
Grand Ilocandia Resort and Development, Inc. (GIRDI)	54	-
Real Estate		
Acesite Realty, Inc. (formerly CIMA Realty Phils., Inc.)		
(through direct ownership in APHC)	_	56
Fitness Gym		
Waterfront Wellness Group, Inc. (WWGI)	100	_
International Marketing and Promotion of Casinos	.00	
Waterfront Promotion Limited (WPL)	100	_
Mayo Bonanza, Inc. (MBI)	100	-
Club Waterfront International Limited (CWIL) (through	100	
direct ownership in WPL)	_	100
Pastries Manufacturing		
Waterfront Food Concepts, Inc. (WFC)	100	-
Hotel Management and Operation		
Waterfront Hotel Management Corp. (WHMC)	100	_
Watefront Horizon Corporation (formerly Waterfront	100	_
Entertainment Corporation) (WHC)	100	_
Pavillion Enterprises Corp. (through direct ownership in		
APHC)	-	56
Pavillion Leisure and Entertainment Corp. (through direct		
ownership in APHC)	-	56
Investment Holding Company		
Waterfront Cebu Ventures, Inc. (WCVI)	100	-

All of the above subsidiaries were incorporated and registered in the Philippines except for WPL and its subsidiary, CWIL, which were registered in the Cayman Islands.

Management decided to temporarily cease the operations of MBI, WHMC, WPL, CWIL and GIRDI in 2016, 2014, 2003, 2001 and 2000, respectively, due to unfavorable economic conditions.

The registered office of the Parent Company is at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City, Philippines.

#### Status of APHC Operation

On March 18, 2018, a fire broke out in APHC's hotel property that damaged the podium and hotel buildings that resulted to the suspension of its hotel operations. Based on the Fire Certification issued by the Bureau of Fire Protection - National Headquarters on April 23, 2018, the cause of the subject fire was declared and classified as "accidental in nature". APHC incurred casualty losses due to damages on its inventories and hotel property (see Note 9). APHC filed for property damage and business insurance claims from its insurance companies. The amount of insurance claims recoverable amounting to P1.72 billion was confirmed in 2020 amounting to P1.72 billion.

In 2018, APHC started the reconstruction and restoration of the podium and the hotel buildings which are still ongoing as at December 31, 2021. Although the various community quarantines implemented in Metro Manila have caused some delays, construction activities have not been totally stopped and management expects to complete Phase 1 of the reconstruction project by end of September 2022. A soft opening of the podium building, which houses the public areas including the lobby, some food and beverage outlets and the casino area at the ground floor level up to the third floor, is expected by the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2022. A related party, who has a long-term sublease contract with Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corporation (PAGCOR), entered into a long-term lease contract with APHC for the operation of a casino (see Note 8). The entire proceeds from insurance coverage claims have been allotted to complete the Phase 1 of the reconstruction work with additional funding expected to be coming from bank borrowings to be guaranteed by an affiliate.

The amenities, guest facilities and the remaining rooms of the hotel building are expected to be completed in Phases 2 and 3 of the reconstruction project. Phases 2 and 3 are expected to be completed by the 1<sup>st</sup> quarter and 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter of 2023, respectively. These two latter phases will be funded by the cash flows generated by the operations and, when necessary, bank borrowings.

The phased opening of APHC is based on the management's assumption that the travel and hospitality sectors will return to pre-pandemic levels starting 2023 given the decreasing number of Coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) related cases, the relaxation of guidelines for domestic and international travels, as well as the de-escalation from Alert Level 2 to Alert Level 1 in most areas in the Philippines. As the hospitality industry comes to a full recovery, management expects to attract a good share of the incoming tourist markets with the completion of Phases 2 and 3.

#### 2. Basis of Preparation

#### **Basis of Accounting**

These consolidated financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries, collectively herein referred to as the Group, have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). They were approved and authorized for issue by the Parent Company's board of directors (BOD) on May 13, 2022.

Details of the Group's accounting policies are included in Note 29.

The Group has early adopted the amendment to standard, COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to PFRS 16, Leases). The amendment extends the practical expedient introduced in the 2020 amendment which simplified how a lessee accounts for rent concessions that are a direct consequence of COVID-19, permitting lessees to apply the practical expedient to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before June 30, 2022. The amendment has no impact on retained earnings as at January 1, 2021.

#### **Basis of Measurement**

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items, which are measured on an alternative basis on each reporting date:

Items	Measurement Basis
Land, land improvements, hotel buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, and transportation equipment	Revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) - equity securities	Fair value
Retirement benefits asset	Fair value of plan assets (FVPA) less the present value of the defined benefits obligation (DBO)

#### Functional and Presentation Currency

These consolidated financial statements are presented in Philippine peso (PHP), which is the Group's functional currency except for WPL and CWIL, the functional currency of which is the United States dollar (USD). All amounts presented in PHP have been rounded to the nearest peso, unless otherwise indicated.

#### 3. Use of Judgments and Estimates

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, management has made judgments and estimates that affect the application of the Group's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to estimates are recognized prospectively.

#### Judgments

Information about judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements is as follows:

#### Classifying Financial Instruments

The Group exercises judgment in classifying a financial instrument, or its component parts, on initial recognition as a financial asset, financial liability, or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement and the definition of a financial asset, financial liability or an equity instrument. The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Distinguishing Investment Properties and Owner-occupied Properties

The Group determines whether a property qualifies as an investment property. In making its judgment, the Group considers whether the property generates cash flows largely independent of the other assets held by an entity. Owner-occupied properties generate cash flows that are attributable not only to the properties but also to the other assets used in the delivery of services.

Some properties comprise a portion that is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation and another portion that is held for use in the delivery of services or for administrative purposes. If these portions cannot be sold separately, the property is accounted for as investment properly only if an insignificant portion is held for use in the delivery of services or for administrative purposes. Judgment is applied in determining whether ancillary services are so significant that a property does not qualify as investment property. The Group has classified its properties as owner-occupied (see Notes 9, 23 and 24).

#### Transactions with PAGCOR

The Group has significant transactions with PAGCOR. Under Presidential Decree (PD) No. 1869, otherwise known as the PAGCOR Charter, PAGCOR is exempted from payment of any form of taxes other than the 5% franchise tax imposed on the gross revenue or earnings derived by PAGCOR from its operations under the franchise. The amended Revenue Regulations (RR) No. 16-2005 which became effective in 2006, however, provides that gross receipts of PAGCOR shall be subject to the 12% value-added tax (VAT). In February 2007, the Philippine Congress amended PD No. 1869 to extend the franchise term of PAGCOR for another twenty-five (25) years but did not include any revocation of PAGCOR's tax exemption privileges as previously provided for in PD No. 1869. In accounting for the Group's transactions with PAGCOR, the Group's management and its legal counsel have made a judgment that the amended PD No. 1869 prevails over the amended RR No. 16-2005 (see Note 23).

#### Operating Lease Commitments - Group as Lessor

The Group has leased out its commercial spaces to third parties. The Group has determined, based on an evaluation of the terms and conditions of the arrangements such as the lease term not constituting a major part of the economic life of the commercial property and the present value of the minimum lease payments not amounting to substantially all of the fair value of the commercial property, that it retains all the significant risks and rewards of ownership of these commercial spaces and thus, accounts for the contracts as operating leases (see Note 24).

Determining the Lease Term of Contracts with Renewal and Termination Options - Group as Lessee

The Group determines the lease term as the non-cancellable term of the lease, together with any periods covered by an option to extend the lease if it is reasonably certain to be exercised, or any periods covered by an option to terminate the lease, if it is reasonably certain not to be exercised. The Group applies judgment in evaluating whether it is reasonably certain whether or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate the lease. That is, it considers all relevant factors that create an economic incentive for it to exercise either the renewal or termination. After the commencement date, the Group reassesses the lease term if there is a significant event or change in circumstances that is within its control and affects its ability to exercise or not to exercise the option to renew or terminate.

The Group included the renewal period as part of the lease term for lease of its land. There is a reasonable certainty that the Group would exercise its option to renew for the lease because there will be a significant negative effect on its operation if a replacement asset is not readily available (see Note 24).

#### **Provisions and Contingencies**

The Group has received assessments from the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) for deficiency taxes and is also a defendant in various legal cases which are still pending resolutions. The Group's management and legal counsels have made a judgment that the positions of the Group are sustainable and, accordingly, believe that the Group does not have a present obligation (legal or constructive) with respect to such assessments and claims (see Note 25).

#### Classifying Receivables from Related Parties

The Group exercises judgment in classifying the receivables from related parties as under current assets or noncurrent assets based on the expected realization of the receivables. The Group takes into account the credit rating and other financial information about the related parties to assess their ability to settle the Group's outstanding receivables. Related party receivables that are expected to be realized within twelve (12) months after the reporting period or within the Group's normal operating cycle are considered current assets (see Notes 8 and 21).

#### Recognizing Insurance Claims

APHC recognizes gain on insurance from its damaged property and business interruption claims when it is determined that the amount to be received from the insurance recovery is virtually certain and recognition in the period is appropriate considering the following:

- There is a valid insurance policy for the incident;
- The status of APHC's discussion with the adjuster and the insurance company regarding the claim; and
- The subsequent information that confirms the status of the claim as of the reporting date.

Consolidation of Entities in which the Group Holds 43% and 50% Voting Rights Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights results in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- the contractual arrangement(s) with the other vote holders of the investee:
- rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- the Group's voting rights and potential voting rights.

The Group owns 43% and 50% of the voting rights of WCCCHI and DIHCI, respectively. The remaining 57% and 50% of the voting rights of WCCCHI and DIHCI, respectively, is held by Philippine Bank of Communications (PBCOM) in accordance with the Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement (the Agreement) (see Note 26). The Group assessed that control still exists despite the voting rights percentage by sufficiently dominating the voting power to control the operational and financial decisions of WCCCHI and DIHCI subject to the Agreement because the Group is the single largest shareholder of WCCCHI and DIHCI with 100% and 98% equity interest, respectively.

#### Assumptions and Estimation Uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the next financial year is as follows:

#### Allowance for Impairment Losses on Financial Instruments

The Group uses the expected credit loss (ECL) model in estimating the level of allowance which includes forecasts of future events and conditions. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows that are expected to be received discounted at the original effective interest rate (EIR). PFRS 9, Financial Instruments, requires the Group to record ECL on all of its financial instruments, either on a 12-month or lifetime basis. The Group applied the simplified approach to receivables from third parties and its related parties and recorded the lifetime ECL. The model represents a probability-weighted estimate of the difference over the remaining life of the receivables. Lifetime ECL is calculated by multiplying the lifetime Probability of Default by Loss Given Default (LGD) and Exposure at Default (EAD). LGD is the magnitude of the likely loss if there is a default. The Group estimates LGD parameters based on the history of recovery rates of claims against defaulted counterparties. EAD represents the expected exposure in the event of a default. The Group derives the EAD from the current exposure to the counterparty. The EAD of a financial asset is its gross carrying amount at the time of default. In addition, management assessed the credit risk of the receivables as at the reporting date as low, therefore the Group did not have to assess whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred.

Further details on the allowance for impairment losses are disclosed in Notes 5 and 8.

#### Fair Value Estimation

If the financial instruments are not traded in an active market, the fair value is determined using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by qualified personnel independent of the area that created them.

All models are certified before they are used and are calibrated to ensure that outputs reflect actual data and comparative market prices. To the extent practicable, models use only observable data, however areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect reported fair values of financial instruments.

The specific methods and assumptions used by the Group in estimating the fair values of its financial instruments are disclosed in Note 21.

#### Net Realizable Value (NRV) of Inventories

The Group carries its inventories at NRV whenever such becomes lower than cost due to damage, physical deterioration, obsolescence, changes in price levels or other causes. Estimates of NRV are based on the most reliable evidence available at the time the estimates are made of the amount the inventories are expected to be realized. These estimates take into consideration fluctuation of prices or costs directly relating to events occurring after the reporting date to the extent that such events confirm conditions existing at the reporting date. The NRV is reviewed periodically to reflect the accurate valuation in the financial records.

The carrying value of the inventories are disclosed in Note 6.

#### Revaluation of Property and Equipment

The Group carries certain classes of property and equipment at fair value, with changes in fair value being recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI). The Group engaged independent valuation specialists to assess fair value. Fair value is determined with references to transactions involving properties of a similar nature, location and condition.

The key assumptions used to determine the fair value of properties are provided in Note 9.

#### Useful Lives of Property and Equipment

The Group estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the assets. In addition, estimation of the useful lives of property and equipment is based on the collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above.

The carrying amounts of property and equipment are disclosed in Note 9.

#### Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Group's policy on estimating the impairment of nonfinancial assets is discussed in Note 29. The Group assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that the carrying amount of nonfinancial assets may be impaired or that previously recognized impairment losses may no longer exist or may have decreased. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated.

The factors that the Group considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to the expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

The Group believes that the carrying amounts of its nonfinancial assets approximate their recoverable amounts, except for advances to contractors. Further details on the carrying amount of nonfinancial assets are disclosed in Notes 6, 7, 9 and 10.

#### Retirement Benefits

The cost of the defined benefit pension plan and the present value of the pension obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and future pension increases. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a DBO is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

The parameter most subject to change is the discount rate. The discount rate assumption is based on the Bankers Association of the Philippines PHP Bloomberg Valuation Reference Rates benchmark reference curve for the government securities market considering average years of remaining working life of the employees as the estimated term of the DBO.

Further details about pension obligations are provided in Note 18.

#### Deferred Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized for consolidated financial statement and tax differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which these differences can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies.

Further details on deferred taxes are disclosed in Note 19.

#### Leases - Estimating the Incremental Borrowing Rate (IBR)

The Group cannot readily determine the interest rate implicit in the lease, therefore, it uses its IBR to measure lease liabilities. The IBR is the rate of interest that the Group would have to pay to borrow over a similar term, and with a similar security, the funds necessary to obtain an asset of a similar value to the right-of-use assets in a similar economic environment. The IBR therefore reflects what the Group 'would have to pay', which requires estimation when no observable rates are available or when they need to be adjusted to reflect the terms and conditions of the lease. The Group estimates the IBR using observable inputs such as market interest rates when available and is required to make certain entity-specific estimates such as a subsidiary's stand-alone credit rating.

Further details on leases are disclosed in Note 24.

#### 4. Cash and Cash Equivalents

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Short-term placements	21	P543,503,678	P682,156,079
Cash in banks	21	296,308,684	493,225,059
Cash on hand		3,982,748	2,785,169
		P843,795,110	P1,178,166,307

Cash in banks earn interest at the respective bank deposit rates.

Short-term placements earn interest at annual average rate of 0.50% to 5.00% in 2021 and 2020 with average maturities ranging from 30 to 90 days.

Related interest income recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P1.98 million, P7.65 million and P12.51 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### 5. Receivables

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Trade receivables		P302,932,804	P207,500,104
Insurance receivable	1	129,394,446	136,210,506
Advances to employees		1,438,815	2,956,805
Others		325,875,069	226,919,229
	21	759,641,134	573,586,644
Less allowance for impairment losses on			
trade receivables	21	42,942,313	42,942,313
		P716,698,821	P530,644,331

Trade receivables are noninterest-bearing and are generally on a 30-day term.

Insurance receivable pertains to insurance claims for the property damage and business interruption (see Notes 1 and 28).

Others include accrued rent income from the lease agreements of WCCCHI and WMCHI with PAGCOR, Social Security System (SSS) benefits paid in advance by the Group to its officers and employees as well as advances to its suppliers.

In assessing the lifetime ECL of the Group's receivables, the Group excluded in its EAD all receivables that were related to long outstanding third party accounts as these were already specifically identified as uncollectible, hence, impaired. Remaining EAD pertains to receivables from related parties in which the Group deemed to have no credit risk. In 2021, 2020 and 2019, accounts specifically identified as impaired amounted to nil, P7.05 million and P25.80 million, respectively, recognized and presented as part of "Impairment losses" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income while no amount of ECL was recognized.

Movements in the allowance for impairment losses on trade receivables are as follows:

	2021	2020	2019
Beginning balance Impairment losses during	P42,942,313	P43,420,615	P17,618,396
the year	-	7,047,959	25,802,219
Write-offs during the year	-	(7,526,261)	-
Ending balance	P42,942,313	P42,942,313	P43,420,615

#### 6. Inventories

This account consists of:

	2021	2020
Operating supplies	P12,798,692	P9,829,291
Food and beverage	9,789,530	12,340,814
Engineering and maintenance supplies	1,281,633	531,056
	P23,869,855	P22,701,161

The Group's inventories are carried at cost, which is lower than the NRV, as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

The cost of food and beverage charged to profit or loss amounted to P82.41 million, P77.80 million and P228.80 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and is presented as "Food and beverage" account in the consolidated statements of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The Group recognized expenses for operating supplies amounting to P10.44 million, P8.83 million and P20.05 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and are presented as "Supplies" under "Other costs and expenses" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income (see Note 17), while the expenses for engineering and maintenance supplies amounting to P37.93 million, P24.48 million and P76.39 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively, are included under "Repairs and maintenance" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### 7. Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Input VAT		P139,756,115	P131,762,792
Prepaid taxes		50,697,093	48,615,135
Short-term investments	21	12,957,763	12,857,824
Advances to suppliers		6,505,648	8,784,772
Prepaid expenses		6,213,251	4,845,674
Others		2,413,418	3,670,388
		P218,543,288	P210,536,585

Others include prepayments for maintenance services, subscriptions and association dues.

#### 8. Related Party Transactions

The Group's related party transactions include transactions with its key management personnel (KMP) and related parties in the table below.

Related Party	Relationship with the Group
TWGI	Ultimate Parent
Pacific Rehouse Corporation (PRC)	Stockholder
Crisanta Realty Development Corporation (CRDC)	Under common control
Westland Pacific Properties Corporation (WPPC)	Under common control
Rexlon Realty Group, Inc. (RRGI)	Under common control
Pacific Wide Realty Development Corp. (PWRDC)	Stockholder
Philippine Estates Corporation (PHES)	Under common control
Forum Holdings Corporation (FHC)	Stockholder
Plastic City Industrial Corporation (PCIC)	Under common control
East Asia Oil & Mining Company, Inc. (East Asia)	Stockholder
Waterfront Manila Premier Development,	
Inc.(WMPD)	Under common control
Wellex Industries Incorporated (WII)	Under common control
Acesite Leisure and Entertainment Corporation	
(ALEC)	Under common control

Significant Transactions with Related Parties
The Group's transactions with related parties consist of (in thousands):

			Amount of the	Due from Re	lated Parties	Notes	Equity Securities -	Due to a	Advances to a	Advances to	Due to	
Category/Transaction	Year	Note	Transaction	Current	Noncurrent	Receivable	at FVOCI	Related Party	Supplier	Subsidiaries*	Subsidiaries*	Terms and Conditions
Ultimate Parent TWGI												
Advances, interest and	2021	8a	(P12,203)	P971,130	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Secured; interest-bearing;
Settlements	2020	8a	(116,087)	983,333	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	due in one year subject to renewal
	2019	8a	(145,285)	1,099,420	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	partially impaired
Stockholders/under Common Control												
Advances, interest and	2021	8a	10,651	584,570	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	Secured; interest-bearing; due in one
Settlements	2020	8a	10,651	573,919								year; subject to renewal;
Settlements	2019	8a	10,651	563,268	=	<del>-</del>	_	=	=	=	-	not impaired
Payment for purchase of	2019	8a	10,031		-	-	-	-	150,000	•	•	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
				-	•	-	-	•		-	-	
Land	2020 2019	8a 8a	150,000		-	-	-	-	150,000	-	-	demand; not impaired
• CRDC	2019	oa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Advances and interest	2021	8a	10,660	-	423,030	_	_					Unsecured; interest-bearing; due in five
	2020				412,370	•	-	•	•	•	•	
Settlements		8a	17,174	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	years; not impaired
- WDDO	2019	8a	16,798	395,196	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
• WPPC	0004		00.400		****							
Advances and interest	2021	8a	22,400	-	608,675	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unsecured; interest-bearing; due in five
	2020	8a	22,400	-	586,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	years; not impaired
BBOL	2019	8a	8,173	-	563,875	-	-	-	-	-	-	
• RRGI	0004		40.000		050 500							
Advances and interest	2021	8a	42,000		650,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	Secured; interest-bearing; due in three
	2020	8a	42,000	608,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	years; not impaired
	2019	8a	44,625	-	566,500	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<ul> <li>PWRDC</li> </ul>												
Advances	2021	8a, 8b	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Secured; noninterest-bearing; due on
	2020	8a, 8b	(160,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	demand; not impaired
	2019	8a, 8b	-	160,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<ul><li>PHES</li></ul>												
Advances	2021	8b	-	92,054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
	2020	8b	-	92,054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	demand; not impaired
	2019	8b	(12,500)	92,054	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<ul><li>Others</li></ul>			, , ,									
Advances and interest	2021	8b	1,763	61,877	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
	2020	8b	723	60,114	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	demand; not impaired
	2019	8b	(889)	59,391	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	, 1
<ul> <li>WMPD</li> </ul>			()	,								
Equity securities -	2021	8f				-	50,000			_		Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
at FVOCI	2020	8f	37,500	_	_	_	50,000	_	_	_	_	demand; not impaired
ut 1 1001	2019	8f	12,500	_	_	_	12,500	_	_	_	_	domana, not impanda
• WII	2010	O,	12,000				12,000					
Equity securities -	2021	8f	520	-		_	19,943					Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
at FVOCI	2020	8f	1,908		•	•	19,423	•		•	•	
at FVOCI	2020	8f			-	-		-	-	-	-	demand; not impaired
<ul> <li>ALEC</li> </ul>	2019	or	(3,902)	-	-	-	17,515	-	-	-	-	
	2024	0	42.250	4 245		225 272						Unacquired, interest bearings due :-
Notes receivable	2021	8g	13,252	1,345	•	235,273	•	-	-	-	-	Unsecured; interest-bearing; due in
	2020	8g	(12,363)	-	-	223,366	-	-	-	-	-	one year; not impaired
	2019	8g	(18,245)	-	-	235,729	-	-	-	-	-	
A d	0004	0-	0.440									Harrison de manifestrares barreiros de
Advances	2021	8e	3,119	-	-	-	•	- 0.440	•	-	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
	2020	8e	- (4.46.1)	-	-	-	-	3,119	-	-	-	demand
	2019	8e	(4,464)	-	-	-	-	3,119	-	-	-	

<sup>\*</sup>Eliminated during consolidation

Forward

			Amount of the	Due from Re	elated Parties	Notes	Equity Securities -	Due to a	Advances to a	Advances to	Due to	
Category/Transaction	Year	Note	Transaction	Current	Noncurrent	Receivable	at FVOCI	Related Party	Supplier	Subsidiaries*	Subsidiaries*	Terms and Conditions
Subsidiaries												
WCCCHI	2021	8e	P10,220	Р-	Р.	Р.	Р-	Р.	Р.	Р-	723,352	Unsecured; interest-bearing; due in
Advances and	2020	8e	65,903		•		• •				733,572	three years
Settlements	2019	8e	55,206			_				-	799,475	unec years
				-	-		-	-	-		199,415	
Deposits for future stock	2021	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Subscription	2020	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2019	8d	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<ul> <li>DIHCI</li> </ul>												
Advances and	2021	8e	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,053	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8e	(10,179)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14,053	demand
	2019	8e	` - <i>'</i>	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	3,874	
<ul><li>APHC</li></ul>											-,	
Advances and	2021	8c	657		_	_	_	_		186,347	_	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	(4,149)	-	-	-	-	_	-	185,690	-	demand; not impaired
Settlements				-	-	-	-	-	-			demand, not impalied
OIDDI	2019	8c	(68)	-	-	-	-	-	-	189,839	-	
<ul> <li>GIRDI</li> </ul>												
Advances and	2021	8e	3,005	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	196,244	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8e	2,369	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	199,249	demand
	2019	8e	2,275	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	201,618	
<ul><li>WHMC</li></ul>												
Advances and	2021	8c			_	_	_		-	98,940		Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	11,503		_		_		_	98,940	_	demand; fully impaired
Gettierrierits	2019	8c	-	=	<del>-</del>	=	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	87,437	<del>-</del>	demand, fully impalied
- 14/11 11	2019	00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	01,431	-	
• WIHI	0004	•	•									
Advances and	2021	8c	64	-	-	-	-	-	-	386	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	322	-	-	-	-	-	-	322	-	demand; not impaired
	2019	8c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits for future stock	2021	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000	-	
Subscription	2020	8d	125,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	125,000	-	
•	2019	8d		-	-	-	-	-	-	· -	-	
<ul> <li>WPPHI</li> </ul>												
Advances and	2021	8c	279		_	_	_		-	329		Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	50		_		_			50		demand; not impaired
Settlements	2019	8c	30	=	<del>-</del>	=	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>	30	<del>-</del>	demand, not impalied
5 3 6 6 6 6 6			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Deposits for future stock	2021	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,620	-	
Subscription	2020	8d	90,620	-	-	-	-	-	-	90,620	-	
	2019	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
<ul> <li>MBI</li> </ul>												
Advances and	2021	8c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,746	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,746	-	demand; fully impaired
	2019	8c	-	_	-	_	_	_	_	4,746	_	
Deposits for future stock	2021	8d	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	35,000	_	
Subscription	2020	8d	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	35,000	_	
Subscription	2019	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	
- 1404/01	2019	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,000	-	
• WWGI	0007	•										
Advances and	2021	8c	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,061	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	335	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,061	-	demand; fully impaired
	2019	8c	727	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,726	-	
Deposits for future stock	2021	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,000	-	
Subscription	2020	8d	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	13,000	_	
34200p.10	2019	8d	_	_	_	_	_	_		13,000	_	
<ul><li>WMCHI</li></ul>	2013	ou	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,000	-	
	2024	0.	(4 E 700)								200 000	Unacquired, peninterest bearing:
Advances and	2021	8e	(15,700)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	298,026	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8e	(23,166)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	282,326	demand
	2019	8e	(537)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	259,160	

<sup>\*</sup>Eliminated during consolidation

Forward

			Amount of the	Due from Rei		Notes	Equity Securities -	Due to a	Advances to a	Advances to	Due to	
Category/Transaction	Year	Note	Transaction	Current	Noncurrent	Receivable	at FVOCI	Related Party	Supplier	Subsidiaries*	Subsidiaries*	Terms and Conditions
<ul><li>WHC</li></ul>												
Advances and	2021	8e	(P815)	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P4,817	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8e	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,002	demand
	2019	8e	(1,754)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,005	
<ul><li>WFC</li></ul>												
Advances and	2021	8c	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,940	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8c	612	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,940	-	demand; fully impaired
	2019	8c	727	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,328	-	
Deposits for future	2021	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	
stock subscription	2020	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	
	2019	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	-	
<ul> <li>WPL</li> </ul>												
Advances and	2021	8e	129	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,627	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
Settlements	2020	8e	128	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,756	demand
	2019	8e	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	194,884	
<ul> <li>WCVI</li> </ul>												
Deposits for future	2021	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing; due on
stock subscription	2020	8d	100	-	-	-	-	-	-	100	-	demand; not impaired
	2019	8d	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Allowance for	2021		-	(59,619)	-	-	-	-	-	(161,689)	-	
impairment losses	2020		(12,452)	(59,619)	-	-	-	-	-	(161,689)	-	
	2019		112	(59,619)	-	-	-	-	-	(149,237)	-	
KMP												
Short-term employee	2021		35,278	-			_	_				
Benefits	2020		26,825	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
	2019		36,723	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
5	2024											
<ul> <li>Post-employment</li> </ul>	2021		3,828	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Benefits	2020		7,257	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	2019		7,940	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
TOTAL	2021	21		P1,651,357	P1,682,205	P235,273	P69,943	Р-	P150,000	P402,780	P1,431,119	
TOTAL	2020	21		P2,258,301	P998,645	P223,366	P69,423	P3,119	P150,000	P401,780	P1,427,958	

<sup>\*</sup>Eliminated during consolidation

#### a. Interest-bearing Advances to Related Parties

The Group granted interest-bearing advances to TWGI, PRC, CRDC, WPPC and RRGI.

#### TWGI and PRC

The advances granted to TWGI and PRC were substantially used to finance the acquisition or development of real properties for the Parent Company. These advances are due in one (1) year, subject to renewal. The advances to TWGI charge interest at 4% per annum in 2021 and 2020, while the advances to PRC charge interest at 2% per annum in 2021 and 2020. TWGI paid P52.42 million and P150.74 million in 2021 and 2020, respectively, while PRC made no payments in 2021 and 2020.

In a Resolution dated February 5, 2015, the Parent Company, TWGI and PRC entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) whereby the parties agreed that the outstanding balance of the advances from TWGI and PRC will be settled using parcels of land owned by PRC.

On April 3, 2019, the Parent Company, TWGI and PRC made amendments to the previously issued MOU for the inclusion of the new outstanding liabilities of PWRDC to the Parent Company. The amended MOU stated that PWRDC shall be a party to the said MOU, and all references to any obligation or rights that PWRDC shall have under the said MOU shall be in force. All other terms and conditions shall remain unchanged.

On January 6, 2021, the Parent Company, TWGI, PRC and PWRDC made amendments to the previously issued amended MOU to exclude PWRDC since its outstanding liability was already paid in full in 2020. All other terms and conditions shall remain unchanged.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of PRC's land based on valuation performed by an accredited independent appraiser, with a recognized and relevant professional qualification and with recent experience in the locations and categories of the land being valued, amounted to P7.76 billion.

On April 11, 2018, TWGI initiated the transfer of certain parcels of land totaling to P96.87 million located in Puerto Princesa, Palawan as partial settlement of the advances. On April 11, 2019, the deed of absolute sale for the transfer of certain parcels of land was signed.

On December 9, 2019, the Group and PRC entered into a Memorandum of Agreement whereby PRC agreed to sell the Group certain parcels of land to settle the advances as indicated in the MOU. In 2020, the Group made partial payments amounting to P150.00 million for the purchase of certain parcels of land (see Note 10).

Interest receivable from TWGI amounted to P256.36 million and P232.70 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, while interest receivable from PRC amounted to P109.06 million and P98.41 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest income recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P30.64 million, P38.22 million and P53.67 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Allowance for impairment losses on receivables from TWGI amounted to P59.62 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

#### **CRDC**

On December 21, 2015, the Parent Company granted advances to CRDC with an interest of 2% and maturity on December 21, 2020. At the end of 2020, the Parent Company extended the maturity of the advances for a period of five (5) years up to December 21, 2025 at an increased rate of 2.55% per annum. Interest receivable from CRDC amounted to P49.78 million and P39.12 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. It was agreed that CRDC has the option to pay the balance before maturity date without payment of penalty fees and in case the latter refuses or fails to pay the principal and interest within the time agreed upon, the same shall be due and demandable. Interest income recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P9.52 million in 2021 and P7.47 million in 2020 and 2019 while accretion income amounted to nil, P8.81 million and P8.44 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### **WPPC**

On June 1, 2018, the Parent Company granted advances to WPPC amounting to P500.00 million for general corporate purposes. The advances bear interest at 7.5% per annum and repayable in lump-sum at maturity on June 1, 2021.

On December 31, 2018, the Parent Company granted additional advances to WPPC amounting to P33.83 million for general corporate purposes. The advances bear interest at 7.5% per annum and repayable in lump-sum at maturity. WPPC made no payment in 2021 and 2020.

In 2020, the Parent Company extended the maturity of the advances for a period of 5 years up to December 21, 2025 at a decreased rate of 4% per annum.

Interest receivable from WPPC amounted to P108.68 million and P86.28 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest income recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P20.00 million in 2021 and 2020 and P37.50 million in 2019.

#### RRGI

On June 1, 2018, WCCCHI extended advances to RRGI amounting to P500.00 million for general corporate purposes. The advances bear interest at 7.5% per annum and repayable in lump-sum at maturity on June 1, 2021. In 2021, WCCCHI extended the maturity of the advances for a period of 2.5 years up to December 31, 2023. Interest receivable from RRGI amounted to P150.50 million and P108.50 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest income recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P37.50 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019.

#### b. Noninterest-bearing Advances to Related Parties

The Group has noninterest-bearing, collateral-free advances to PWRDC, PHES, FHC, PCIC and East Asia with no fixed term of repayment. The said advances are due and demandable at anytime.

#### **PWRDC**

On July 5, 2018, the Parent Company granted a noninterest-bearing, collateral-free advances to PWRDC which is due on demand (see Note 8a). PWRDC paid the full amount in 2020.

#### PHES, FHC, PCIC and East Asia

The Parent Company has noninterest-bearing, collateral-free advances to PHES, FHC, PCIC and East Asia with no fixed term of repayment. The said advances are due on demand.

The collectability of the aforementioned advances is unconditionally recognized and guaranteed by TWGI, representing the majority stockholder.

#### c. Advances to Subsidiaries

These mainly represent funds provided to support subsidiaries' daily operations and to finance the construction and completion of certain hotel projects.

#### d. Deposits to Subsidiaries

These represent amounts set aside that will be used as subscription payments by the Parent Company once the planned increase in the authorized capital stock of the subsidiaries materialize (see Note 21).

#### e. Due to Subsidiaries/to a Related Party

In the ordinary course of business, the Parent Company obtains noninterest-bearing, collateral-free cash and non-cash advances from related parties for working capital purposes. The above advances are due and demandable at anytime.

On June 1, 2018, the Parent Company received advances from WCCCHI with an interest of 7.5% per annum and maturity on June 1, 2021. In 2021, WCCCHI extended the maturity of the advances for a period of 2.5 years up to December 31, 2023. Accrued interest payable to WCCCHI amounted to P183.80 million and P136.76 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest expense related to the advances recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P42.00 million, P43.50 million and P51.69 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### f. Financial Assets at FVOCI - Equity Securities

The Group has investment in shares of stocks in WMPD amounting to P12.50 million consisting of 12.50 million shares with par value of P1.00 per share as at December 31, 2019. Additional investment was made in 2020 amounting to P37.50 million consisting of 37.50 million shares. This investment is measured at cost due to the lack of reliable estimates of unobserved inputs, less impairment, if any.

In July and August 2005, the BOD of APHC approved the conversion of its net receivables from related parties amounting to P43.30 million into 86.71 million shares of stock of WII which are listed on the PSE. The conversion resulted to a loss on exchange of assets of P31.10 million for APHC. The fair market value of the shares based on closing market price as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounted to P19.94 million and P19.42 million, respectively (see Note 21), resulting in a valuation gain of P0.52 million and P1.91 million in 2021 and 2020, respectively, and valuation loss of P3.90 million in 2019.

#### g. Notes Receivable

In 2017, the Group extended a loan to ALEC payable on December 31, 2018, and bear interest at 4% per annum. In 2018, the Group extended another interest-bearing loan at 4% per annum to ALEC payable at the end of 2019. At the end of 2019, the Group extended the loan, with the same terms as the original loan, to mature at the end of 2020. At the end of 2020, the Group extended another interest-bearing loan at 4% per annum to ALEC payable at the end of 2021. At the end of 2021, the Group extended the loan, with the same terms as the original loan, to mature at the end of 2022. The related interest income recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P8.42 million, P8.93 million and P9.85 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### h. Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement

On December 21, 2017, the Parent Company, WCCCHI, WMCHI, DIHCI, CRDC and PRC entered into the Agreement with PBCOM for the latter to provide the Borrowers multiple term loan facilities for general corporate purposes in the maximum aggregate amount of up to P1.50 billion. Certain real estate properties of PRC and CRDC are used as collateral of the Agreement (see Note 26).

#### i. Lease Agreement with ALEC

APHC and ALEC entered into a seven-year operating lease contract for use of hotel premises. The lease has not commenced yet as APHC's hotel reconstruction is still ongoing as at December 31, 2021 (see Note 1).

The outstanding balances of related party transactions are generally settled in cash.

### 9. Property and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows:

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2021										
	Land	Land Improvements	Leasehold Improvements	Hotel Buildings and Improvements	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	Operating Equipment	Transportation Equipment	Construction- in-Progress			
Measurement Basis:	Revalued	Revalued	At Cost	Revalued	Revalued	At Cost	Revalued	At Cost	Total		
Beginning balance Additions Appraisal increase	P3,304,550,000 - 921,036,000	P18,679,612 - 6,368,574	P25,063,249 - -	P6,520,666,617 - 913,750,627	P1,400,951,560 201,048 52,436,465	P88,363,288 28,661 -	P30,120,761 - 3,387,391	P576,523,365 67,824,599 -	P11,964,918,452 68,054,308 1,896,979,057		
Ending balance	4,225,586,000	25,048,186	25,063,249	7,434,417,244	1,453,589,073	88,391,949	33,508,152	644,347,964	13,929,951,817		
Accumulated Depreciation Beginning balance Depreciation	-	17,112,332 1,216,287	21,364,351 279,121	2,129,359,384 185,789,628	1,153,926,200 138,939,180	86,492,444 261,596	23,437,470 3,764,981	-	3,431,692,181 330,250,793		
Ending balance	-	18,328,619	21,643,472	2,315,149,012	1,292,865,380	86,754,040	27,202,451	-	3,761,942,974		
Carrying Amount	P4,225,586,000	P6,719,567	P3,419,777	P5,119,268,232	P160,723,693	P1,637,909	P6,305,701	P644,347,964	P10,168,008,843		

	For the Year Ended December 31, 2020								
Measurement Basis:	Land Revalued	Land Improvements Revalued	Leasehold Improvements At Cost	Hotel Buildings and Improvements Revalued	Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment Revalued	Operating Equipment At Cost	Transportation Equipment Revalued	Construction- in-Progress At Cost	Total
Beginning balance Additions Appraisal increase	P1,428,918,000 - 1,875,632,000	P18,679,612 - -	P25,063,249 - -	P6,495,645,708 25,020,909 -	P1,381,734,045 19,217,515 -	P88,195,431 167,857 -	P30,120,761 - -	P344,635,751 231,887,614 -	P9,812,992,557 276,293,895 1,875,632,000
Ending balance	3,304,550,000	18,679,612	25,063,249	6,520,666,617	1,400,951,560	88,363,288	30,120,761	576,523,365	11,964,918,452
Accumulated Depreciation Beginning balance Depreciation	-	15,896,045 1,216,287	21,045,049 319,302	1,942,254,837 187,104,547	1,013,819,612 140,106,588	86,120,753 371,691	19,672,488 3,764,982	-	3,098,808,784 332,883,397
Ending balance	-	17,112,332	21,364,351	2,129,359,384	1,153,926,200	86,492,444	23,437,470	-	3,431,692,181
Carrying Amount	P3,304,550,000	P1,567,280	P3,698,898	P4,391,307,233	P247,025,360	P1,870,844	P6,683,291	P576,523,365	P8,533,226,271

The Group engaged independent firms of appraisers to determine the fair value of certain classes of property and equipment, specifically land, land improvements, hotel buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment and transportation equipment, which are carried at revalued amounts. Fair value was determined by reference to market-based evidence, which is the price that would be received to sell an asset in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, an estimate was made in accordance with the prevailing prices for materials, equipment, labor, and contractor's overhead and all other costs associated with acquisition while taking into account the depreciation resulting from physical deterioration, functional and economic obsolescence. The Group's revaluation is done with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period. The dates of the latest revaluation were as at December 10, 2021, December 14, 2021, December 31, 2021 and January 27, 2022, which resulted to the increase in the gross carrying amount of property and equipment amounting to P1.90 billion.

In 2020, the Group engaged an independent firm of appraisers to determine the fair value of land. The date of the revaluation was as at April 12, 2021, which resulted to the increase in the gross carrying amount of land amounting to P1.88 billion.

After the fire incident (see Note 1), APHC engaged an independent firm of appraisers to determine the fair value of certain classes of its property and equipment, specifically hotel building and equipment and furniture, fixtures and equipment, that were damaged by fire. The appraisal results show that the estimated market value of property and equipment after the fire (excluding land) amounted to P293.53 million.

Had the following classes of property and equipment been carried at cost less accumulated depreciation, their carrying amounts as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 would have been as follows:

	2021	2020
Hotel buildings and improvements	P3,186,775,590	P3,186,775,590
Land	650,515,909	650,515,909
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	768,909,701	768,708,653
Transportation equipment	14,696,528	14,696,528
Land improvements	1,328,990	1,328,990
	4,622,226,718	4,622,025,670
Accumulated depreciation	(2,471,902,078)	(2,391,613,337)
	P2,150,324,640	P2,230,412,333

Depreciation on cost charged to profit or loss amounted to P83.14 million, P84.31 million and P81.44 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Depreciation on appraisal increase charged to profit or loss amounted to P247.11 million, P248.57 million and P149.87 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The revaluation increment directly absorbed through casualty losses and depreciation and consequently transferred directly to retained earnings, net of deferred tax effect, amounted to P179.12 million, P167.18 million and P98.80 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The carrying amount of the revaluation surplus amounting to P5.20 billion and P3.82 billion as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, is not available for distribution to shareholders.

#### 10. Other Noncurrent Assets

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Advances to contractors		P784,203,271	P727,001,678
Advances to a supplier	8	150,000,000	150,000,000
Refundable deposits	21	21,557,550	18,761,385
Others	21	25,278,053	20,162,314
		981,038,874	915,925,377
Less allowance for impairment losses			
on advances to contractors		46,100,252	46,100,252
		P934,938,622	P869,825,125

Advances to contractors pertain to deposits in connection with the reconstruction and restoration of APHC's hotel property and equipment and the renovation work of WCCCHI.

Refundable deposits refer to security deposits on utilities, electricity, rental, returnable containers and others.

Others represent deposits to service providers such as security and janitorial services.

In 2019, portion of the advances to contractors specifically identified as impaired amounted to P46.10 million, recognized and presented as part of "Impairment losses" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### 11. Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Accrued:			
Interest and penalties	13, 21	P711,242,831	P1,106,279,481
Salaries, wages and employee			
benefits	21	35,086,469	17,338,632
Utilities	21	13,175,634	6,335,463
Rent	21	-	176,428
Other accruals	21	23,584,018	20,518,165
Trade payables	21	644,126,075	658,296,997
Local taxes and output VAT		80,696,168	43,130,282
Service charges	21	1,732,323	1,731,859
Withholding taxes payable		1,540,991	1,080,809
Unclaimed wages	21	510,242	507,891
Guest deposits	21	155,500	350,000
Retention payables	21	-	4,241,431
Other payables	21	78,396,708	78,303,228
		P1,590,246,959	P1,938,290,666

Trade payables are noninterest-bearing and are normally on 30-day terms and are settled in cash.

Retention payables pertain mainly to amounts withheld from contractors which are payable one year from the date of final turnover and acceptance.

Other payables include commissions, sponsorships, gift certificates issued, SSS, Philippine Health Insurance Corporation and Home Development Mutual Fund and sundry payables.

#### 12. Other Current Liabilities

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Concessionaires' and other deposits	21, 24	P34,691,478	P37,395,856
Deferred income		285,363	611,551
Others	21	1,064,400	1,057,500
		P36,041,241	P39,064,907

Others include a P1.00 million unsecured short-term loan obtained from a local bank in 1996 with interest at prevailing market rate. The proceeds of the loan were used for the working capital requirements of GIRDI. GIRDI is a defendant in a collection case filed by a local bank involving an unsecured short-term loan obtained. While the case is currently inactive and the latest assessment made by the legal counsel is favorable to GIRDI, the payable is still retained until the case is completely dismissed. Management believes that the carrying value of the liability retained in the books as at December 31, 2020 and 2019 sufficiently represents the amount of possible liability that GIRDI may settle in the event that this case will ultimately be activated and decided against GIRDI.

#### 13. Loan Payable

#### SSS Loan

On October 28, 1999, the Parent Company obtained a five-year term loan from SSS amounting to P375.00 million originally due on October 29, 2004. The SSS loan bears interest at the prevailing market rate plus 3% or 14.5% per annum, whichever is higher. Interest is repriced annually and is payable semi-annually. Initial interest payments are due 180 days from the date of the release of the proceeds of the loan. The repayment of the principal shall be based on eight semi-annual payments, after a 1-year grace period.

The SSS loan was availed to finance the completion of the facilities of WCCCHI. It was secured by a first mortgage over parcels of land owned by WII, a related party and by the assignment of 200 million common shares of the Parent Company owned by TWGI. The common shares assigned were placed in escrow in the possession of an independent custodian mutually agreed upon by both parties.

On August 7, 2003, when the total loan obligation to SSS, including penalties and interest, amounted to P605.00 million, the Parent Company was considered in default with the payments of the loan obligations, thus, on the same date, SSS executed a foreclosure proceeding on the mortgaged parcels of land. The SSS's winning bid on the foreclosure sale amounting to P198.00 million was applied to penalties and interest amounting to P74.00 million and P124.00 million, respectively. In addition, the Parent Company accrued penalties charged by SSS amounting to P30.50 million covering the month of August until December 2003, and unpaid interest expense of P32.00 million.

The Parent Company, WII and TWGI were given the right to redeem the foreclosed property within 1 year from October 17, 2003, the date of registration of the certificate of sale. The Parent Company recognized the proceeds of the foreclosure sale as its liability to WII and TWGI. The Parent Company, however, agreed with TWGI to offset this directly against its receivable from the latter. In August 2004, the redemption period for the Parent Company, WII and TWGI expired.

The remaining balance of the SSS loan is secured by the shares of stock of the Parent Company owned by TWGI and shares of stock of WII totaling 235 million and 80 million shares, respectively.

On May 13, 2004, SSS filed a civil suit against the Parent Company for the collection of the total outstanding loan obligation before the Regional Trial Court (RTC) of Quezon City. SSS likewise asked the RTC of Quezon City for the issuance of a writ of preliminary attachment on the collateral property.

On June 18, 2004, the RTC of Quezon City issued its first order granting SSS's request and the issuance of a writ of preliminary attachment based on the condition that SSS shall post an attachment bond in the amount of P452.80 million. After the lapse of 3 months from the issuance of RTC order, no attachment bond was posted. Thus, on September 16, 2004 and September 17, 2004, the Parent Company filed a Motion to Set Aside Order of Attachment and Amended Motion to Set Aside Order of Attachment, respectively.

On January 10, 2005, the RTC of Quezon City issued its second order denying the Parent Company's petition after finding no compelling grounds to reverse or reconsider its initial findings dated June 18, 2004. In addition, since no writ of preliminary attachment was actually issued for failure of SSS to file a bond on the specified date, the RTC granted SSS an extension of fifteen (15) days from receipt of its second order to post the required attachment bond.

On February 10, 2005, SSS filed a Motion for Partial Reconsideration of the Order dated January 10, 2005 requesting that it be allowed to post a real property bond in lieu of a cash/surety bond and asking for another extension of thirty (30) days within which to post the said property bond. On March 7, 2005, the Parent Company filed its opposition to the said Motion.

On July 18, 2005, the RTC of Quezon City issued its third order denying the Parent Company's petition and granted SSS the 30 day extension to post the said attachment bond. Accordingly, on August 25, 2005, the Parent Company filed a Motion for Reconsideration (MR).

On September 12, 2005, the RTC of Quezon City issued its fourth order approving SSS's property bond in the total amount of P452.80 million. Accordingly, the RTC ordered the corresponding issuance of the writ of preliminary attachment. On November 3, 2005, the Parent Company submitted a Petition for Certiorari before the Court of Appeals (CA) seeking the nullification of the orders of the RTC of Quezon City dated June 18, 2004, January 10, 2005, July 18, 2005 and September 12, 2005.

On February 22, 2006, the CA granted the Parent Company's petition for the issuance of the Temporary Restraining Order to enjoin the implementation of the orders of the RTC of Quezon City specifically on the issuance of the writ of preliminary attachment.

On March 28, 2006, the CA granted the Parent Company's petition for the issuance of a writ of preliminary injunction prohibiting the RTC of Quezon City from implementing the questioned orders.

On August 24, 2006, the CA issued a decision granting the Petition for Certiorari filed by the Parent Company on November 3, 2005 and nullifying the orders of the RTC of Quezon City dated June 18, 2004, January 10, 2005, July 18, 2005 and September 12, 2005 and consequently making the writ of preliminary injunction permanent.

Accordingly, SSS filed a Petition for Review on Certiorari on the CA's decision before the Supreme Court (SC).

On November 15, 2006, the First Division of the SC issued a Resolution denying SSS's petition for failure of SSS to sufficiently show that the CA committed any reversible error in its decision which would warrant the exercise of the SC's discretionary appellate jurisdiction.

The Parent Company, at various instances, initiated negotiations with the SSS for restructuring of the loan but was not able to conclude a formal restructuring agreement.

On January 13, 2015, the RTC of Quezon City issued a decision declaring null and void the contract of loan and the related mortgages entered into by the Parent Company with SSS on the ground that the officers and the SSS are not authorized to enter the subject loan agreement. In the decision, the RTC of Quezon City directed the Parent Company to return to SSS the principal amount of loan amounting to P375 million and directed the SSS to return to the Parent Company and to its related parties titles and documents held by SSS as collaterals.

On January 22, 2016, SSS appealed with the CA assailing the RTC of Quezon City decision in favor of the Parent Company, et al. SSS filed its Appellant's Brief and the Parent Company filed a Motion for Extension of Time to file Appellee's Brief until May 16, 2016.

On May 16, 2016, the Parent Company filed its Appellee's Brief with the CA, furnishing the RTC of Quezon City and the Office of the Solicitor General with copies. SSS was given a period to reply but it did not file any.

On September 6, 2016, a resolution for possible settlement was received by the Parent Company from the CA. However, on February 7, 2017 a Notice to Appear dated December 7, 2016 was received by the Parent Company from the Philippine Mediation Center Unit - Court of Appeals (PMCU-CA) directing the Parent Company and SSS to appear in person and without counsel at the PMCU-CA on January 23, 2017 to choose their mediator and the date of initial mediation conference and to consider the possibility of settlement. Since the Notice to Appear was belatedly received, the parties were not able to appear before the PMCU-CA.

On February 27, 2017, a Second Notice to Appear issued by the PMCU-CA directing all parties to appear on February 27, 2017 at a specified time was received by the Parent Company only on February 27, 2017 after the specified time of the meeting. The Parent Company failed to appear.

On June 30, 2017, a resolution issued by the CA, resolved to submit the appeal for decision.

On August 30, 2019, the CA rendered its Decision reversing and setting aside the Decision dated January 13, 2015 and Order dated May 11, 2015 rendered by the RTC of Quezon City.

On November 4, 2019, the counsel for the Parent Company, WII and TWGI filed a Petition for Review with the SC.

On February 5, 2020, the SC issued its Resolution requiring SSS to file its Comment. SSS appealed for an extension to file its Comment until March 23, 2020. On August 14, 2020, the counsel for the Parent Company received a copy of the Comment dated June 24, 2020.

On July 26, 2021, the SC rendered a decision in favor of the Parent Company which includes the declaration of the contract of loan and the foreclosure sale as null and void and ordered the following:

- The Parent Company to pay SSS P375.00 million subject to 12% legal interest from October 28, 1999 to June 30, 2013, and 6% legal interest from July 1, 2013 until full payment; and
- SSS to return to the Parent Company the amount of P35.83 million, subject to a legal interest of 12% from the dates that the individual payments were remitted until June 30, 2013, and 6% legal interest from July 1, 2013 until full payment.

Subsequently, on January 28, 2022, the SSS filed a Motion for Reconsideration with the SC. On February 2, 2022, the Office of the Solicitor General filed a Manifestation with the SC that it filed/served by electronic means its Motion for Reconsideration due to the physical closure of its offices as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. As at the date of authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, there were no updates on the progress of the foregoing motions filed by the SSS and the Office of the Solicitor General with the SC.

As a result of the SC decision, the Parent Company recognized a reversal of previously accrued interest and penalties on the SSS Loan amounting to P415.67 million as at December 31, 2021. The reversal was recognized and presented as "Reversal of accrual" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Outstanding principal balance of the loan amounted to P375.00 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Interest expense related to the SSS loan recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P20.63 million, P60.00 million and P59.92 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019. Accrued interest and penalties, presented as part of "Accrued interest and penalties" under "Accounts payable and accrued expenses" account in the consolidated statement of financial position, amounted to P0.71 billion and P1.17 billion as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 11).

#### 14. Other Noncurrent Liabilities

The account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Advance rentals	23	P232,439,873	P232,439,873
Concessionaires' deposits	21, 23, 24	137,897,535	131,004,216
Retention payables	21	62,628,812	55,499,337
		P432,966,220	P418,943,426

Retention payables pertain to amounts withheld from contractors which are payable 1 year from the date of final turnover and acceptance.

# 15. Segment Information

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to hotel property location, with each segment representing a strategic business unit. Segment accounting policies are the same as the policies described primarily in Note 29 to the consolidated financial statements.

The following table presents the revenue and profit information regarding industry segments for the years ended December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 and certain asset and liability information regarding industry segments as at December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019 (in thousands):

		For the Year Ended December 31, 2021						
	wсссні	WMCHI	DIHCI	Parent Company and Others	APHC and Subsidiaries	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUES External sales	P630,583	P273,229	P90,469	P6,376	Р.	P1,000,657	(P2,869)	P997,788
RESULTS Segment operating profit	P321,972	P126,449	(P19,093)	(P19,397)	(P65,914)	P344,017	P8,572	P352,589
OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME) Depreciation Interest expense Foreign exchange losses (gains) - net Impairment losses	223,515 71,038 - -	67,655 9,684 - -	21,119 - - -	1,055 64,162 11,220	20,538	333,882 144,884 11,219	(42,002) - -	333,882 102,882 11,219
Interest income Reversal of excess accrual Others - net	(80,233) - -	(5,373) - -	(94) - -	(61,924) (415,670) (8,572)	(4,199) - -	(151,823) (415,670) (8,572)	42,002 - 8,572	(109,821) (415,670) -
	214,320	71,966	21,025	(409,729)	16,338	(86,080)	8,572	(77,508)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	29,337	11,419	(6,645)	(102,402)	(32,414)	(100,705)	-	(100,705)
NET INCOME (LOSS)	P78,315	P43,064	(P33,473)	P492,734	(P49,838)	P530,802	Р-	P530,802
OTHER INFORMATION Segment assets Deferred tax assets	P6,637,530 49,077	P1,876,807 24,155	P3,430,396 16,719	P5,801,890 178,520	P3,589,214 15	P21,335,837 268,486	(P4,603,712)	P16,732,125 268,486
Consolidated Total Assets	P6,686,607	P1,900,962	P3,447,115	P5,980,410	P3,589,229	P21,604,323	(P4,603,712)	P17,000,611
Segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	P1,432,203 828,859	P336,991 134,456	P62,318 814,025	P3,022,594 (593)	P1,028,193 314,792	P5,882,299 2,091,539	(P2,643,190) -	P3,239,109 2,091,539
Consolidated Total Liabilities	P2,261,062	P471,447	P876,343	P3,022,001	P1,342,985	P7,973,838	(P2,643,190)	P5,330,648
Other Segment Information Capital expenditures Depreciation	P4,258,723 223,515	P636,794 67,655	P3,249,114 21,119	P98,357 1,055	P1,925,021 20,538	P10,168,009 333,882	P -	P10,168,009 333,882

			For	the Year Ended Dec	ember 31, 2020			
	WCCCHI	WMCHI	DIHCI	Parent Company and Others	APHC and Subsidiaries	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUES External sales	P678,644	P286,819	P82,289	P14,294	P -	P1,062,046	(P7,414)	P1,054,632
RESULTS Segment operating profit	P298,551	P164,929	(P34,722)	(P20,316)	(P80,233)	P328,209	P8,769	P336,978
OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME) Depreciation Interest expense Foreign exchange losses (gains) - net Impairment losses Gains from insurance claims Interest income Others - net	223,371 98,314 - 2,651 - (85,077)	68,391 9,574 18 4,397 - (6,717)	21,467 - - - (1,831)	1,260 104,994 (10,750) 12,452 - (76,222) (8,769)	22,026 - 61 - (854,520) (3,944)	336,515 212,882 (10,671) 19,500 (854,520) (173,791) (8,769)	(43,502) - - - 43,502 8,769	336,515 169,380 (10,671) 19,500 (854,520) (130,289)
	239,259	75,663	19,636	22,965	(836,377)	(478,854)	8,769	(470,085)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	24,683	26,276	(16,856)	(12,084)	101,578	123,597	-	123,597
NET INCOME (LOSS)	P34,609	P62,990	(P37,502)	(P31,197)	P654,566	P683,466	P -	P683,466
OTHER INFORMATION Segment assets Deferred tax assets Consolidated Total Assets	P5,504,396 54,262 P5,558,658	P2,071,595 26,402 P2,097,997	P2,902,172 14,204 P2,916,376	P5,742,037 72,781 P5,814,818	P3,278,075 18 P3,278,093	P19,498,275 167,667 P19,665,942	(P4,422,643) - (P4,422,643)	P15,075,632 167,667 P15,243,299
Segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	P1,518,572 673,887	P348,201 233,521	P46,645 816,168	P3,358,924 (774)	P1,048,108 259,963	P6,320,450 1,982,765	(P2,462,279)	P3,858,171 1,982,765
Consolidated Total Liabilities	P2,192,459	P581,722	P862,813	P3,358,150	P1,308,071	P8,303,215	(P2,462,279)	P5,840,936
Other Segment Information Capital expenditures Depreciation	P3,321,938 223,371	P925,724 68,391	P2,717,954 21,467	P99,384 1,260	P1,468,226 22,026	P8,533,226 336,515	P - -	P8,533,226 336,515

_			For	the Year Ended Dec	ember 31, 2019			
	WCCCHI	WMCHI	DIHCI	Parent Company and Others	APHC and Subsidiaries	Total	Eliminations	Consolidated
REVENUES External sales	P1,273,295	P464,071	P253,754	P27,006	P -	P2,018,126	(P21,057)	P1,997,069
RESULTS Segment operating profit	P489,202	P237,175	P33,505	(P24,243)	(P118,505)	P617,134	Р-	P617,134
OTHER EXPENSES (INCOME) Depreciation Interest expense Foreign exchange losses - net Impairment losses Gains from insurance claims Interest income Others - net	148,803 128,693 - - - (175,491)	55,915 8,674 - 1,150 - (46,019)	7,659 - - - - (1,633)	1,177 115,264 5,915 4,250 - (108,748) (6,825)	20,295 - - 70,507 (234,090) (5,130)	233,849 252,631 5,915 75,907 (234,090) (337,021) (6,825)	(51,686) - (2,551) - 51,686	233,849 200,945 5,915 73,356 (234,090) (285,335) (6,825)
	102,005	19,720	6,026	11,033	(148,418)	(9,634)	(2,551)	(12,185)
INCOME TAX EXPENSE (BENEFIT)	129,999	64,004	7,754	(5,743)	(37,683)	158,331	-	158,331
NET INCOME (LOSS)	P257,198	P153,451	P19,725	(P29,533)	P67,596	P468,437	P2,551	P470,988
OTHER INFORMATION Segment assets Deferred tax assets Consolidated Total Assets	P5,769,463 51,269 P5,820,732	P2,010,204 23,448 P2,033,652	P1,119,259 2,046 P1,121,305	P5,651,080 54,483 P5,705,563	P2,376,356 108,049 P2,484,405	P16,926,362 239,295 P17,165,657	(P4,060,594) - (P4,060,594)	P12,865,768 239,295 P13,105,063
Segment liabilities Deferred tax liabilities	P1,808,757 694,628	P345,595 237,470	P84,573 258,631	P3,119,010 (572)	P907,325 265,582	P6,265,260 1,455,739	(P2,009,271)	P4,255,989 1,455,739
Consolidated Total Liabilities	P2,503,385	P583,065	P343,204	P3,118,438	P1,172,907	P7,720,999	(P2,009,271)	P5,711,728
Other Segment Information Capital expenditures Depreciation	P3,503,786 148,803	P989,685 55,915	P861,872 7,659	P3,606 1,177	P1,258,365 20,295	P6,617,314 233,849	P - -	P6,617,314 233,849

## 16. Capital Stock and Noncontrolling Interests

### Capital Stock

Details of capital stock of the Parent Company as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Number of Common Shares	Amount
Authorized capital stock:	F 000 000 000	DE 000 000 000
at P1 par value per share	5,000,000,000	P5,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding	2,498,991,753	P2,498,991,753

A summary of the Parent Company's securities registration is as follows:

Date of Registration/Listing	Securities
March 17, 1995	112.50 million shares
(Initial Public Offering)	On October 7, 1994, the SEC approved the increase in the authorized capital stock of the Parent Company to P450.00 million divided into 450 million shares with a par value of P1 per share, out of which, 337.50 million shares were already subscribed.
April 18, 1996	944.97 million shares
	On September 18, 1995, the BOD resolved to increase the authorized capital stock of the Parent Company to P2.00 billion divided into 2 billion shares with a par value of P1 per share. The purpose of the increase was to finance the construction of WCCCHI's hotel project.
December 15, 1999	888.47 million shares
	On August 7, 1999, the BOD resolved to increase the authorized capital stock of the Parent Company to P5.00 billion divided into 5 billion shares with a par value of P1 per share. The purpose of the increase was to accommodate the acquisition of DIHCl's outstanding common shares for 888.47 million shares of the Parent Company with an offer price of P2.03 per share.

On July 20, 2007, the BOD resolved to increase the authorized capital stock of the Parent Company to P10.00 billion with 10 billion shares at par value of P1 per share. This resolution was ratified by the Parent Company's stockholders owning at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock during the annual stockholders' meeting held on August 25, 2007.

In 2009, the BOD passed a resolution temporarily suspending the implementation of the above proposed increase in the authorized capital stock of the Parent Company. As at December 31, 2021, the Parent Company has no updated plans to increase its authorized capital stock, or to modify any issued shares or to exchange them to another class.

The Parent Company has not sold any unregistered securities for the past 3 years. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Parent Company has 2.50 billion shares listed on the PSE and has a total of 432 shareholders and 435 shareholders, respectively.

# Noncontrolling Interests (NCIs)

The details of the Group's material NCIs are as follows (in thousands):

	December 31, 2021		Decemb	per 31, 2020
	APHC	GIRDI	APHC	GIRDI
Percentage of NCI	44%	46%	44%	46%
Carrying amount of NCI	P963,929	P197,818	P841,563	P198,382
Net (loss) income attributable to NCI	(P22,077)	(P564)	P289,973	(P312)
Other comprehensive income attributable to NCIs	P144,443	Р-	P1,787	P -

The following are the audited condensed financial information of investments in subsidiaries with material NCIs (in thousands):

	December 31, 2021		Decemb	per 31, 2020
	APHC	GIRDI	APHC	GIRDI
Total assets Total liabilities	P3,161,427 (1,222,125)	P467,756 (37,716)	P3,279,646 (1,309,625)	P468,998 (37,732)
Net assets	P1,939,302	P430,040	P1,970,021	P431,266
Revenue	Р-	P1,763	Р-	P1,712
Net (loss) income Other comprehensive income	(P49,653) 18,933	(P1,226) -	P654,566 4,034	(P679) -
	(P30,720)	(P1,226)	P658,600	(P679)
Cash flows provided by operating activities Cash flows (used in) provided by investing	(P96,799)	Р-	P14,198	Р-
activities  Cash flows (used in) provided by financing	(125,178)	-	613,210	-
activities	(8,835)	-	35,681	-
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(P230,812)	Р-	P663,089	Р-

## 17. Other Costs and Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020	2019
Taxes and licenses		P50,299,803	P66,189,717	P104,719,701
Laundry, valet and other				
hotel services		27,174,393	32,008,594	121,723,857
Security and other related				
services		26,670,949	31,888,701	40,730,273
Professional fees		18,643,442	18,094,052	18,801,710
Insurance		14,942,458	13,885,400	13,322,652
Data processing		11,419,553	11,290,352	21,233,251
Corporate expenses		10,949,759	16,388,650	20,382,390
Supplies	6	10,437,978	8,833,145	20,045,746
Representation and				
entertainment		6,302,901	712,769	12,773,517
Communications		3,891,658	4,522,231	4,178,568
Guest amenities		3,383,512	2,791,592	5,477,313
Fuel and oil		2,813,882	2,738,638	6,909,177
Advertising		2,674,646	7,203,921	17,522,754
Commissions		1,836,297	4,916,118	10,878,712
Transportation and travel		1,808,155	2,638,236	3,358,155
Guest and laundry valet		1,188,053	1,580,568	5,921,144
Meeting expenses		934,268	736,835	1,201,170
Miscellaneous		3,295,539	11,603,143	17,339,171
		P198,667,246	P238,022,662	P446,519,261

Miscellaneous include recruitment expense and employee association dues.

## 18. Retirement Benefits Cost

Certain subsidiaries have noncontributory, defined benefit plans (the Plans) covering substantially all of their regular employees with at least 5 years of continuous service. The benefits are based on percentage of the employee's final monthly salary for every year of continuous service depending on the length of stay. Contributions and costs are determined in accordance with the actuarial studies made for the Plans.

The latest independent actuarial valuation of the Plans was as at December 31, 2021, which was prepared using the projected unit credit method. The Plans are administered by independent trustees (the Retirement Plan Trustees) with assets held consolidated for the Group.

The Plans are registered with the BIR as a tax-qualified plan under Republic Act (R.A.) No. 4917, As Amended, otherwise known as "An Act Providing that Retirement Benefits of Employees of Private Firms shall not be Subject to Attachment, Levy, Execution, or any Tax whatsoever."

The reconciliation of the present value of the DBO and the FVPA to the recognized retirement benefits asset as presented in the consolidated statement of financial position is as follows:

2021	DBO	FVPA	Retirement Benefits Asset
Balance, January 1, 2021	P109,046,519	(P163,909,591)	(P54,863,072)
Included in Profit or Loss Current service cost Net interest cost (income)	8,601,847 3,775,786 12,377,633	(5,730,633) (5,730,633)	8,601,847 (1,954,847) 6,647,000
Included in OCI Remeasurement gains on plan assets:  1. Actuarial gains arising from:  • Changes in demographic assumptions  • Experience adjustments  • Changes in financial assumptions  2. Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(738,760) (3,986,814) (16,368,063) - (21,093,637)	- - - - 3,806,523 3,806,523	(738,760) (3,986,814) (16,368,063) 3,806,523 (17,287,114)
Others	(=1,000,001)	0,000,020	(11,201,111)
Benefits paid from plan assets	(4,714,243)	4,714,243	-
Balance, December 31, 2021	P95,616,272	(P161,119,458)	(P65,503,186)
2020 Balance, January 1, 2020	DBO P149,019,737	FVPA (P186,122,611)	Retirement Benefits Asset (P37,102,874)
Included in Profit or Loss Current service cost Net interest cost (income)	12,101,529 7,276,796 19,378,325	(9,114,628) (9,114,628)	12,101,529 (1,837,832) 10,263,697
Included in OCI Remeasurement gains on plan assets:  1. Actuarial gains arising from:  • Changes in financial assumptions  • Experience adjustments  2. Return on plan assets excluding interest income	(9,719,660) (13,708,289)	- - (3,756,131)	(9,719,660) (13,708,289) (3,756,131)
	(23,427,949)	(3,756,131)	(27,184,080)
Others Benefits paid from: Book reserves Plan assets Balance, December 31, 2020	(839,815) (35,083,779) P109,046,519	35,083,779 (P163,909,591)	(839,815) - (P54,863,072)
Dalatice, December 31, 2020	F 109,040,319	(୮ 103,808,381)	(1504,000,072)

The retirement benefits cost recognized in profit or loss in 2021, 2020 and 2019 amounted to P6.65 million, P10.26 million, and P7.55 million, respectively, and is presented as part of "Personnel costs" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

Personnel costs comprise the following:

	2021	2020	2019
Salaries and wages	P119,337,169	P192,108,881	P249,463,879
Retirement benefits expense	6,647,000	10,263,697	7,551,068
Other employee benefits	11,445,232	15,188,822	23,978,920
	P137,429,401	P217,561,400	P280,993,867

The Group's plan assets consist of the following:

	2021	2020
Debt instruments - government bonds	P101,922,746	P103,545,677
Cash and cash equivalents	26,736,944	27,172,877
Investment in government securities	20,898,877	21,547,124
Deposit in banks	7,982,415	8,230,016
Equity instruments	756,001	301,919
Investment in other securities and debt		
instruments	211,508	432,287
Debt instruments - other bonds	100,067	103,355
Other receivables	2,510,900	2,576,336
	P161,119,458	P163,909,591

The principal actuarial assumptions at reporting date are as follows:

	2021	2020
Discount rate	4.83% - 5.00%	3.40% - 3.79%
Salary increase rate	3.00% - 5.00%	3.00% - 5.00%

Assumptions regarding the mortality and disability rates are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Table and the 1952 Disability Table, respectively.

The weighted-average duration of the DBO is 13.67 years and 14.71 years as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively.

Maturity analysis of the benefit payments as at December 31 follows:

	2021	2020
Carrying amount	P95,616,272	P109,046,519
Within one year Within one to five years Within five to ten years	P10,474,997 28,487,998 73,972,376	P8,783,207 32,028,046 59,135,116
Contractual cash flows	P112,935,371	P99,946,369

#### Sensitivity Analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the DBO by the amounts shown below:

_		2021		2020
	+1%	-1%	+1%	-1%
Discount rate	(P7,891,171)	P9,104,942	(P10,278,632)	P12,020,686
Salary increase rate	9,188,300	(8,145,868)	11,856,041	(10,417,135)

Although the analysis does not take account of the full distribution of cash flows expected under the Plans, it does provide an approximation of the sensitivity of the assumptions shown.

These respective Plans expose the Group to actuarial risks such as longevity risk, interest rate risk, and market (investment) risk.

## Asset-liability Matching

The Retirement Plan Trustees have no specific matching strategy between the plan assets and the plan liabilities.

# **Funding Policy**

The Group is not required to pre-fund the future defined benefits payable under the retirement plans before they become due. However, in the event a benefit claim arises and the respective Plans' fund is insufficient to pay the claim, the shortfall will be paid by the Group directly to the employee-retiree. Hence, the amount and timing of contributions to the respective Plans are at the Group's discretion.

## 19. Income Taxes

The components of the Group's income tax (benefit) expense are as follows:

	2021	2020	2019
Recognized in Profit or Loss Current tax expense			
Current year	P87,770,599	P95,787,735	P264,358,618
Impact of change in tax rate	(9,700,778)	-	
	78,069,821	95,787,735	264,358,618
Deferred tax (benefit) expense			
Current year	(168,251,867)	27,809,330	(106,028,004)
Impact of change in tax rate	(10,523,312)		
	(178,775,179)	27,809,330	(106,028,004)
	(P100,705,358)	P123,597,065	P158,330,614
Recognized in OCI			
Deferred tax expense			
Current year Impact of change in tax rate	P478,554,937 (291,824,447)	P570,844,827	P420,695,671
mpast of sharige in tax rate	P186,730,490	P570,844,827	P420,695,671

The reconciliation of the income tax expense computed at the statutory tax rate to the actual income tax (benefit) expense shown in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income is as follows:

	2021	2020	2019
Income before income tax (benefit) expense	P430,096,281	P807,063,414	P629,318,976
Statutory tax rate for income tax	20%/25%	30%	30%
Income tax expense at statutory rate Additions to (reductions in) income tax resulting from the tax effects of: Unrecognized deferred tax	P107,758,342	P242,119,024	P188,795,693
assets during the year Nondeductible expenses Derecognition of net operating loss carry-over (NOLCO) and minimum corporate	16,590,736 12,253,190	23,405,779 12,368,659	1,617,811 44,432,939
income tax (MCIT) Change in tax rate	- (20,224,090)	108,048,907 -	
Income not subjected to income tax Recognition of previously unrecognized deferred tax asset	(104,412,021) (112,671,515)	(262,345,304)	(76,515,829)
40001	(P100,705,358)	P123,597,065	P158,330,614

On March 26, 2021, the President of the Philippines approved the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises or the CREATE Act, with nine (9) provisions vetoed by the President. Below are the salient features of the CREATE Act that are relevant to the Group.

- a) Corporate income tax rate is reduced from 30% to 20% for domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding P5.00 million and with total assets not exceeding P100.00 million. All other domestic corporations and resident foreign corporations will be subject to 25% income tax. Said reductions are effective July 1, 2020.
- b) MCIT rate is reduced from 2% to 1% effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.

On April 8, 2021, the BIR issued the following implementing RRs that are effective immediately upon publication:

- BIR RR No. 2-2021, Amending Certain Provisions of RR No. 2-98, As Amended, to Implement the Amendments Introduced by R.A. No. 11534, or the CREATE Act, to the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, As Amended, Relative to the Final Tax on Certain Passive Income;
- BIR RR No. 3-2021, Rules and Regulations Implementing Section 3 of R.A. No. 11534, Otherwise Known as the CREATE Act, Amending Section 20 of the NIRC of 1997, As Amended;
- BIR RR No. 4-2021, Implementing the Provisions on VAT and Percentage Tax Under R.A. No. 11534, Otherwise Known as the CREATE Act, Which Further Amended the NIRC of 1997, As Amended, As Implemented by RR No. 16-2005 (Consolidated VAT Regulations of 2005), As Amended; and

BIR RR No. 5-2021, Implementing the New Income Tax Rates on the Regular Income of Corporations, on Certain Passive Incomes, Including Additional Allowable Deductions from Gross Income of Persons Engaged in Business or Practice of Profession Pursuant to R.A. No. 11534 or the CREATE Act, Which Further Amended the National Internal Revenue Code of 1997, As Amended.

The corporate income tax rates of the subsidiaries were lowered from 30% to either 20% or 25% on whichever they qualified, effective July 1, 2021.

The movements of the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

December 31, 2021	Balance January 1, 2021	Recognized in Profit or Loss	Recognized in OCI	Balance December 31, 2021
Deferred tax liabilities:	2021	LUSS	111 001	2021
Revaluation surplus on property				
and equipment	P1,876,934,232	(P93,476,698)	P193,122,384	P1,976,579,918
Accrued rent income	57,318,527	16,243,561	-	73,562,088
Unamortized discount on security	31,929,830	(7.059.260)		24 974 564
deposit Retirement benefits asset	16,458,923	(7,058,269) 6,457,314	(6,391,894)	24,871,561 16,524,343
Unrealized foreign exchange gain	1,997	(832)	(0,001,001)	1,165
Accrued interest income	121,777	(121,777)	-	· -
	1,982,765,286	(77,956,701)	186,730,490	2,091,539,075
Deferred tax assets:				
Accrued interest expense on loan	71,977,137	105,833,570	-	177,810,707
Advanced rental	69,731,961	(11,621,994)	-	58,109,967
NOLCO Accrued rent expense	11,904,636 3,848,092	2,980,432 5,540,964	-	14,885,068 9,389,056
Allowance for impairment losses on	3,040,092	5,540,904	-	9,309,030
receivables	6,084,387	(1,014,064)	-	5,070,323
Lease liabilities - net	2,551,637	(681,025)	-	1,870,612
MCIT	463,431	303,775	-	767,206
Unamortized past service cost Unearned revenues	798,024 289,471	(395,867) (123,886)	_	402,157 165,585
Unrealized foreign exchange loss	18,356	(3,427)	-	14,929
	167,667,132	100,818,478	-	268,485,610
	P1,815,098,154	(P178,775,179)	P186,730,490	P1,823,053,465
	Balance	Recognized		Balance
	January 1,	in Profit or	Recognized	December 31,
December 31, 2020			Recognized in OCI	
Deferred tax liabilities:	January 1,	in Profit or	•	December 31,
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property	January 1, 2020	in Profit or Loss	in OCI	December 31, 2020
Deferred tax liabilities:	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122)	in OCI	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment	January 1, 2020	in Profit or Loss	in OCI	December 31, 2020
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074)	in OCI P562,689,600 -	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165)	in OCI	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074)	in OCI P562,689,600 -	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165)	in OCI P562,689,600 -	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777 1,982,765,286
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777 1,982,765,286
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777 1,982,765,286
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961	in Profit or Loss (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777 1,982,765,286 71,977,137 69,731,961
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020 P1,876,934,232 57,318,527 31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777 1,982,765,286 71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005 4,314,859	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)  18,000,000 - (96,106,583) 2,930,087 1,769,528	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020  P1,876,934,232 57,318,527  31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777  1,982,765,286  71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092 6,084,387
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on receivables Lease liabilities - net	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005 4,314,859 737,044	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816  (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043)  (43,818,588)  18,000,000 (96,106,583) 2,930,087  1,769,528 1,814,593	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020  P1,876,934,232 57,318,527  31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777  1,982,765,286  71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092 6,084,387 2,551,637
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on receivables	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005 4,314,859	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816 (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)  18,000,000 - (96,106,583) 2,930,087 1,769,528	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020  P1,876,934,232 57,318,527  31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777  1,982,765,286  71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092 6,084,387
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on receivables Lease liabilities - net MCIT Unamortized past service cost Unearned revenues	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005 4,314,859 737,044 37,690	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816  (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)  18,000,000 - (96,106,583) 2,930,087  1,769,528 1,814,593 425,741 (315,436) (164,204)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020  P1,876,934,232 57,318,527  31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777  1,982,765,286  71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092 6,084,387 2,551,637 463,431
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on receivables Lease liabilities - net MCIT Unamortized past service cost	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005 4,314,859 737,044 37,690 1,113,460	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816  (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)  18,000,000 - (96,106,583) 2,930,087  1,769,528 1,814,593 425,741 (315,436)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020  P1,876,934,232 57,318,527  31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777  1,982,765,286  71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092 6,084,387 2,551,637 463,431 798,024 289,471 18,356
Deferred tax liabilities: Revaluation surplus on property and equipment Accrued rent income Unamortized discount on security deposit Retirement benefits asset Unrealized foreign exchange gain Accrued interest income  Deferred tax assets: Accrued interest expense on loan Advanced rental NOLCO Accrued rent expense Allowance for impairment losses on receivables Lease liabilities - net MCIT Unamortized past service cost Unearned revenues	January 1, 2020 P1,388,596,754 21,964,711 33,904,904 11,130,861 20,040 121,777 1,455,739,047 53,977,137 69,731,961 108,011,219 918,005 4,314,859 737,044 37,690 1,113,460	in Profit or Loss  (P74,352,122) 35,353,816  (1,975,074) (2,827,165) (18,043) - (43,818,588)  18,000,000 - (96,106,583) 2,930,087  1,769,528 1,814,593 425,741 (315,436) (164,204)	in OCI P562,689,600 8,155,227	December 31, 2020  P1,876,934,232 57,318,527  31,929,830 16,458,923 1,997 121,777  1,982,765,286  71,977,137 69,731,961 11,904,636 3,848,092  6,084,387 2,551,637 463,431 798,024 289,471

Deferred tax assets have not been recognized by certain subsidiaries in respect of the following items in the table below because it is not probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the subsidiaries can utilize the benefits thereon prior to their expiration or reversal.

The BIR issued RR No. 25-2020 to implement Section 4 (bbbb) of R.A. No. 11494, *Bayanihan to Recover as One Act*, which provides that the NOLCO incurred for taxable years 2020 and 2021 can be carried over as a deduction from gross income for the next 5 consecutive taxable years immediately following the year of such loss. The said RR also defined taxable years 2020 and 2021 to include those corporations with fiscal years ending on or before June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022, respectively.

	2021		2	2020
	Tax Base	Tax Effect	Tax Base	Tax Effect
NOLCO	P261,961,723	P65,406,444	P456,289,365	P136,886,809
MCIT	304,675	304,675	262,176	262,176
Allowance for				
impairment losses	-	-	(194,220)	(58,266)
	P262,266,398	P65,711,119	P456,357,321	P137,090,719

The movements of unrecognized net deferred tax assets of the Group are as follows:

	2021	2020
Balance at beginning of year	P137,090,719	P10,205,901
Unrecognized deferred tax assets during the year:		
NOLCO	16,487,829	131,426,611
MCIT	54,944	217,013
Impairment losses	-	124,790
Expiration of unrecognized deferred tax assets:		
NOLCO	(64,401,734)	(4,883,596)
MCIT	(137,630)	-
Impact of change in tax rate	(23,383,009)	-
Balance at end of year	P65,711,119	P137,090,719

The details of the unrecognized NOLCO covered by R.A. No. 11494 are as follows:

Year Incurred	Expiry Year	Amount	Applied	Expired	Balance
2021	2026	P66,036,063	P -	Р-	P66,036,063
2020	2025	76,753,977	-	-	76,753,977
		P142,790,040	P -	P -	P142,790,040

The details of the unrecognized NOLCO not covered by R.A. No. 11494 are as follows:

Year Incurred	Expiry Date	NOLCO	Applied	Expired Amount	Remaining Amount
2019 2018	December 31, 2022 December 31, 2021	P119,171,683 257.629.935	P -	P - 257.629.935	P119,171,683
2010	December 31, 2021	P376,801,618	P -	P257,629,935	P119,171,683

Certain subsidiaries were required to pay MCIT under existing tax regulations. The MCIT payments and the applicable years that these will be deductible from future regular corporate income tax payable are shown below.

Year Incurred	Expiry Date	MCIT	Applied	Expired Amount	Remaining Amount
2021	December 31, 2024	P54,944	Р-	Р-	P54,944
2020	December 31, 2023	133,641	-	-	133,641
2019	December 31, 2022	116,090	-	-	116,090
2018	December 31, 2021	137,630	-	137,630	-
		P442,305	P -	P137,630	P304,675

## 20. Earnings Per Share

Earnings per share (EPS) is computed by dividing the net income for the year by the weighted average number of outstanding shares of common stock during the year.

	2021	2020	2019
Net income attributable to equity holders of the Parent			
Company	P554,112,411	P394,555,853	P439,574,045
Weighted number of shares outstanding	2,498,991,753	2,498,991,753	2,498,991,753
Earnings per share -			
basic and diluted	P0.222	P0.158	P0.176

There are no potentially dilutive shares as at December 31, 2021, 2020 and 2019. Accordingly, diluted EPS is the same as basic EPS.

### 21. Financial Instruments - Risk Management and Fair Values

### Risk Management Structure

## BOD

The BOD is mainly responsible for the overall risk management approach and for the approval of risk strategies and principles of the Group. It also has the overall responsibility for the development of risk strategies, principles, frameworks, policies and limits. It establishes a forum of discussion of the Group's approach to risk issues in order to make relevant decisions.

### Risk Management Committee

Risk management committee is responsible for the comprehensive monitoring, evaluation and analysis of the Group's risks in line with the policies and limits set by the BOD.

### Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Group's principal financial instruments comprise of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, notes receivable, due from related parties, short-term investments, equity securities - at FVOCI, other noncurrent assets (excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier), accounts payable and accrued expenses (excluding local taxes, output VAT and withholding taxes), loans payable, due to a related party, lease liabilities, other current liabilities (excluding deferred income), concessionaires' deposits and retention payables. These financial instruments arise directly from operations.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Group are credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk. There has been no change to the Group's exposure to risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risks in prior financial year. The Group's management reviews and approves policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarized as follows:

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables.

The Group has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analyzed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings, if they are available, financial statements, credit agency information, industry information, and in some cases bank references. The Group limits its exposure to credit risk by establishing credit limits and maximum payment period for each customer, reviewing outstanding balances to minimize transactions with customers in industries experiencing particular economic volatility.

With respect to credit risk from other financial assets of the Group, which mainly comprise of cash and cash equivalents (excluding cash on hand), receivables, notes receivable, due from related parties, short-term investments, equity securities - at FVOCI and other noncurrent assets (excluding advances to contractors), the exposure of the Group to credit risk arises from the default of the counterparty, with a maximum exposure equal to the carrying amount of these instruments.

There is no other significant concentration of credit risk in the Group.

The tables below show the credit quality of the Group's financial assets (in thousands):

		2021		
	At Amortized Cost			
	·		Lifetime	_
			ECL - not	Lifetime
		12-month	credit	ECL - credit
	FVOCI	ECL	impaired	impaired
Grade A	P69,943	P5,000,176	Р-	Р-
Grade B	-	184,965	-	-
Grade C	-	102,561	-	-
Gross carrying amount	69,943	5,287,702	-	-
Loss allowance	-	102,561	-	-
Carrying amount	P69,943	P5,185,141	Р-	Р-

	2020					
	_	At Amortized Cost				
			Lifetime			
			ECL - not	Lifetime		
		12-month	credit	ECL - credit		
	FVOCI	ECL	impaired	impaired		
Grade A	P69,736	P5,070,068	P -	Р-		
Grade B	-	168,052	-	-		
Grade C	-	102,561	-			
Gross carrying amount	69,736	5,340,681	-	-		
Loss allowance	-	102,561	-	-		
Carrying amount	P69,736	P5,238,120	P -	P -		

The credit grades used by the Group in evaluating the credit quality of its receivables to customers and other parties are the following:

Grade A financial assets pertain to financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired which have good collection status. These financial assets are those which have high probability of collection, as evidenced by counterparties having ability to satisfy their obligations.

Grade B financial assets are those past due but not impaired financial assets and with fair collection status. These financial assets include those for which collections are probable due to the reputation and the financial ability to pay of the counterparty but have been outstanding for a length of time.

Grade C financial assets are those which have continuous default collection issues. These financial assets have counterparties that are most likely not capable of honoring their financial obligations

As at December 31, the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk, without considering the effects of collateral, credit enhancements and other credit risk mitigation techniques are as follows (in thousands):

	Note	2021	2020
Cash and cash equivalents*	4	P839,812	P1,175,381
Receivables	5	759,641	573,587
Notes receivable	8	235,273	223,366
Due from related parties	8	3,393,182	3,316,565
Short-term investments	7	12,958	12,858
Equity securities - at FVOCI	8	69,943	69,736
Other noncurrent assets **	10	46,836	38,924
		5,357,645	5,410,417
Less allowance for impairment losses	5, 8	102,561	102,561
		P5,255,084	P5,307,856

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding cash on hand

The aging analyses of the Group's financial assets as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows (in thousands):

			Neither Past Due	Past Due but not Impaired					
December 31, 2021	Note	Total	nor Impaired	<30 Days	30 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	91 - 120 Days	> 120 Days	Impaired
Cash and cash equivalents*	4	P839,812	P839,812	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-
Receivables	5	759,641	531,734	41,595	5,690	2,657	23	135,000	42,942
Notes receivable	8	235,273	235,273	-	-	· -	-	-	· -
Due from related parties	8	3,393,182	3,333,563	-	-	-	-	-	59,619
Short-term investments	7	12,958	12,958	-	-	-	-	-	´-
Equity securities - at FVOCI	8	69,943	69,943	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other noncurrent assets **	10	46,836	46,836	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		P5,357,645	P5,070,119	P41,595	P5,690	P2,657	P23	P135,000	P102,561

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding cash on hand

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier

			Past Due		Past D	ue but not In	npaired		
			nor	<30	30 - 60	61 - 90	91 - 120	> 120	
December 31, 2020	Note	Total	Impaired	Days	Days	Days	Days	Days	Impaired
Cash and cash equivalents*	4	P1,175,381	P1,175,381	Р-	P -	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-
Receivables	5	573,587	362,593	37,156	2,559	3,770	997	123,570	42,942
Notes receivable	8	223,366	223,366	-	-	-	-	-	-
Due from related parties	8	3,316,565	3,256,946	-	-	-	-	-	59,619
Short-term investments	7	12,858	12,858	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity securities - at FVOCI	8	69,736	69,736	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other noncurrent assets **	10	38,924	38,924	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total		P5,410,417	P5,139,804	P37,156	P2,559	P3,770	P997	P123,570	P102,561

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding cash on hand

Impairment on the financial assets has been measured on a 12-month expected loss basis and reflects the short maturities of the exposure.

The credit quality of the Group's financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired is considered to be of good quality and expected to be collectible without incurring any credit losses.

Information on the Group's receivables and due from related parties that are impaired as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 and the movement of the allowance used to record the impairment losses are disclosed in Notes 5 and 8 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Group monitors and maintains a level of cash deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's operation and mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Additional short-term funding is obtained through related party advances and from bank loans, when necessary.

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the BOD, which has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Group manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities. For the Group's short-term funding, the Group's policy is to ensure that there is sufficient working capital inflows to match repayments of short-term debt.

The following table summarizes the maturity profile of the Group's financial liabilities as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 based on contractual undiscounted payments (in thousands):

		Total	Contractual Undiscounted Payments			
		Carrying			Less than	
December 31, 2021	Note	Amount	Total	On Demand	1 Year	> 1 Year
Accounts payable and accrued						
expenses*	11	P1,508,010	P1,508,010	P1,508,010	Р-	Р-
Loans payable	13, 26	1,010,106	1,010,106	375,000	635,106	-
Lease liabilities	24	129,472	666,329		15,197	651,132
Other current liabilities**	12	35,756	35,756	1,064	34,692	
Concessionaires' deposits - net of		•	•	•	•	
current portion	14	137,898	232,440	-	-	232,440
Retention payables	14	62,629	62,629	-	-	62,629
		P2,883,871	P3,515,270	P1,884,074	P684,995	P946,201

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding local taxes and output VAT and withholding taxes payable

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excluding deferred income

		Total	al Contractual Undiscounted Payments			
		Carrying			Less than	
December 31, 2020	Note	Amount	Total	On Demand	1 Year	> 1 Year
Accounts payable and accrued						
expenses*	11	P1,894,080	P1,894,080	P1,894,080	Р-	Р-
Loans payable	13, 26	1,262,766	1,262,766	375,000	252,660	635,106
Due to a related party	8	3,119	3,119	3,119	-	-
Lease liabilities	24	130,660	681,466	-	15,137	666,329
Other current liabilities**	12	38,453	38,453	1,057	37,396	-
Concessionaires' deposits - net of						
current portion	14	131,004	237,437	-	-	237,437
Retention payables	14	55,499	55,499	-	-	55,499
		P3,515,581	P4,172,820	P2,273,256	P305,193	P1,594,371

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding local taxes and output VAT and withholding taxes payable \*\*Excluding deferred income

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or cash flows of a financial instrument of the Group will fluctuate due to change in market prices. Market risk reflects interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risks.

The Group is primarily exposed to the financial risk of changes in equity prices of its equity securities - at FVOCI.

#### Interest Rate Risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flow of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of the changes in market interest rates. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Group's financial instrument that is primarily exposed to interest risk is the interest-bearing loans payable (see Note 26).

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the net result for the year and equity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +10 basis point in 2021 and 2020. with corresponding effect in equity. These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on observation of current market conditions. The calculations are based on the Group's loans payable held at the reporting date. All other variables are held constant.

		2021
Changes in Interest Rates (in Basis Points)	+10	-10
Net income	(P444,415)	P444,415
		2020
Changes in Interest Rates (in Basis Points)	+10	-10
Net income	(P761,547)	P761,547

The other financial instruments of the Group are either short-term or noninterestbearing and are therefore not subject to interest rate risk.

Cash flow interest rate risk exposure is managed within parameters approved by management. If the exposure exceeds the parameters, the Group enters into hedging transactions.

#### Equity Price Risk

Equity price risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market.

The Group is exposed to equity price risk because of its investment in shares of stock of WII which are listed on the PSE totaling to 86.71 million shares as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 (see Note 8f). The Group has also investment in shares of stock of WMPD amounting to P50.00 million representing 5% of the total capital stock of WMPD (see Note 8f).

The Group monitors the changes in the price of the shares of stock of WII. In managing its price risk, the Group disposes of existing or acquires additional shares based on the economic conditions.

The following table illustrates the sensitivity of the Group's equity to a reasonably possible change in equity price. These changes are considered to be reasonably possible based on past equity price performance of the Group's equity securities - at FVOCI and macroeconomic forecast for 2021 and 2020. This analysis assumes an increase of 10% for 2021 and 2020 and a decrease of 10% for 2021 and 2020 of the equity price of the Group's equity securities - at FVOCI. All other variables are held constant:

		2021	2020	
	10%	-10%	10%	-10%
Equity	P1,495,748	(P1,495,748)	P1,359,613	(P1,359,613)

#### Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The table below summarizes the carrying amounts and fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

		2021	2020		
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
	Amounts	Values	Amounts	Values	
Financial Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	P843,795	P843,795	P1,178,166	P1,178,166	
Receivables	716,699	716,699	530,644	530,644	
Notes receivable	235,273	235,273	223,366	223,366	
Due from related parties	3,333,563	3,333,563	3,256,946	3,256,946	
Short-term investments	12,958	12,958	12,858	12,858	
Equity securities - at FVOCI	69,943	69,943	69,736	69,736	
Other noncurrent assets *	46,836	46,836	38,924	38,924	
	P5,259,067	P5,259,067	P5,310,640	P5,310,640	

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier

		2021		2020
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair
	Amounts	Values	Amounts	Values
Financial Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued				
expenses**	P1,508,010	P1,508,010	P1,894,080	P1,894,080
Loans payable	1,010,106	1,010,106	1,262,766	1,262,766
Due to a related party	-	-	3,119	3,119
Lease liabilities	35,756	35,756	38,453	38,453
Other current liabilities***	129,472	129,472	130,660	130,660
Concessionaires' deposits	137,898	137,898	131,004	131,004
Retention payables	62,629	62,629	55,499	55,499
	P2,883,871	P2,883,871	P3,515,581	P3,515,581

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excludes local taxes, output VAT and withholding taxes

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the carrying values of the Group's financial instruments approximate fair values as follows:

- Cash and Cash Equivalents, Receivables, Notes Receivable, Current Portion of Due from Related Parties, Short-term Investments, Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses (excluding local taxes and output VAT and withholding taxes payable), Due to a Related Party and Other Current Liabilities (excluding deferred income). The carrying values of these financial instruments approximate fair values due to their relatively short-term maturities.
- Interest-bearing Due from Related Parties and Loans Payable. The fair value of interest-bearing due from related parties and loans payable is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable market rates for similar types of instruments as of the reporting date, thus, the carrying amount approximates fair value.
- Equity Securities at FVOCI. The fair value of listed investment in shares of stock was determined using the closing market price of the investment listed on the PSE as of December 31, 2021 and 2020 while the cost of unquoted investments in shares of stock approximate their fair value as at reporting date.
- Lease Liabilities. The fair value of lease liabilities is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the Group's IBR, thus, the carrying amount approximates fair value.
- Other Noncurrent Assets (excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier) and Concessionaires' Deposits. The fair value of other noncurrent assets (excluding advances to contractors and advances to a supplier) and concessionaires' deposits approximates the carrying amount as these are settled in fixed amounts upon maturity based on the contract executed.
- Retention Payables. The fair value of retention payables approximate their carrying amount because these are not subject to significant risk of change in value.

The approximation of the fair values of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are based on Level 3, except for equity securities - at FVOCI which is based on Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

### Capital Management

The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. Capital is defined as the invested money or invested purchasing power, the net assets or equity of the entity. The Group's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2021 and 2020.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>Excluding deferred income

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the dividend payment to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. For purposes of the Group's capital management, capital includes all equity items that are presented in the consolidated statement of changes in equity, except for revaluation surplus on property and equipment, retirement benefits reserve, foreign currency translation adjustment and fair value reserve.

The Group's capital management, among other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the Agreement (see Note 26). Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call the loans. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, WCCCHI did not meet the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25:1 as described in Section 4.4 Debt Service Coverage Ratio of the Agreement (see Note 26).

### 22. Right to Provide Venue for Land-based Casinos

PAGCOR has granted the Group the right to provide venue for land-based casinos. By virtue of this right, the subsidiaries, namely WCCCHI and WMCHI, have existing lease agreements with PAGCOR (see Note 23).

In 2008, the Parent Company filed an application for a license of its planned integrated resort, *Grand Waterfront Casino and Hotel*, in Expo Pilipino Entertainment City, commonly known as Entertainment City.

However, PAGCOR failed to respond to the application, and the Parent Company filed legal action in 2015 which Manila RTC ruled in favor of the Parent Company. In 2018, the CA upheld the decision, and it ordered PAGCOR to issue the Parent Company a license similar to that of the integrated resorts currently existing in Entertainment City.

In February 2020, the SC denied the petition of PAGCOR for review and in October 2020, the Parent Company received the notice that the decision has become final and executory.

### 23. Lease Agreements with PAGCOR

The Parent Company, in behalf of WCCCHI and WMCHI, entered into lease agreements with PAGCOR. The lease agreement of WCCCHI with PAGCOR covered the Main Area (8,123.60 sq.m.), Slot Machine Expansion Area (883.38 sq.m.), Mezzanine (2,335 sq.m.) and 5th Floor Junket Area (2,336 sq.m.) for a total area of 13,677.98 sq.m. which commenced on March 3, 2011 and March 16, 2011, for the Main Area and Slot Machine Expansion Area, respectively. The lease agreement of WMCHI with PAGCOR covered the Main Area (4,076.24 sq.m.) and Chip Washing Area (1,076 sq.m.) for a total area of 5,152.24 sq.m. which was last renewed on March 21, 2011. Both leases expired on August 2, 2016. Thereafter, PAGCOR paid the WCCCHI and WMCHI rental on a month-to-month basis. The leases were renewed on February 15, 2018, for a period of 1 year. On May 29, 2019 the leases were further renewed until the year 2032.

Relative to the renewal of the contract, the security deposit equivalent to six (6) months rental amounting to P159.02 million and P73.42 million was received by WCCCHI and WMCHI, respectively, and presented as part of "Concessionaires' deposit" account in other noncurrent liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position and were carried at its present value as at December 31, 2021 computed using an EIR of 5.51% over the term of the contract. The change in the present value and amortization of the discount is recognized as part of "Interest expense" account in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Interest expense recognized in 2021, 2020 and 2019 amounted to P6.95 million, P6.58 million and P3.73 million, respectively. The amortized cost of the refundable security deposits was determined by calculating the present value of the cash flows anticipated until the end of the lease term using the interest rate of 5.51%. as the deposit does not have an active market, the underlying interest rate was determined by reference to market interest rates of comparable financial instruments.

In line with the amortization of the refundable security deposit, the Group recognized day one gain of P116.74 million in 2019 presented as part of "Interest income" account in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

The undiscounted amounts and the related unamortized discount are as follows:

	Note	2021	2020
PAGCOR security deposits		P232,439,873	P232,439,873
Unamortized discount		(99,486,248)	(106,432,767)
	14	P132,953,625	P126,007,106

In addition, in 2019, WCCCHI and WMCHI also received advance rentals equivalent to 6 months amounting to P159.02 million and P73.42 million, respectively. These advance rentals are presented as part of "Advance rentals" account in other noncurrent liabilities and are carried at cost (see Note 14).

Total rental income from the above PAGCOR lease contracts recognized as part of "Rent and related income" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P590.39 million, P550.96 million, P519.36 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### 24. Other Lease Agreements

### Group as Lessor

Lease Agreements with Concessionaires

WCCCHI, WMCHI and DIHCI have lease agreements with concessionaires for the commercial spaces available in their respective hotels. These agreements typically run for a period of less than one year, renewable upon the mutual agreement of the parties.

Security deposits received from other concessionaires amounted to P39.64 million and P42.40 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Notes 12 and 14).

Rent revenue recognized as part of "Rent and related income" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and amounted to P15.85 million, P28.51 million and P48.57 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The following table sets out a maturity analysis of lease payments, showing the undiscounted lease payments to be received after the reporting date (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Less than one year	P533,283	P535,422
One to two years	545,127	539,567
Two to three years	559,344	550,583
Three to four years	573,391	563,628
Four to five years	591,130	578,103
More than five years	3,567,585	4,190,359
Total	P6,369,860	P6,957,662

## Group as Lessee

### Land under Operating Lease

On September 15, 1994, Waterfront Hotel and Resort Sdn. Bhd. (WHR), a former related party, executed a lease contract (the Lease Agreement) with Mactan Cebu International Airport Authority (MCIAA) for the lease of certain parcels of land where the hotels were constructed. On October 14, 1994, WHR assigned its rights and obligations under the MCIAA contracts to WCCCHI and WMCHI.

WCCCHI and WMCHI shall pay MCIAA fixed rentals per month plus a 2% variable rent based on the annual gross revenues of WCCCHI and WMCHI, as defined in the Lease Agreement. The leases are for a period of fifty (50) years, subject to automatic renewal for another 25 years, depending on the provisions of the applicable Philippine laws at the time of renewal.

WCCCHI also entered into a lease agreement for the use of access road from the hotel property to the main road for a period of 3 years commencing on January 1, 2020 subject to renewal upon mutual agreement of both parties.

Information about leases for which the Group is a lessee is presented below.

The right-of-use assets movement is as follows:

	2021	2020
Cost		
At January 1	P131,786,160	P128,493,849
Additions	-	3,292,311
At December 31	131,786,160	131,786,160
Accumulated Depreciation		
At January 1	6,165,395	2,533,979
Depreciation	3,631,416	3,631,416
At December 31	9,796,811	6,165,395
Carrying Amount	P121,989,349	P125,620,765

Set out below is the carrying amount of the lease liabilities and the movements during the period.

	2021	2020
At January 1	P130,659,833	P128,416,683
Additions	-	3,292,311
Accretion of interest	13,949,335	14,031,205
Payments	(448,875)	(4,055,092)
Rent concession	(748,125)	(3,474,244)
Accrued rent	(13,940,367)	(7,551,030)
At December 31	P129,471,801	P130,659,833

The outstanding balance of the lease liabilities is presented in the consolidated statement of financial position as follows:

	2021	2020
Current portion	P1,340,257	P1,188,032
Noncurrent portion	128,131,544	129,471,801
Total	P129,471,801	P130,659,833

Future undiscounted rental payments are as follows:

	2021	2020
Less than one year	P15,197,217	P15,137,367
One to five years	63,302,343	64,559,193
More than five years	587,828,966	601,769,333
	P666,328,526	P681,465,893

#### Amounts Recognized in Profit or Loss

	2021	2020	2019
Depreciation of right-of-use assets Interest expense related to lease	P3,631,416	P3,631,416	P2,533,979
liabilities Variable lease payments Expenses relating to short-term leases including VAT on lease	13,949,335	14,031,205	13,863,201
	5,762,899	7,580,181	24,245,365
payments Income due to rent concession	1,386,863	4,793,612	9,408,966
	(748,125)	(3,474,244)	-

# Amount Recognized in the Statement of Cash Flows

	2021	2020	2019
Total cash outflow for leases	P7,598,637	P12,452,304	P40,413,866

The interest expense associated with the lease liabilities in 2021, 2020 and 2019 amounted to P13.95 million, P14.03 million and P13.86 million, respectively. Interest expense is derived using the Group's IBR of 10.79% as at January 1, 2019 for the Agreement with MCIAA and IBR of 7.09% as at January 1, 2020 for the lease agreement for the use of access road. Total cash outflow for lease liabilities made by the Group in 2021, 2020 and 2010 amounting to P0.45 million, P4.06 million and P13.94 million, respectively, is presented as "Payment of lease liabilities" in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

In 2021 and 2020, the Group was granted rent discount as a result of the severe impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. The Group applied the practical expedient for COVID-19-related rent concessions consistently to eligible rent concessions.

The Group recognized income from rent concession amounting to P0.75 million and P3.47 million in 2021 and 2020, respectively, as part of "Other Revenues" in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income to reflect the discount on lease payments arising from rent concessions to which the Group has applied the practical expedient for COVID-19-related rent concession.

#### **Extension Options**

Extension options are included in the Group's lease of its land. The contracts of lease state an automatic renewal of lease upon expiration of the initial contract period.

Total rent expense for the aforementioned leases amounted to P7.15 million, P12.37 million and P33.65 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively, in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

### 25. Commitments and Contingencies

The following are the significant commitments and contingencies involving the Group.

a. On November 10, 2008, the Parent Company received a preliminary assessment notice from the BIR for deficiency taxes for the taxable year 2006. On February 9, 2009, the Parent Company sent a protest letter to BIR contesting the said assessment. On February 18, 2009, the Regional Office of the BIR sent a letter to the Parent Company informing the latter that the docket was returned to Revenue District Office for reinvestigation and further verification.

On December 8, 2009, the Parent Company received BIR's Final Decision on Disputed Assessment for deficiency taxes for the 2006 taxable year. The final decision of the BIR seeks to collect deficiency assessments totaling to P3.30 million. However, on January 15, 2010, the Parent Company appealed the final decision of the BIR with the Court of Tax Appeals (CTA) on the grounds of lack of legal and factual bases in the issuance of the assessments.

In its decision promulgated on November 13, 2012, the CTA upheld the expanded withholding tax (EWT) assessment and cancelled the VAT and compromise penalty assessments. The Parent Company decided not to contest the EWT assessment. The BIR filed its MR on December 4, 2012 and on April 24, 2013, the Court issued its amended decision reinstating the VAT assessment. The Parent Company filed its MR on the amended decision that was denied by the CTA in its resolution promulgated on September 13, 2013.

The Parent Company appealed the case to the CTA sitting En Banc on October 21, 2013. The CTA En Banc decision promulgated on December 4, 2014 affirmed the VAT and EWT assessments. The EWT assessment was paid on March 3, 2013.

The CTA En Banc decision was appealed to the SC on February 5, 2015 covering the VAT assessment only. As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, the Parent Company is still awaiting the SC's decision.

Management and its legal counsels believe that the position of the Parent Company is sustainable, and accordingly, believe that the Parent Company does not have a present obligation (legal or constructive) with respect to the assessment.

b. WMCHI has a tax case involving VAT assessment for the taxable year 2006. The case was elevated to the CTA in 2011. In 2012, WMCHI offered its formal evidence to the court. In its decision promulgated on May 31, 2013, the CTA cancelled the VAT assessment in its entirety. The BIR filed a MR that was denied by the CTA in its resolution promulgated on August 16, 2013. The BIR appealed the case to the CTA sitting En Banc on September 20, 2013. On September 15, 2015, the CTA reaffirmed the decision cancelling the VAT assessment. In March 9, 2016, the BIR filed with the SC its motion for extension of time to file its appeal.

On September 2, 2020, the SC denied the BIR appeal and affirmed the CTA decision and CTA En Banc resolution that cancelled the 2006 VAT assessment. Afterwards, the SC issued its Entry of Judgment dated Juy 26, 2021.

c. APHC versus PAGCOR and Hon. Young, et al.

#### APHC versus PAGCOR, et al.

The case involved a Petition for Prohibition and Mandamus (the 1st petition), with application for the issuance of a Temporary Restraining Order (TRO) and writ of preliminary injunction filed by APHC against PAGCOR and Vanderwood Management Corp. (VMC). APHC filed this case to assail PAGCOR's award of VMC of a procurement project entitled "Lease Space for a Casino Gaming Facility in Manila for a Period of Fifteen (15) Years" under Invitation to Bid No. 09-16-2014 for being violative of the laws and rules on government procurement.

PAGCOR and VMC filed their respective comments/answers to APHC's 1st petition. Subsequently, VMC filed its "Motion to Admit Attached Supplemental Comment/Answer with Compulsory Counterclaim" (the Motion to Admit) on August 10, 2015, to which APHC filed an opposition to VMC's Motion to Admit. In an order dated September 5, 2016, the Court denied VMC's Motion to Admit. The RTC of Manila, Group 36, (the Court) likewise denied the Motion for Reconsideration filed by VMC in an order dated February 28, 2017.

At the pre-trial conference on October 4, 2016, the Court referred the parties to the Philippine Mediation Center for mediation proceedings. After the termination of the mediation proceedings, the case was returned to the Court for the Judicial Dispute Resolution (JDR) proceedings. The JDR conference was set on May 2, 2017 and was reset to February 6, 2018.

In its order dated February 6, 2018, the Court terminated the JDR proceeding and forwarded the case to the Office of the Executive Judge for re-raffle. In its "Notice of Re-raffle" dated February 21, 2018, the Court informed the parties that the case was raffled to Group 20.

On April 16, 2018, APHC filed its "Amended Pre-Trial Brief" dated April 13, 2018. VMC and PAGCOR likewise filed their respective Amended Pre-trial Briefs. The pre-trial conference was terminated on June 1, 2018.

During the trial, APHC presented its witnesses. On July 23, 2018, APHC filed its "Formal Offer of Documentary Evidence" dated July 19, 2018. PAGCOR and VMC filed their respective comments on APHC's "Formal Offer of Documentary Evidence". The Court denied their objections and admitted APHC's documentary evidence.

Meanwhile, PAGCOR filed its "Demurrer to Evidence" dated October 17, 2018, which the court denied in its Order dated November 8, 2018 for being fatally defective. VMC, on the other hand, presented its witnesses and thereafter, it rested its case. Thus, the Court ordered VMC to file its "Formal Offer of Exhibits".

In its Orders dated January 28 and February 18, 2019, the Court admitted VMC's and PAGCOR's respective documentary evidence, despite APHC's objections and comments. After the parties filed their respective memoranda, the case was submitted for decision.

In its decision dated June 28, 2019, the Court dismissed the APHC's Petition. APHC filed its Motion for Reconsideration on August 12, 2019, which the Court denied in its Resolution dated October 11, 2019.

APHC timely filed its Notice of Appeal with the CA on October 21, 2019 and was given due course. On June 16, 2020, APHC filed its memorandum dated June 15, 2020. VMC and PAGCOR likewise filed their separate memoranda dated June 29, 2020 and June 19, 2020, respectively. On August 26, 2020, the CA noted the memoranda and submitted the case for decision.

As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, there was no update on the progress of the case.

#### APHC versus Hon. Young, et al.

In connection with the APHC versus PAGCOR, et al. case, the Court, in a resolution dated June 18, 2015, denied APHC's application for TRO. APHC thereafter filed a Motion for Reconsideration on July 6, 2015. The said motion for reconsideration was denied by the Court on August 1, 2016.

On October 21, 2016, APHC filed with the CA a Petition for Certiorari (the 2nd petition), with application for TRO and/or writ of preliminary injunction, to assail the Court's resolutions dated June 18, 2015 and August 1, 2016. VMC and PAGCOR filed their respective comments to the 2nd petition, to which APHC filed its Consolidated Reply on December 19, 2016.

In a resolution dated January 25, 2017, the CA denied APHC's applications for the TRO and writ of preliminary injunction, and directed the parties to submit their respective memoranda. In compliance with the CA's directive, APHC filed its memorandum on February 13, 2017. VMC also filed its memorandum dated February 16, 2017, while PAGCOR filed its memorandum dated February 14, 2017.

In a resolution dated March 3, 2017, the CA considered APHC's Petition for Certiorari as submitted for decision.

In its decision dated February 27, 2018, the CA denied APHC's Petition for Certiorari. APHC moved for the reconsideration of said decision, which the CA denied in its resolution dated August 29, 2018. APHC opted not to appeal the decision any further. The said decision became final and executory on September 30, 2018. In view thereof, the trial in the above case, APHC versus PAGCOR, et al., ensued.

d. In the normal course of business, the Group enters into commitments and encounters certain contingencies, which include a case against a contractor of one of its hotels for specific performance. Management believes that the losses, if any, that may arise from these commitments and contingencies would not be material to warrant additional adjustment or disclosure to the consolidated financial statements.

The Group is defendant in other legal cases which are still pending resolution. Management and legal counsels believe that the outcome of these cases will not have any material effect on the Group's financial position and financial performance.

## 26. Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement

On December 21, 2017, the Parent Company, WCCCHI, WMCHI, DIHCI, CRDC and PRC (collectively, the Borrowers) entered into the Agreement with PBCOM for the latter to provide the Borrowers multiple term loan facilities (the Loan Facilities) for general corporate purposes in the maximum aggregate amount of up to P1.50 billion.

The Loan Facilities consist of the following:

Facility 1 - represents secured term loan facility in the amount of P850.00 million available through a single or multiple drawdowns with term of 54 months from the initial drawdown date, regardless of the number of drawdowns. Any amount not drawn after the expiration of the commitment period shall be automatically cancelled and may not be reinstated. Commitment period means the period commencing from the date of the agreement and terminating on the earliest of: (a) 6 months from the signing of the Agreement; (b) the date when the commitment is fully drawn or availed by mutual agreement of the parties; or (c) the date when the commitment is terminated or cancelled in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

Facility 2 - represents secured term loan facility in the amount of P200.00 million available through a single or multiple drawdowns with term of 54 months from the initial drawdown date, regardless of the number of drawdowns. Any amount not drawn after the expiration of the commitment period shall be automatically cancelled and may not be reinstated.

Facility 3 - represents secured term loan facility in the amount of P450.00 million available through a single or multiple drawdowns with term of 42 months from the initial drawdown date, regardless of the number of drawdowns. Any amount not drawn after the expiration of the commitment period shall be automatically cancelled and may not be reinstated. Facility 3 requires, on or before the initial drawdown date, the borrower to cause the relevant mortgagors to constitute in favor of PBCOM a first ranking real estate mortgage over Davao Agricultural Property located at Matina, Pangi, Tolomo, Davao City consisting of parcels of agricultural real property containing an aggregate area of 70 hectares registered in the names of CRDC and PRC, and Locob property still registered in the name of an individual, and register such security interest with appropriate Registry of Deeds.

The loan principal is repayable on equal monthly installments to commence at the end of sixth (6th) month from the initial drawdown date subject to balloon payment upon maturity. Interest is charged at the higher of four (4)-year PDSTR2 rate on the date of availment and spread of 3.25% per annum or 7.75% per annum, and repayable monthly from the drawdown date.

The Loan Facilities are secured by chattel and real mortgages over various operating assets of WCCCHI and DIHCI; real estate mortgages over Davao Agricultural Property; assignment over leasehold rights on the land owned by MCIAA on which WCCCHI stands; and pledge of shares of stocks representing ownership of the Parent Company in WCCCHI and DIHCI.

Each of the Borrowers is required to comply with certain covenants during the term of the Agreement and until the full payment of the amounts due which include, among others:

- 1. Debt to Equity Ratio of not higher than 2.5:1;
- 2. Debt Service Coverage Ratio of at least 1.25x; and
- 3. To appoint PBCOM's nominees as Corporate Secretary in WCCCHI and DIHCI and nominate and elect such number of PBCOM's nominees as will comprise the majority of the Board of Directors in WCCCHI and DIHCI, provided however, that the exercise of the abovementioned proxy and/or voting rights granted to PBCOM shall be exercised solely for the purpose of protecting, preserving, and enforcing its rights and interests under the Agreement and shall not be used by the latter to effect any takeover of the day-to-day operations of said corporations.
- 4. Negative covenants which prohibit each of the Borrowers to:
  - Change the nature or scope of its business as presently conducted, or liquidate or dissolve, or enter into any consolidation, merger, pool, joint venture, syndicate or other combination, or sell, lease or dispose of a substantial portion (as determined by PBCOM) of its business or assets, with market or book value of P500.00 million or more;
  - Permit any change in ownership (direct or indirect), management or control
    of its business, which results in the present majority stockholders ceasing to
    hold, whether directly or indirectly through any person beneficially, at least
    sixty-eight percent (68%) of the direct or indirect beneficial or economic
    interest in each of the Borrowers;
  - Declare or pay dividends to stockholders and make any capital or asset distribution to stockholders;
  - Purchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire for value any of capital stock now or hereafter outstanding (other than as a result of the conversion of any shares of capital stock into shares of any other class of capital stock), return any capital to its stockholders as such, or make any distribution of assets to its stockholders as such (other than distribution payable in shares of its own outstanding capital stock);
  - File any legal action to question any corporate act or transaction;
  - Extend any loans, advances or subsidies to any corporation, partnership or entity owned by the Borrowers or in which it may have equity, other than advances in the ordinary course of business; and
  - Extend any loans or advances to any of its directors, officers, stockholders, affiliates and partners other than advances in the ordinary course of business.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, WCCCHI did not meet the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25:1 as described in Section 4.4 Debt Service Coverage Ratio of the Agreement. While there was such non-compliance, the Agreement provides a process including notifications between the Group and PBCOM prior to a declaration of default. In relation to this, the Group notified PBCOM of the said breach which was subsequently waived by the latter. Thus, the noted breach did not result in an event of default and did not have the effect of rendering the loans immediately due and demandable.

All drawdowns were made by WCCCHI. The outstanding balances of the loans under the Loan Facilities are as follows:

2021

Loan Facility	Current	Noncurrent	Outstanding
	Portion	Portion	Balance
Facility 1	P518,085,106	P -	P518,085,106
Facility 2	117,021,276	-	117,021,276
Facility 3	-	-	-
	P635,106,382	Р-	P635,106,382
2020 Loan Facility	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion	Outstanding Balance
Facility 1	P102,127,660	P518,085,106	P620,212,766
Facility 2	25,531,915	117,021,276	142,553,191
Facility 3	125,000,000	-	125,000,000
	P252,659,575	P635,106,382	P887,765,957

The drawdowns and payments made under the Loan Facilities are presented below.

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2021 Loan Facility	Drawdown Date	Maturity Date	Payment Terms	Monthly Amortization	Principal	Principal Payments	Outstanding Balance
Facility 1 Facility 2 Facility 3		9/12/2022 9/19/2022 10/9/2021	54 months 54 months 42 months	P8,510,638 2,127,660 12,500,000	P850,000,000 200,000,000 450,000,000	P331,914,894 82,978,724 450,000,000	P518,085,106 117,021,276 -
					P1,500,000,000	P864,893,618	P635,106,382
2020 Loan Facility	Drawdown Date	Maturity Date	Payment Terms	Monthly Amortization	Principal	Principal Payments	Outstanding Balance
Facility 1 Facility 2 Facility 3	3/20/2018	9/12/2022 9/19/2022 10/9/2021	54 months 54 months 42 months	P8,510,638 2,127,660 12,500,000	P850,000,000 200,000,000 450,000,000	P229,787,234 57,446,809 325,000,000	P620,212,766 142,553,191 125,000,000
					P1,500,000,000	P612,234,043	P887,765,957

Total interest expense arising from the Loan Facilities recognized in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income amounted to P59.93 million, P87.27 million and P119.78 in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

# 27. Other Matter - Continuing Impact of COVID-19

The COVID-19 outbreak has spread across the globe causing disruptions to businesses and economic activities. On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization announced COVID-19 as a global health emergency and, on March 11, 2020, declared it as a pandemic.

As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, most areas in the Philippines have been placed under Alert Level 1 which allows all establishments, persons, or activities to operate, work, or be undertaken at full on-site or venue/seating capacity provided it is consistent with the minimum public health standards.

#### Forecast in Hotel Industry

For 2022, the hotel industry sees a positive outlook and expects an upward trajectory in terms of recovery after observing a rise in the confidence level to travel among local and foreign visitors. This is also in consideration of the reports on the decreasing number of COVID-19 cases, the relaxation of guidelines for domestic and international travels, as well as the de-escalation from Alert Level 2 to Alert Level 1 in most areas in the Philippines. Recovery to pre-pandemic levels, however, could still take about 3 to 4 years or at least until global air traffic returns to 2019 levels.

### Status of Hotel Operations (Excluding APHC)

In 2021, the Group's hotels were accredited by Department of Health as multiple-use establishments to allow the hotels to operate both as quarantine facilities and for leisure or staycation. With this, the Group entered into a contract with Overseas Workers Welfare Administration to cater repatriated and returning Overseas Filipino Workers from June 2021 until December 2021. This contract was extended until June 2022 for WCCCHI.

The Group also continued to open its facilities and functions for special events and accommodated local guests through online bookings and walk-ins, government groups and corporate clients which include airline, utilities and telecommunication companies. The Group took advantage of technology to cater the demands of the market online. The Group's average occupancy rate from January to April 2022 ranged between 24% to 75%.

The Group has taken mitigating actions, such as significant reduction in the level of capital and operational expenditures in the short term, limiting the outflows to only required compliance with health and safety, and pausing all nonessential spending, which contributed to the Group's gradual recovery despite the continuing impact of the COVID-19 pandemic to the hotel industry. Accordingly, the Group may still sustain lower levels of revenue and profit in 2022 but an improvement is expected than the 2021 levels.

As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, the Group's hotels continue to operate both as quarantine facilities and for leisure or staycation. The Group operates in full compliance with government mandates on hygiene and with emphasis on the prevention of virus spread.

## Status of APHC Operation

As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, APHC's reconstruction and restoration are still ongoing. Although the various community quarantines implemented in Metro Manila have caused some delays, construction activities have not been totally stopped and management expects to complete Phase 1 of reconstruction project by end of September 2022 (see Note 1).

#### Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement Covenants

As of December 31, 2021, WCCCHI's debt service coverage ratio has fallen below the agreed threshold, but the Group was able to obtain a waiver for the breach (see Note 26). On March 22, 2022, the Borrowers entered into a Supplemental Loan Agreement to the Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement with PBCOM for the latter to grant the Borrowers additional multiple loan facilities (see Note 28). As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, the Group is not in default and continues to pay the maturing interest and principal as they fall due.

#### Financial Risk Management

The COVID-19 outbreak has resulted to changes in market interest rates which the Group is exposed to. The Group's approach to financial risk management and sensitivity analysis are disclosed in Note 21.

### Financial Reporting Effect

The Group has assessed that COVID-19 will still have continuing significant impact on its operations. The subsequent impact of this outbreak especially on the Group's estimates of provision on financial instruments and recoverability of nonfinancial assets will be determined, quantified and recognized in the Group's consolidated financial statements when these become estimable.

### 28. Subsequent Events

### a. Refinancing of PBCOM Loan Facilities

On March 22, 2022, the Borrowers entered into a Supplemental Loan Agreement to the Agreement with PBCOM granting the Borrowers additional multiple loan facilities (the New Loan Facilities) for the following purposes: (1) refinancing the outstanding loan obligation; (2) payment of any and all fees, stamps, and other taxes to the execution and delivery of the loan documents in order to implement the refinancing; and, (3) general corporate requirements, in the maximum aggregate amount of P3.05 billion. The New Loan Facilities are secured by the chattel and real estate mortgages and other security interests under the Agreement as well as the following: additional chattel mortgage over various properties of WMCHI; pledge of movable assets consisting of machinery and equipment owned by WCCCHI, WMCHI and DIHCI; assignment over leasehold rights on the land owned by MCIAA on which WMCHI stands; and the assignment of the PAGCOR rental receivables of WCCCHI and WMCHI. Each of the Borrowers is required to comply the same covenants set forth under the Agreement. As at the date of the authorization for issue of the consolidated financial statements, no drawdown has been made by the Borrowers on the New Loan Facilities.

#### b. Modification on Insurance Receivable

On March 29, 2022, APHC entered into an agreement with an insurance company for the modification of the payment terms related to the remaining balance of the insurance receivable due to APHC amounting to P129.26 million. The modification provides the insurance receivable to be payable monthly for 28 months starting April 2022 until July 2024 with an interest of 8% per annum and the issuance of post-dated checks for the monthly payments in favor of APHC.

### 29. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these consolidated financial statements, except for the adoption of amendment to standards as discussed below.

#### Adoption of Amendment to Standard

The Group has adopted the amendment to standard below starting January 1, 2021 and accordingly, changed its accounting policy. Except as otherwise indicated, the adoption of this amendment to standard did not have any significant impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendment to PFRS 16). The amendment extends the practical expedient introduced in the 2020 amendment which simplified how a lessee accounts for rent concessions that are a direct consequence of COVID-19, permitting lessees to apply the practical expedient to rent concessions for which any reduction in lease payments affects only payments originally due on or before June 30, 2022.

The amendment is effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after April 1, 2021. The adoption is mandatory for lessees that chose to apply the practical expedient introduced by the 2020 amendment and may result in reversal of lease modifications that was ineligible for the practical expedient under the 2020 amendments but becomes eligible as a result of the extension.

The Group has early adopted and applied the amendment retrospectively. The amendment has no impact to retained earnings at January 1, 2021. However, as a result of applying the amendment, the Group recognized an income in 2021 amounting to P0.75 million (see Note 24).

#### Basis of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Parent Company, as well as those of its subsidiaries enumerated in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Parent Company. The Parent Company controls an entity if and only if, the Parent Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Parent Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the 3 elements of control.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Parent Company and are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date when control commences until the date when control ceases.

The accounting policies of subsidiaries are being aligned with the policies adopted by the Group. Losses applicable to the NCI in a subsidiary are allocated to the NCI even if doing so causes the NCI to have a deficit balance.

### Accounting for NCI

NCI represents the portion of profit or loss, OCI and the net assets not held by the Group and are presented separately in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position, separately from the Parent Company's equity.

Acquisitions of NCI are accounted for as transaction with owners in their capacity as owners and therefore no goodwill is recognized as a result of such transactions. The adjustments to NCI, if any, are based on a proportionate amount of the net assets of the subsidiary.

#### Loss of Control

Upon the loss of control, the Group derecognizes the assets and liabilities of the subsidiary, any noncontrolling interests and other components of equity related to the subsidiary. Any surplus or deficit resulting from loss of control is recognized in profit or loss. If the Group retains any interest in the previous subsidiary, then such interest is measured at fair value at the date that control is lost. Subsequently, it is accounted for as an equity-accounted investee or as an equity security - at FVOCI depending on the level of influence.

#### Transactions Eliminated on Consolidation

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealized income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealized gains arising from transactions with equity-accounted investees are eliminated against the investment to the extent of the Group's interest in the investee. Unrealized losses are eliminated in the same way as unrealized gains, but only to the extent that there is no evidence of impairment.

#### Segment Reporting

An operating segment is a component of the Group that engages in business activities from which it may earn revenues and incur expenses, including revenues and expenses that relate to transactions with any of the Group's other components. All operating results are reviewed regularly by the Group's BOD, the chief operating decision maker of the Group, to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Segment results that are reported to the Group's BOD include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items comprise mainly corporate assets, head office expenses and income tax assets and liabilities.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property and equipment.

The Group's operating businesses are organized and managed separately according to hotel property location, with each segment representing a strategic business unit.

# Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Group's business is primarily engaged in offering hotel rooms and facilities such as restaurants, function halls, coffee shops and all adjuncts and accessories thereto.

The Group recognizes revenue when it transfers control over a product or service to a customer. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with a customer.

The following is a description of principal activities from which the Group generates its revenue. Revenue is disaggregated by major products/service lines as reflected in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### Hotel Rooms and Function Halls

Revenue from hotel rooms and function halls is recognized at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to a customer, generally on actual occupancy. The normal credit terms for lease of hotel rooms and function halls is 30 days, when payment is made on credit.

#### Food and Beverage

Revenue from food and beverage is recognized at the point in time when the goods have been delivered.

#### Rent and Related Income

Rental income on leased areas of the Group is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### Other Operating Departments

Revenue from other operating departments is recognized at the point in time when the service has been rendered. This includes guest, laundry and valet, parking fees, among others.

### Interest Income

Interest income is recognized on a time proportion basis on the principal outstanding and at the rate applicable.

#### Other Income

Other income is recognized at the point in time when the service has been rendered.

### Determination of whether the Group is Acting as a Principal or an Agent

The Group assesses its revenue arrangements against the following criteria to determine whether it is acting as a principal or an agent:

- whether the Group has primary responsibility for providing the goods and services:
- whether the Group has inventory risk before or after the customer order; and
- whether the Group has discretion in establishing prices.

If the Group has determined it is acting as a principal, the Group recognizes revenue on a gross basis with the amount remitted to the other party being accounted as part of costs and expenses. If the Group has determined it is acting as agent, only the net amount retained is recognized as revenue.

The Group assessed its revenue arrangements and concluded that it is acting as principal in all arrangements.

## Cost and Expense Recognition

Costs and expenses are recognized in profit or loss upon utilization of the service or at the date they are incurred. Interest expense are reported on an accrual basis.

### Financial Instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

#### Date of Recognition

Financial instruments are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. The Group determines the classification of its financial assets on initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates these classifications at each reporting date.

All regular way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Group commits to purchase the asset. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sale of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the period generally established by regulation or convention in the market place.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### Measurement at Initial Recognition

Financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value of the consideration given (in case of an asset) or received (in case of a liability). Except for financial instruments at FVTPL, the initial measurement of financial instruments includes transaction costs.

#### Classification of Financial Assets

### **Financial Assets**

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at amortized cost, FVOCI or FVTPL, based on their contractual cash flow characteristics and the business model for managing the financial assets.

#### Debt Instruments

### Financial Assets Measured at Amortized Cost

A financial asset that is a debt instrument, other than those that are designated at FVTPL, which meet both of the following conditions:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

Included in this category are the Group's cash and cash equivalents, receivables, notes receivable, due from related parties, short-term investments and other noncurrent assets.

#### Cash

Cash includes cash on hand and in banks which are stated at face value.

#### Receivables

Receivables are nonderivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivables. These are included in current assets if maturity is within 12 months from the reporting date. Otherwise, these are classified as noncurrent assets.

### **Short-term Investments**

Short-term investments are certificates of deposit which are highly liquid with maturities of more than 3 months but less than 1 year from date of acquisition and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

### Refundable Deposits

Refundable deposits are payment made by the Group to its lessors at the inception of the respective lease agreements entered into by the Group.

#### **FVOCI**

A financial asset that is a debt instrument measured at FVOCI shall meet both of the following conditions and is not designated as FVTPL:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are SPPI on the principal amount outstanding.

Included in this category is the Group's equity securities at FVOCI.

#### **FVTPL**

All other financial assets not measured at FVOCI or at amortized cost are classified as measured at FVTPL, except when the financial asset is part of a hedging relationship. On initial recognition, the Group may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

There are no financial assets at FVTPL as at the date of initial application and as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

# **Equity Instruments**

Financial assets that are equity instruments shall be classified under any of the following categories:

- Financial assets measured at FVTPL which shall include financial assets held for trading; or
- Financial assets at FVOCI which shall consist of equity instruments that are irrevocably designated at FVOCI at initial recognition that are neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which PFRS 3, Business Combinations, applies. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Group has equity securities - at FVOCI as financial assets measured at FVOCI.

#### Business Model Assessment

Business model pertains to the manner by which a portfolio of financial assets will be managed to generate cash flows such as by collecting contractual cash flows or by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, among others.

The Group makes an assessment of the objective of the business model for the financial assets because this best reflects the way the financial assets are managed. The information considered includes:

- the stated policies and objectives for the financial assets and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, earning dividend income, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash outflows through the sale of assets;
- the risks that affect the performance of the business model and how those risks are managed;
- how managers of the business are compensated (e.g. whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected); and

the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reason for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

Transfers of financial assets to third parties in transactions that do not qualify for derecognition are not considered for this purpose, consistent with the Group's continuing recognition of the assets.

Financial assets that are held for trading or are managed and whose financial performance is evaluated on a fair value basis are measured at FVTPL.

#### Assessment whether Contractual Cash Flows are SPPI

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are SPPI, the Group considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making the assessment, the Group considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features:
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Group's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. nonrecourse features).

Prepayment feature is consistent with the SPPI criterion if the prepayment amount substantially represents unpaid amounts of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination of the contract. Additionally, for a financial asset acquired for a discount or premium to its contractual face amount, a feature that permit or requires prepayment that an amount that substantially represents the contractual face amount plus accrued (but unpaid) contractual interest (which may include reasonable additional compensation for early termination) is treated as consistent with this criterion if the fair value of the prepayment feature is insignificant at initial recognition.

#### Subsequent Measurement of Financial Assets

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Amounts recognized in OCI are not classified to profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Classification and Measurement of Financial Liabilities

#### Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs are deducted from the initial measurement of the Group's financial liabilities except for debt instruments classified at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured as follows:

- financial liabilities that arise when a transfer of a financial asset does not qualify for derecognition or when the continuing involvement approach applies;
- financial guarantee contracts;
- commitments to provide a loan at a below-market interest rate; and
- contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, other financial liabilities at amortized cost include accounts payable and accrued expenses (excluding local taxes, output VAT and withholding taxes), loans payable, due to a related party, lease liabilities, other current liabilities (excluding deferred income), concessionaires' deposits and retention payables (see Notes 8, 11, 12, 13, 14, 24 and 26). There are no financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.

#### Other Financial Liabilities at Amortized Cost

Issued financial instruments or their components which are not classified as financial liabilities at FVTPL are classified as other financial liabilities at amortized cost, where the substance of the contractual arrangement results in the Group having an obligation either to deliver cash or another financial asset to the holder or lender, or to satisfy the obligation other than by the exchange of a fixed amount of cash. After initial measurement, other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

#### Derecognition of Financial Instruments

#### Financial Asset

A financial asset (or, where applicable a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is derecognized when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired;
- The Group retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a "pass-through" arrangement; or
- The Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from the asset and either has: (a) transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Group has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognized to the extent of the Group's continuing involvement in the asset. Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Group could be required to pay.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or has expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, with the difference in the respective carrying amounts recognized in consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

#### Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements, thus, the related assets and liabilities are presented at gross amounts in the consolidated statement of financial position.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, only due to/from related party transactions were offset in the consolidated financial statements. The said accounts were being set-off because the management intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Determination and Measurement of Fair Value

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each consolidated statement of financial position date. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability; or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable.

 Level 3 - Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable.

For assets and liabilities that are recognized in the consolidated statement of financial position on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfer have occurred between Levels in the hierarchy by reassessing categorization (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

#### Impairment of Financial Assets

#### Impairment of Financial Instruments

At the date of initial application of PFRS 9, the Group uses reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that a financial instrument was initially recognized and compared that to the credit risk at the date of initial application.

Lifetime ECLs result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instruments while 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period of the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Group is exposed to credit risk.

#### Movement of ECLs

ECLs are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Group expects to receive).

ECLs are discounted at the EIR of the financial assets.

#### Credit-impaired Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. The financial asset is 'credit impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets have occurred.

Evidence that a financial asset is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as default or being more than the normal credit terms of the Group;
- the restructuring of a loan or advance by the Group on terms that the Group would not consider otherwise;
- it is probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganization; or
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties.

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

#### **Current and Noncurrent Classification**

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the consolidated statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification. An asset is current when:

- It is expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- It is cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle:
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least
   12 months after the reporting period

The Group classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent assets and liabilities.

#### Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and NRV. Cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition is calculated using the weighted average method.

NRV for food and beverage represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to sell. NRV of operating supplies and engineering and maintenance supplies is the estimated current replacement cost. Inventories are periodically reviewed and evaluated for obsolescence. Obsolete inventories are scrapped or disposed of and the related costs are charged to operations.

#### Prepaid Expenses

Prepaid expenses represent expenses not yet incurred but are already paid. Prepaid expenses are initially recorded as assets and measured at the amount of cash paid. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are charged to profit or loss as they are consumed in operations or expire with the passage of time.

Prepaid expenses are classified in the consolidated statement of financial position as current assets when the cost of goods or services related to the prepayments are expected to be incurred within one year or the Group's normal operating cycle, whichever is longer. Otherwise, they are classified as noncurrent assets.

#### Property and Equipment

#### Measurement at Initial Recognition

Upon initial recognition, items of property and equipment are measured at cost which comprises the purchase price and all directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to the location and condition for its intended use.

#### Measurement Subsequent to Initial Recognition

Property and equipment, except for leasehold improvements, operating equipment and construction-in-progress which are stated at cost, are carried at revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of the revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Fair values are determined through appraisal by an independent firm of appraisers. Revaluations are made with sufficient regularity to ensure that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair value at the end of the reporting period.

The net appraisal surplus resulting from the revaluation is credited to "Revaluation surplus on property and equipment" account (net of corresponding deferred income tax effect) shown under the consolidated statement of changes in equity. Any increase in the revaluation amount is credited to the "Revaluation surplus on property and equipment" account unless it offsets a previous decrease in the value of the same asset recognized in profit or loss. A decrease in value is recognized in profit or loss where it exceeds the increase previously recognized in the "Revaluation surplus on property and equipment." Upon disposal, any related revaluation surplus is transferred to "Retained earnings" account and is not taken into account in arriving at the gain or loss on disposal. Also, the amount of revaluation surplus absorbed through depreciation is being transferred to "Retained earnings" account, net of deferred tax effect.

All costs, including borrowing costs, which were directly and clearly associated with the construction of the Groups, were capitalized.

Construction-in-progress, included in property and equipment, represents structures under construction and is stated at cost. This includes cost of construction and other direct costs. Construction-in-progress is not depreciated until such time as the relevant assets are completed and put into operational use.

Operating equipment consisting of chinaware, glassware, silverware and linen are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and adjustments based on periodic inventory method. Under this method, the recorded costs of operating equipment are depreciated using various rates and adjusted based on periodic inventory count. Adjustments include the effects of any breakages and damages. The depreciation and adjustments are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Subsequent Costs

Subsequent costs that can be measured reliably are added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Group. The costs of day-to-day servicing of an asset are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Fair Value Measurement

The Group's property and equipment as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 is based on Level 3. Further information about the assumption made in measuring fair value of property and equipment is included in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset or term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

	Number of Years
Land improvements	5 - 10
Leasehold improvements	Shorter of lease term
·	and 10
Hotel buildings and improvements	15 - 50
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3
Operating equipment	3
Transportation equipment	3

The estimated useful lives, as well as the depreciation methods are reviewed at each reporting date to ensure that the period and methods of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from those assets.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the accounts until they are no longer in use, no further charges for depreciation are made in respect of those assets.

When an asset is disposed of, or is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal is recognized in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The carrying amount of the Group's property and equipment is reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the impaired asset is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is charged to the revaluation increment of the said asset.

The recoverable amount is the greater of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use (VIU). Fair value less cost of disposal is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, less the costs of disposal. In assessing VIU, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset being evaluated. If an asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized. Reversals of impairment are recognized in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

After such reversal, the depreciation expense is adjusted in future years to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount, less any residual value, on a systematic basis over its remaining life.

A reversal of an impairment loss on a revalued asset is recognized in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and increases the revaluation surplus. However, to the extent that an impairment loss on the same revalued asset was previously recognized in the profit or loss, a reversal of that impairment loss is also recognized in the profit or loss.

#### **Employee Benefits**

#### Short-term Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefit obligations, such as those for salaries and wages, social security contributions, short-term compensated absences, bonuses and nonmonetary benefits, among others, are measured on an undiscounted basis and are expensed as the related service is provided.

#### Defined Benefit Plan

The Group's net obligation in respect of the defined benefit plan is calculated by estimating the amount of the future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of DBO is performed on a periodic basis by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Group, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in OCI and presented under "Retirement Benefits Reserve" under equity. The Group determines the net interest expense or income on the net defined benefit liability or asset for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the DBO at the beginning of the annual period to the net defined benefit liability or asset, taking into account any changes in the net defined liability or asset during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to the defined benefit plan are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Group recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### Related Party Relationship

A related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among entities which are under common control with the reporting enterprise, or between, and/or among the reporting enterprise and its KMP, directors, or its stockholders. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

#### Leases

At inception of a contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group uses the definition of a lease in PFRS 16.

#### The Group as Lessee

At commencement or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of its relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of property the Group has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Group recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the end of the lease term, unless the lease transfers ownership of the underlying asset to the Group by the end of the lease term or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Group will exercise a purchase option. In that case the right-of-use asset will be depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset, which is determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Group's IBR. Generally, the Group uses its IBR as the discount rate.

The Group determines its IBR by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Group is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Group is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Group is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Group's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

The Group presents right-of-use assets - net that do not meet the definition of investment property and lease liabilities as a separate line item in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Short-term Leases

The Group has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets - net and lease liabilities for short-term leases. The Group recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### The Group as Lessor

At inception or on modification of a contract that contains a lease component, the Group allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative standalone prices.

When the Group acts as a lessor, it determines at lease inception whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease.

To classify each lease, the Group makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers substantially all of the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then it is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Group considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

When the Group is an intermediate lessor, it accounts for its interests in the head lease and the sub-lease separately. It assesses the lease classification of a sub-lease with reference to the right-of-use asset arising from the head lease, not with reference to the underlying asset. If a head lease is a short-term lease to which the Group applies the exemption described above, then it classifies the sub-lease as an operating lease.

If an arrangement contains lease and non-lease components, then the Group applies PFRS 15, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*, to allocate the consideration in the contract.

The Group applies the derecognition and impairment requirements in PFRS 9 to the net investment in the lease. The Group further regularly reviews estimated unguaranteed residual values used in calculating the gross investment in the lease.

The Group recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of 'other revenue'.

#### COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions

The Group has applied COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions (Amendments to PFRS 16). The Group applies the practical expedient allowing it not to assess whether eligible rent concessions that are direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic are lease modifications. The Group applies the practical expedient consistently with similar characteristics and in similar circumstances. For rent concessions in leases to which the Group chooses not to apply the practical expedient, or that do not qualify for the practical expedient, the Group assesses whether there is a lease modification.

#### Foreign Currency Transactions and Translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded in PHP based on the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated to PHP using the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date.

Differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognized in profit or loss with the exception of monetary items that are designated as part of the hedge of the Group's net investment in a foreign operation. These are recognized under "Foreign currency translation differences" account in OCI until the net investment is disposed of, at which time, the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss. Tax charges and credits attributable to exchange differences on those monetary items are also recorded in OCI.

Nonmonetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions. Nonmonetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

The gain or loss arising on translation of nonmonetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e., translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognized in OCI or profit or loss are also recognized in OCI or profit or loss, respectively).

During the translation of the consolidated financial statement accounts of the foreign subsidiaries wherein accounts are being maintained in USD, the differences between the reporting currency and the functional currency are recorded in OCI.

The results and financial position of the foreign subsidiaries are translated into PHP using the following procedures:

- assets and liabilities are translated at the closing rate at reporting date;
- income and expenses are translated at exchange rates at the date of the transaction; and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component in equity.

#### **Income Taxes**

Income tax comprises current and deferred tax. Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognized in OCI or directly in equity, in which case they are recognized respectively therein.

The Group has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatments, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under PAS 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*.

#### Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities for the current periods are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted at the end of each reporting period.

Current tax relating to items recognized directly in equity is recognized in equity and not in profit or loss. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in the tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulations are subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is provided, using the liability method, on all temporary differences at the financial reporting date between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax, however, is not recognized when it arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction that is not a business combination and, at the time of the transaction, affects neither the accounting profit or loss nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax liabilities are not provided on nontaxable temporary differences associated with investments in domestic subsidiaries, associates and interest in joint ventures. With respect to investments in other subsidiaries, associates and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax liabilities are recognized except when the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient future taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at the end of each reporting period and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that sufficient future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. It is probable that sufficient future taxable profits will be available against which a deductible temporary difference can be utilized when there are sufficient taxable temporary difference relating to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity which are expected to reverse in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference. In such circumstances, the deferred tax asset is recognized in the period in which the deductible temporary difference arises.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on tax rate and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax relating to items recognized in OCI or directly in equity is recognized in the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income and consolidated statement of changes in equity and not in profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current income tax assets against current income tax liabilities and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority and the Group intends to settle its current income tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### VAT

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognized net of the amount of VAT, except:

- where the tax incurred on a purchase of assets or services is not recoverable from the taxation authority, in which case the tax is recognized as part of the cost of acquisition of the asset or as part of the expense item as applicable; and
- receivables and payables that are stated with the amount of tax included.

The amount of tax recoverable from, or payable to, the taxation authority is presented as part of "Prepaid expenses and other current assets" or "Accounts payable and accrued expenses" accounts, respectively, in the consolidated statement of financial position.

#### Equity

Capital stock is classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issuance of capital stock, if any, are recognized as a deduction from equity, net of any tax effects, if this can be absorbed by the excess of issue cost over par value. Otherwise, these are recognized in profit or loss.

Retained earnings includes accumulated results of operations as reported in the consolidated statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, net of any dividend distribution.

#### **EPS**

Basic EPS is determined by dividing net income or loss for the year by the weighted average number of common shares subscribed and issued during the year, after retroactive adjustment for any stock dividend and stock splits declared during the year. Diluted EPS is computed in the same manner as the aforementioned, except that all outstanding convertible preferred shares were further assumed to have been converted to common stock at the beginning of the period or at the time of issuance during the year.

#### **Provisions and Contingencies**

A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount. It is recognized when the Group has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. The amount to be recognized as provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

When it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements but are disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### **Events After the Reporting Period**

The Group identifies post year-end events as events that occurred after the reporting date but before the date when the consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue. Any post-yearend events that provide additional information about the Group's financial position or performance at the end of a reporting period (adjusting events) are recognized in the consolidated financial statements. Events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements when material.

#### Amendments to Standards Issued but Not Yet Adopted

A number of amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2021. However, the Group has not early adopted the following amendments to standards in preparing these consolidated financial statements. The Group is assessing and has yet to reasonably estimate the impact of these, if any, on its consolidated financial statements.

#### To be Adopted January 1, 2022

Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment). The amendments prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment the proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use. The proceeds before intended use should be recognized in profit or loss, together with the costs of producing those items which are identified and measured in accordance with PAS 2, Inventories.

The amendments also clarify that testing whether an item of property, plant and equipment is functioning properly means assessing its technical and physical performance rather than assessing its financial performance.

For the sale of items that are not part of a company's ordinary activities, the amendments require the company to disclose separately the sales proceeds and related production cost recognized in profit or loss and specify the line items in which such proceeds and costs are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. This disclosure is not required if such proceeds and cost are presented separately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments apply retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the consolidated financial statements in which the company first applies the amendments.

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendment to PAS 37). The
amendments clarify that the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a
contract is onerous includes all costs that relate directly to a contract - i.e. it
comprises both incremental costs and an allocation of other direct costs.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 to contracts existing at the date when the amendments are first applied. At the date of initial application, the cumulative effect of applying the amendments is recognized as an opening balance adjustment to retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate. The comparatives are not restated. Earlier application is permitted.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020. This cycle of improvements contains amendments to four standards. The following are applicable to the Group.
  - Fees in the '10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities (Amendment to PFRS 9). The amendment clarifies that for the purpose of performing the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities, the fees paid net of fees received included in the discounted cash flows include only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.
  - Lease Incentives (Amendment to Illustrative Examples accompanying PFRS 16). The amendment deletes from the Illustrative Example 13 the reimbursement relating to leasehold improvements to remove the potential for confusion because the example had not explained clearly enough the conclusion as to whether the reimbursement would meet the definition of a lease incentive in PFRS 16.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Earlier application is permitted.

#### To be Adopted January 1, 2023

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent (Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements). To promote consistency in application and clarify the requirements on determining whether a liability is current or noncurrent, the amendments:
  - removed the requirement for a right to defer settlement of a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period to be unconditional and instead requires that the right must have substance and exist at the end of the reporting period;
  - clarified that a right to defer settlement exists only if the company complies with conditions specified in the loan agreement at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
  - clarified that settlement of a liability includes transferring a company's own
    equity instruments to the counterparty, but conversion options that are
    classified as equity do not affect classification of the liability as current or
    noncurrent.

The amendments apply retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Earlier application is permitted.

In November 2021, the International Accounting Standards Board issued the Exposure Draft, *Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants*, after considering stakeholder feedback on the December 2020 tentative agenda decision issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee about the amendments. The exposure draft proposes to again amend PAS 1 as follows:

- Conditions which the entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period will have no effect on the classification as current or noncurrent.
- Additional disclosure requirements will apply to noncurrent liabilities subject to such conditions to enable the assessment of the risk that the liability could become repayable within 12 months.
- Separate presentation in the statement of financial position will be required for noncurrent liabilities for which the right to defer settlement is subject to conditions within 12 months after the reporting period.

• The effective date of the amendments will be deferred to no earlier than January 1, 2024.

Comments on the Exposure Draft was due on March 21, 2022.

Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors). To clarify the distinction between changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates, the amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates, clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that an accounting estimate is developed to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. Developing an accounting estimate includes both selecting a measurement technique and choosing the inputs to be used when applying the chosen measurement technique. The effects of changes in such inputs or measurement techniques are changes in accounting estimates. The definition of accounting policies remains unchanged. The amendments also provide examples on the application of the new definition.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted, and will apply prospectively to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period in which the amendments are applied.

- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Making Materiality Judgements). The amendments are intended to help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments to PAS 1 include:
  - requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
  - clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and
  - clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

The amendments to PFRS Practice Statement 2 include guidance and additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments are effective from January 1, 2023. Earlier application is permitted.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to PAS 12, *Income Taxes*). The amendments clarify that that the initial recognition exemption does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Earlier application is permitted. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax assets and liabilities will be recognized from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognized as an adjustment to retained earnings or other appropriate component of equity at that date. For all other transactions, the amendments apply to transactions that occur after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL SOUNDNESS INDICATORS

#### **As of December 31, 2021**

Ratio	Formula	<u> </u>	2021	2020
Current ratio	Total Current Assets divided by Total C		-	
	Total Command Assess	D0 000 500 750	4.00	4.05
	Total Current Assets	P3,689,536,752	1.38	1.65
	<u>Divided by: Total Current Liabilities</u> Current ratio	2,678,011,184 <b>1.38</b>		
	Current ratio	1.30		
Acid test ratio	Quick assets (Total Current Assets less			
	Assets) divided by Total Current Liability	ties		
	Total Current Assets	P3,689,536,752		
	Less: Inventories	23,869,855	0.67	0.72
	Other current assets	1,869,900,447	0.07	0.12
	Quick assets	P1,795,766,450		
	Divided by: Total Current Liabilities	2,678,011,184		
	Acid test ratio	0.67		
Solvency ratio	Net Income After Tax plus Non-cash Ex	xpenses divided by Total		
	Liabilities			
	Net Income After Tax	P530,801,639		
	Add: Non-Cash Expenses	403,553,132	0.18	0.19
	After-tax Net Operating Income	P934,354,771		
	Divided by: Total Liabilities	5,330,648,023		
	Solvency ratio	0.18		
Daht ta anvitu natio	Tatal Liabilitias divided by Chambaldan	2. Faults		
Debt-to-equity ratio	Total Liabilities divided by Shareholder	s Equity		
	Total Liabilities	P5,330,648,023		
	Divided by Shareholder's Equity	10,454,989,383	0.51	0.70
	Debt-to-equity ratio	0.51		
Asset-to-equity ratio	Total assets divided by Shareholder's E	auity		
riosor to equity ratio		-49		
	Total assets	P17,000,611,151	1.63	1.83
	Divided by: Shareholder's Equity	10,454,989,383		
	Asset-to-equity ratio	1.63		
Interest rate	Net Income divided by Interest Expens	e		
coverage ratio				
	Net Income	P530,801,639	5.16	4.04
	Divided by: Interest Expense			
	Interest rate coverage ratio	5.16		
Return on equity	Net Income divided by Shareholder's E	quity		
	,	-19		
	Net Income	P530,801,639	5.08%	8.22%
	Divided by: Shareholder's Equity	10,454,989,383		
	Return on Equity	5.08%		
Return on assets	Net Income divided by Average Total A	ssets		
	Net Income	P530,801,639		
	Divided by: Average Total Asset	D15 242 209 047	2 200/	4 000/
	Beginning Balance, asset Add: Ending Balance, asset	P15,243,298,917	3.29%	4.82%
	Add. Ending Balance, asset	17,000,611,151 P32,243,910,068		
	Divided by: 2	16,121,955,034		
	Return on asset	3.29%		
Net profit margin	Net Income divided by Sales Revenue			
NEL DIVILLIMATUM	and the second and a second second			
Net profit margin				
Net profit margin	Net Income	P530,801,639	53.20%	64.81%
Net profit margin	Net Income Divided by: Sales Revenue Net profit margin		53.20%	64.81%

#### RECONCILIATION OF RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2021

#### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

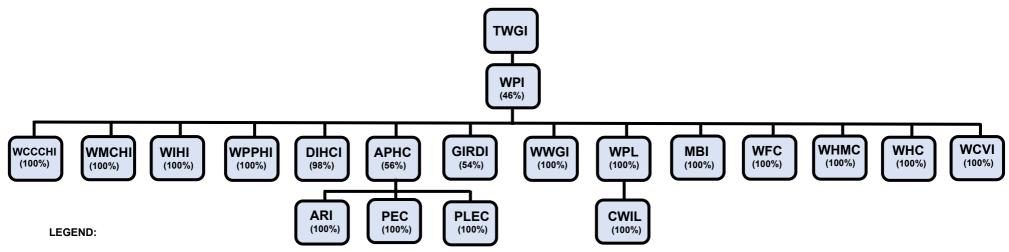
No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Lahug Cebu City, Philippines

Unappropriated Retained Earnings, January 1, 2021	(P1,104,218,906)
Add:  Net income for the year closed to retained earnings	511,550,061
Less:	011,000,001
Other unrealized gains or adjustments to the retained earnings as a result of certain transactions accounted for under the PFRS	311,752,224
RETAINED EARNINGS AVAILABLE FOR DIVIDEND DECLARATION, DECEMBER 31, 2021	(P904,421,069)

Figures based on audited Separate Financial Statements.

#### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULE REQUIRED UNDER THE REVISED SRC RULE 68 **Map of Conglomerate**

**December 31, 2021** 



**TWGI** - The Wellex Group, Inc.

- Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated WPI

**WCCCHI** - Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel, Incorporated WMCHI - Waterfront Mactan Casino Hotel, Incorporated - Waterfront Iloilo Hotel Inc. WIHI

- Waterfront Puerto Princesa Hotel, Inc. **WPPHI** DIHCI

- Davao Insular Hotel Company, Inc.

APHC - Acesite (Phils.) Hotel Corporation (Doing business under the name and style of Waterfront Manila Hotel and Casino)

- Acesite Realty, Inc. (formerly CIMA Realty Phils., Inc.) ARI

- Pavillion Enterprises Corp. PEC

**PLEC** - Pavillion Leisure and Entertainment Corp. - Grand Ilocandia Resort and Development, Inc. **GIRDI** 

- Waterfront Wellness Group, Inc. **WWGI** WPL - Waterfront Promotion Limited

**CWIL** - Club Waterfront International Limited

MBI - Mayo Bonanza, Inc.

WFC - Waterfront Food Concepts, Inc. WHMC - Waterfront Hotel Management Corp.

WHC - Waterfront Horizon Corporation (formerly Waterfront Entertainment Corporation)

- Waterfront Cebu Ventures, Inc. WCVI

#### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES

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### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE A - FINANCIAL ASSETS DECEMBER 31, 2021

(Amounts in thousands)

Name of Issuing Entity and Association of Each Issue	Number of shares or Principal Amount of Bonds and Notes	Amount Shown in the Statements of Financial Position	Value Based on Market Quotations at End of Reporting Period	Income Received and Accrued
Cash and cash equivalents *	Р-	P839,812	P839,812	P1,977
Receivables	-	716,699	716,699	-
Notes receivable	-	235,273	235,273	8,425
Short-term investments	-	12,958	12,958	-
Due from related parties	-	3,333,563	3,333,563	99,419
Equity securities - at FVOCI	136,710	69,943	69,943	-
Other noncurrent assets **		46,836	46,836	
	P136,710	P5,255,084	P5,255,084	P109,821

<sup>\*</sup>Excluding cash on hand

See Notes 4, 5, 7, 8 and 10 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Excluding advances to contractors

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE B - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM DIRECTORS, OFFICERS EMPLOYEES, RELATED PARTIES AND PRINCIPAL STOCKHOLDERS (Other than Related Parties) DECEMBER 31, 2021

(Amounts in thousands)

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at Beginning of Period	Additions	Amounts Collected	Amounts Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	Balance at End of Period
The Wellex Group, Inc.	P983,333	Р-	P12,203	Р-	P971,130	Р-	P971,130
Pacific Rehouse Corporation	573,919	10,651	-	-	584,570	-	584,570
Crisanta Realty Development Corporation	412,370	10,660	_	-	_	423,030	423,030
Westland Pacific Properties Corporation	586,275	22,400	-	-	-	608,675	608,675
Rexlon Realty Group, Inc.	608,500	42,000	-	-	-	650,500	650,500
Philippine Estates Corporation	92,054	-	-	-	92,054	-	92,054
Others							
Forum Holdings Corporation	58,568	1,763	-	-	60,331	-	60,331
Plastic City Industrial Corporation	1,546	-	-	-	1,546	-	1,546
Acesite Leisure and Entertainment Corporation	223,366	13,252	_	-	236,618	-	236,618

See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE C - AMOUNTS RECEIVABLE FROM RELATED PARTIES WHICH ARE ELIMINATED DURING CONSOLIDATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2021

(Amounts in thousands)

Name and Designation of Debtor	Balance at Beginning of period	Additions	Amounts Collected	Amounts Written Off	Current	Noncurrent	Balance at End of Period
Acesite (Phils.)							
Hotel Corp.	P185,690	P657	P -	<u>P -</u>	P186,347	P -	P186,347
Waterfront							
Hotel							
Management							
Corp.	98,940	-	-	-	98,940	-	98,940
Mayo Bonanza,							
Inc.	4,746				4,746		4,746
Waterfront							
Wellness							
Group, Inc.	2,061	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	2,061		2,061
Waterfront							
Food							
Concepts, Inc.	1,940				1,940		1,940
Waterfront Iloilo							
Hotel Inc.	322	64_			386_		386
Waterfront							
Puerto							
Princesa							
Hotel, Inc.	50	279			329		329

See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE D - LONG-TERM DEBT DECEMBER 31, 2021

Title of Issue and Type of Obligation	Amount Authorized by Indenture	Amount Shown Under Caption "Current Portion of Long-term Debt" in Related Statement of Financial Position	Amount Shown Under Caption "Long-Term Debt" in Related Statement of Financial Position
Social Security System Loans Payable Philippine Bank of Communications	P375,000,000	P375,000,000	P -
	P1,500,000,000	P635,106,382	P -

See Notes 13 and 26 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE E - INDEBTEDNESS TO RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2021

Name of Related Party	Balance at Beginning of Period	Balance at End of Period
Acesite Leisure and Entertainment Corporation	P3,119,367	D
Littertainment Corporation	F 3, 119,307	

See Note 8 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

## WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE F - GUARANTEES OF SECURITIES OF OTHER ISSUERS DECEMBER 31, 2021

Name of Issuing Entity of Securities of Securities Guaranteed by the Company for	Title of Issue of each Class of Securities	Total Amount Guaranteed and	Amount Owned by Person for which	Nature of
which this Statement is Filed	Guaranteed	Outstanding	Statement is Filed	Guarantee
	Nothing to r	eport		

## WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES SCHEDULE G - CAPITAL STOCK DECEMBER 31, 2021

	Number of	Number of Shares Issued and Outstanding Shown Under Related Statement of Financial	Troopung	Number of Shares Held	Directors,	
Description	Shares authorized	Position Caption	Treasury Shares	by Related Parties	Officers and Employees	Others
Common shares	5,000,000,000	2,498,991,753	-	1,128,466,800	40,352,530	1,330,172,423

See Note 16 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.



### STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The management of Waterfront Philippines, Inc. is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020, in accordance with the prescribed financial reporting framework indicated therein, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

The Board of Directors reviews and approves the financial statements including the schedules attached therein, and submits the same to the stockholders or members.

R.G. Manabat & Co., appointed by the stockholders, has audited the financial statements of the company in accordance with the Philippine Standards on Auditing, and in its report to the stockholders or members, has expressed its opinion on the fairness of presentation upon completion of such audit.

Signed under oath by the following:

Sergio Ortiz-Luis, Jr.

Chairman of the Board

Evangeline Coliveres
Corporate Finance Director

Signed this th day of 20

ATTY. JOSEPH DAU L. BATOCTOY

Notary Public for Cebu City

Notarial Commission No. 019-20 until December 31, 2021

Kenneth T. Gatchalian

President

Treasurer

Notarial Commission No. 019-20 until December 31, 2021 Notarial Commission Extended until June 30, 2022 3767 Dona Josefa Village, Banawa, Guadalupe, Cebu City Roll of Attorney's No. 72404

IBP No. AR191838 Issued on March 28, 2022 PTR No. 3516754 / Det 31, 2021 / Cebu City MCLE Exempt: Admitted on June 14, 2019

PAGENO. 39
BOOK NO. 39
SERVES SE UN

Philippines. Affiant personally appeared and exhibited to me his/her government issued identification card as competent proof

of his/her identity.



#### STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANNUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

The Management of Waterfront Philippines, Inc. is responsible for all information and representations contained in the Annual Income Tax Return for the year ended December 31, 2021. Management is likewise responsible for all information and representations contained in the financial statements accompanying the Annual Income Tax Return covering the same reporting period. Furthermore, the Management is responsible for all information and representations contained in all the other tax returns filed for the reporting period, including, but not limited, to the value added tax and/or percentage tax returns, withholding tax returns, documentary stamp tax returns, and any and all other tax returns.

In this regard, the Management affirms that the attached audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the accompanying Annual Income Tax Return are in accordance with the books and records of Waterfront Philippines, Inc., complete and correct in all material respects. Management likewise affirms that:

- (a) the Annual Income Tax Return has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and pertinent tax regulations and other issuances of the Department of Finance and the Bureau of Internal Revenue:
- (b) any disparity of figures in the submitted reports arising from the preparation of financial statements pursuant to financial accounting standards Philippine Financial Reporting Standards and the preparation of the income tax return pursuant to tax accounting rules has been reported as reconciling items and maintained in the company's books and records in accordance with the requirements of Revenue Regulations No. 8-2007 and other relevant issuances;
- Waterfront Philippines, Inc. has filed all applicable tax returns, reports and (c) statements required to be filed under Philippine tax laws for the reporting period, and all taxes and other impositions shown thereon to be due and payable have been paid for the reporting period, except those contested in good faith.

Signed under oath by the following:

Sergio Ortiz-Luis, Jr.

Chairman of the Board

Evangeling # Shriveres Corporate Pinance Director

Signed this th day of

President

20

as competent proof

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this Motary Public for Cebu City

Kenneth T. Gatchalian

dayof 3 at Cebu City, Cebu, Notarial Commission No. 019-20 until December 31, 2021

Notarial Commission Extended until December 31, 2021 Notarial Commission Extended until June 30, 2022 -hilippines Affiaht personany appeared and control of the Affiaht personant and control of the Aff

Roll of Attorney's No. 72404 IBP No. AR191838 Issued on March 28, 2022 PTR No. 3516754 / Dec 31, 2021 / Cebu City MCLE Exempt: Admitted on June 14, 2019

of his/her identity.

BOOK NO. SEMILS BE



#### STATEMENT OF MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANNUAL INCOME TAX RETURN

The Management of Waterfront Philippines, Inc. is responsible for all information and representations contained in the Annual Income Tax Return for the year ended December 31, 2021. Management is likewise responsible for all information and representations contained in the financial statements accompanying the Annual Income Tax Return covering the same reporting period. Furthermore, the Management is responsible for all information and representations contained in all the other tax returns filed for the reporting period, including, but not limited, to the value added tax and/or percentage tax returns, withholding tax returns, documentary stamp tax returns, and any and all other tax returns.

In this regard, the Management affirms that the attached audited financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 and the accompanying Annual Income Tax Return are in accordance with the books and records of Waterfront Philippines, Inc., complete and correct in all material respects. Management likewise affirms that:

- (a) the Annual Income Tax Return has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the National Internal Revenue Code, as amended, and pertinent tax regulations and other issuances of the Department of Finance and the Bureau of Internal Revenue:
- (b) any disparity of figures in the submitted reports arising from the preparation of financial statements pursuant to financial accounting standards Philippine Financial Reporting Standards and the preparation of the income tax return pursuant to tax accounting rules has been reported as reconciling items and maintained in the company's books and records in accordance with the requirements of Revenue Regulations No. 8-2007 and other relevant issuances;
- Waterfront Philippines, Inc. has filed all applicable tax returns, reports and (c) statements required to be filed under Philippine tax laws for the reporting period, and all taxes and other impositions shown thereon to be due and payable have been paid for the reporting period, except those contested in good faith.

Signed under oath by the following:

Sergio Ortiz-Luis, Jr.

Chairman of the Board

Evangeling # Shriveres Corporate Pinance Director

Signed this th day of

President

20

as competent proof

SUBSCRIBED AND SWORN to before me this Motary Public for Cebu City

Kenneth T. Gatchalian

dayof 3 at Cebu City, Cebu, Notarial Commission No. 019-20 until December 31, 2021

Notarial Commission Extended until December 31, 2021 Notarial Commission Extended until June 30, 2022 -hilippines Affiaht personany appeared and control of the Affiaht personant and control of the Aff

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of his/her identity.

BOOK NO. SEMILS BE



R.G. Manabat & Co. The KPMG Center, 6/F 6787 Ayala Avenue, Makati City Philippines 1209

Telephone +63 (2) 8885 7000 Fax +63 (2) 8894 1985 Internet www.home.kpmg/ph Email ph-inquiry@kpmq.com

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO ACCOMPANY SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR FILING WITH THE BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated No. 1 Waterfront Drive Off Salinas Drive, Lahuq Cebu City, Philippines

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (the Company) as at and for the year ended December 31, 2021, on which we have rendered our report dated May 13, 2022.

In compliance with Revenue Regulations V-20, we are stating that no partner of our Firm is related by consanguinity or affinity to the manager, president, members of the board of directors or principal stockholders of the Company.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

TIRESO RAND F. LAPIDE

Partner

CPA License No. 0092183

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on July 15, 2021, valid for one (1) year covering the audit of 2021 financial statements

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on April 12, 2022,

valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2022 to 2026 financial statements

Tax Identification No. 162-411-175

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-034-2020

Issued July 20, 2020; valid until July 19, 2023

PTR No. MKT 8854069

Issued January 3, 2022 at Makati City

May 13, 2022 Makati City, Metro Manila

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:

PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until November 21, 2023

SEC Accreditation No. 0003-SEC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024

financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by SEC Accreditation No. 0004-FR-5)
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)

BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024 financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)

## WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED

**SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2021 and 2020** 

With Independent Auditors' Report



R.G. Manabat & Co. The KPMG Center, 6/F 6787 Ayala Avenue, Makati City Philippines 1209

Telephone +63 (2) 8885 7000 Fax +63 (2) 8894 1985 Internet www.home.kpmg/ph Email ph-inquiry@kpmg.com

#### REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

The Board of Directors and Stockholders Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated No. 1 Waterfront Drive Off Salinas Drive, Lahug Cebu City, Philippines

#### Report on the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the separate financial statements of Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (the Company), which comprise the separate statements of financial position as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and the separate statements of comprehensive income (loss), changes in equity and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021, and notes, comprising significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the unconsolidated financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, and its unconsolidated financial performance and its unconsolidated cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2021 in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs).

Firm Regulatory Registration & Accreditation:
PRC-BOA Registration No. 0003, valid until November 21, 2023
SEC Accreditation No. 0003-SEC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by SEC Accreditation No. 0004-FR-5)
IC Accreditation No. 0003-IC, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by IC Circular Letter (CL) No. 2019-39, Transition clause)
BSP Accreditation No. 0003-BSP, Group A, valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2020 to 2024
financial statements (2019 financial statements are covered by BSP Monetary Board Resolution No. 2161, Transition clause)



#### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Philippine Standards on Auditing (PSAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants in the Philippines (Code of Ethics) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the separate financial statements in the Philippines, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Separate Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in accordance with PFRSs, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the separate financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Separate Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with PSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these separate financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with PSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the separate financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the separate financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the separate financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, actions taken to eliminate threats or safeguards applied.



# Report on the Supplementary Information Required Under Revenue Regulations No. 15-2010 of the Bureau of Internal Revenue

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic separate financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information in Note 19 to the basic separate financial statements is presented for purposes of filing with the Bureau of Internal Revenue and is not a required part of the basic separate financial statements. Such supplementary information is the responsibility of management. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic separate financial statements. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic separate financial statements taken as a whole.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report is Tireso Randy F. Lapidez.

R.G. MANABAT & CO.

TIRESO RAND F. LAPIDEZ

Partner

CPA License No. 0092183

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on July 15, 2021, valid for one (1) year covering the audit of 2021 financial statements

SEC Accreditation No. 92183-SEC, Group A, issued on April 12, 2022,

valid for five (5) years covering the audit of 2022 to 2026 financial statements

Tax Identification No. 162-411-175

BIR Accreditation No. 08-001987-034-2020

Issued July 20, 2020; valid until July 19, 2023

PTR No. MKT 8854069

Issued January 3, 2022 at Makati City

May 13, 2022 Makati City, Metro Manila

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

Total Noncurrent Assets   3,805,856,528   3,666,699,835   P5,160,893,441   P5,039,826,351			December 31			
Current Assets         13         P38,500         P21,139           Due from related parties - current portion         5, 13         1,354,999,413         1,373,105,377           Total Current Assets         1,355,037,913         1,373,126,516           Noncurrent Assets         Equity securities - at fair value through other comprehensive income livestments and advances to subsidiaries         4, 13         2,526,662,518         2,531,331,263           Due from related parties - noncurrent portion Deferred tax asset         10         177,810,708         71,977,137           Property and equipment - net Other noncurrent assets         19,677,813         14,562,073           Total Noncurrent Assets         3,805,856,528         3,666,699,835           P5,160,893,441         P5,039,826,351           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         Equity         8, 13         375,000,000         375,000,000           Income tax payable         8, 13         375,000,000         375,000,000           Income tax payable         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Pout or elated parties - noncurrent portion         5, 13         723,352,045         -           Equity		Note	2021	2020		
Cash in bank         13         P38,500         P21,139           Due from related parties - current portion         5, 13         1,354,999,413         1,373,105,377           Total Current Assets         1,355,037,913         1,373,126,516           Noncurrent Assets         Equity securities - at fair value through other comprehensive income         5, 13         50,000,000         50,000,000           Investments and advances to subsidiaries Due from related parties - noncurrent portion Deferred tax asset         4, 13         2,526,662,518         2,531,331,263           Due from related parties - noncurrent portion Deferred tax asset         10         177,810,708         71,977,137           Property and equipment - net Other noncurrent assets         6         -         183,991           Other noncurrent Assets         3,805,856,528         3,666,699,835           P5,160,893,441         P5,039,826,351           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         Current Liabilities         7, 13         P739,480,493         P1,127,468,295           Due to related parties - current portion         5, 13         707,766,662         1,432,422,444           Loan payable         8, 13         375,000,000         37,908,408           Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         2,53 <td>ASSETS</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ASSETS					
Due from related parties - current portion   5, 13   1,354,999,413   1,373,105,377     Total Current Assets   1,355,037,913   1,373,126,516     Noncurrent Assets   Equity securities - at fair value through other comprehensive income   5, 13   50,000,000   50,000,000     Investments and advances to subsidiaries   4, 13   2,526,662,518   2,531,331,263     Due from related parties - noncurrent portion   5, 13   1,031,705,489   998,645,371     Deferred tax asset   10   177,810,708   71,977,137     Property and equipment - net   6   -   183,991     Other noncurrent assets   19,677,813   14,562,073     Total Noncurrent Assets   3,805,856,528   3,666,699,835     P5,160,893,441   P5,039,826,351     LIABILITIES AND EQUITY     Current Liabilities   Accrued expenses and other payables   7, 13   P739,480,493   P1,127,468,295     Due to related parties - current portion   5, 13   707,766,662   1,432,422,444     Loan payable   8, 13   375,000,000   375,000,000     Income tax payable   2,607,976   3,798,408     Total Current Liabilities   1,824,855,131   2,938,689,147     Noncurrent Liability   Due to related parties - noncurrent portion   5, 13   723,352,045   -     2,548,207,176   2,938,689,147     Equity   Capital stock   12   2,498,991,753   2,498,991,753   Additional paid-in capital   706,364,357   706,36						
Total Current Assets			•			
Noncurrent Assets   Equity securities - at fair value through other comprehensive income   5, 13   50,000,000   50,000,000     Investments and advances to subsidiaries   4, 13   2,526,662,518   2,531,331,263     Due from related parties - noncurrent portion   5, 13   1,031,705,489   998,645,371     Deferred tax asset   10   177,810,708   71,977,137     Property and equipment - net   6   - 183,991     Other noncurrent assets   19,677,813   14,562,073     Total Noncurrent Assets   3,805,856,528   3,666,699,835     P5,160,893,441   P5,039,826,351    LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		5, 13				
Equity securities - at fair value through other comprehensive income 15, 13 50,000,000 50,000,000 Investments and advances to subsidiaries 2,526,662,518 2,531,331,263 Due from related parties - noncurrent portion Deferred tax asset 10 177,810,708 71,977,137 Property and equipment - net 6 - 183,991 Other noncurrent assets 19,677,813 14,562,073 Total Noncurrent Assets 3,805,856,528 3,666,699,835 P5,160,893,441 P5,039,826,351 LIABILITIES AND EQUITY Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables 7, 13 P739,480,493 P1,127,468,295 Due to related parties - current portion 5, 13 707,766,662 1,432,422,444 Loan payable 8, 13 375,000,000 375,000,000 Income tax payable 2,607,976 3,798,408 Total Current Liabilities 1,824,855,131 2,938,689,147 Noncurrent Liability Due to related parties - noncurrent portion 5, 13 723,352,045 - 2,548,207,176 2,938,689,147 Equity Capital stock 12 2,498,991,753 2,498,991,753 Additional paid-in capital 706,364,357 706,364,357 706,364,357 706,364,357 Accumulated deficit (592,668,845) (1,104,218,906)			1,333,037,913	1,373,120,310		
comprehensive income         5, 13         50,000,000         50,000,000           Investments and advances to subsidiaries         4, 13         2,526,662,518         2,531,331,263           Due from related parties - noncurrent portion         5, 13         1,031,705,489         998,645,371           Deferred tax asset         10         177,810,708         71,977,137           Property and equipment - net         6         -         183,991           Other noncurrent assets         19,677,813         14,562,073           Total Noncurrent Assets         3,805,856,528         3,666,699,835           P5,160,893,441         P5,039,826,351           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Current Liabilities           Accrued expenses and other payables         7, 13         P739,480,493         P1,127,468,295           Due to related parties - current portion         5, 13         707,766,662         1,432,422,444           Loan payable         8, 13         375,000,000         375,000,000           Income tax payable         2,607,976         3,798,408           Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equit						
Investments and advances to subsidiaries   4, 13   2,526,662,518   2,531,331,263   Due from related parties - noncurrent portion   5, 13   1,031,705,489   998,645,371   Deferred tax asset   10   177,810,708   71,977,137   Property and equipment - net   6   - 183,991   19,677,813   14,562,073   Total Noncurrent Assets   3,805,856,528   3,666,699,835   P5,160,893,441   P5,039,826,351      LIABILITIES AND EQUITY   Current Liabilities   Accrued expenses and other payables   7, 13   P739,480,493   P1,127,468,295   Due to related parties - current portion   5, 13   707,766,662   1,432,422,444   Loan payable   8, 13   375,000,000   375,000,000   Income tax payable   2,607,976   3,798,408   Total Current Liabilities   1,824,855,131   2,938,689,147   Noncurrent Liability   Due to related parties - noncurrent portion   5, 13   723,352,045   - 2,548,207,176   2,938,689,147   Equity   Capital stock   12   2,498,991,753   2,498,991,753   Additional paid-in capital   706,364,357   706,364,357   706,364,357   706,364,357   706,364,357   706,364,357   706,364,357   Accumulated deficit   (592,668,845)   (1,104,218,906   1,104,218,9		5 13	50 000 000	50 000 000		
Due from related parties - noncurrent portion Deferred tax asset         5, 13         1,031,705,489         998,645,371           Deferred tax asset         10         177,810,708         71,977,137           Property and equipment - net Other noncurrent assets         6         -         183,991           Other noncurrent Assets         3,805,856,528         3,666,699,835           P5,160,893,441         P5,039,826,351           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Current Liabilities           Accrued expenses and other payables         7, 13         P739,480,493         P1,127,468,295           Due to related parties - current portion         5, 13         707,766,662         1,432,422,444           Loan payable Income tax payable         8, 13         375,000,000         375,000,000           Income tax payable Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability Due to related parties - noncurrent portion         5, 13         723,352,045         -           Equity Capital stock Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit         12         2,498,991,753         2,498,991,753           Accumulated deficit         (592,668,845)         (1,104,218,906)						
Deferred tax asset						
Property and equipment - net Other noncurrent assets         6 19,677,813         - 183,991           Total Noncurrent Assets         3,805,856,528         3,666,699,835           P5,160,893,441         P5,039,826,351           LIABILITIES AND EQUITY           Current Liabilities           Accrued expenses and other payables         7, 13         P739,480,493         P1,127,468,295           Due to related parties - current portion         5, 13         707,766,662         1,432,422,444           Loan payable         8, 13         375,000,000         375,000,000           Income tax payable         2,607,976         3,798,408           Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         2         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         2         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         2         2,498,991,753         2,498,991,753           Additional paid-in capital         706,364,357         706,364,357           Accumulated deficit         (592,668,845)         (1,104,218,906)		,				
Total Noncurrent Assets   3,805,856,528   3,666,699,835   P5,160,893,441   P5,039,826,351	Property and equipment - net	6	-			
P5,160,893,441   P5,039,826,351	Other noncurrent assets		19,677,813	14,562,073		
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY         Current Liabilities       7, 13       P739,480,493       P1,127,468,295         Due to related parties - current portion       5, 13       707,766,662       1,432,422,444         Loan payable       8, 13       375,000,000       375,000,000         Income tax payable       2,607,976       3,798,408         Total Current Liabilities       1,824,855,131       2,938,689,147         Noncurrent Liability       Due to related parties - noncurrent portion       5, 13       723,352,045       -         Liability       2,548,207,176       2,938,689,147         Equity       2,548,207,176       2,938,689,147         Equity       2,2498,991,753       2,498,991,753         Additional paid-in capital       706,364,357       706,364,357         Accumulated deficit       (592,668,845)       (1,104,218,906	Total Noncurrent Assets		3,805,856,528	3,666,699,835		
Current Liabilities         Accrued expenses and other payables         7, 13         P739,480,493         P1,127,468,295           Due to related parties - current portion         5, 13         707,766,662         1,432,422,444           Loan payable         8, 13         375,000,000         375,000,000           Income tax payable         2,607,976         3,798,408           Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         2         2,498,991,753         2,498,991,753           Additional paid-in capital         706,364,357         706,364,357           Accumulated deficit         (592,668,845)         (1,104,218,906)			P5,160,893,441	P5,039,826,351		
Income tax payable         2,607,976         3,798,408           Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         12         2,498,991,753         2,498,991,753         2,498,991,753         706,364,357         706,364,	Current Liabilities Accrued expenses and other payables Due to related parties - current portion	5, 13	707,766,662	1,432,422,444		
Total Current Liabilities         1,824,855,131         2,938,689,147           Noncurrent Liability         723,352,045         -           Due to related parties - noncurrent portion         5, 13         723,352,045         -           2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         2         2,498,991,753         2,498,991,753           Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit         706,364,357         706,364,357           Accumulated deficit         (592,668,845)         (1,104,218,906)		8, 13				
Noncurrent Liability         5, 13         723,352,045         -           Lighty         2,548,207,176         2,938,689,147           Equity         22,498,991,753         2,498,991,753           Additional paid-in capital         706,364,357         706,364,357           Accumulated deficit         (592,668,845)         (1,104,218,906)			•			
Due to related parties - noncurrent portion       5, 13       723,352,045       -         2,548,207,176       2,938,689,147         Equity       2       2,498,991,753       2,498,991,753         Additional paid-in capital       706,364,357       706,364,357         Accumulated deficit       (592,668,845)       (1,104,218,906)			1,02 1,000,101	_,000,000,		
Equity       2,498,991,753       2,498,991,753       2,498,991,753         Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit       706,364,357       706,364,357       706,364,357         Accumulated deficit       (592,668,845)       (1,104,218,906)		5, 13	723,352,045	_		
Capital stock       12       2,498,991,753       2,498,991,753       2,498,991,753         Additional paid-in capital       706,364,357       706,364,357         Accumulated deficit       (592,668,845)       (1,104,218,906)	·			2,938,689,147		
	Capital stock Additional paid-in capital	12	706,364,357			
Net Equity 2,612,687.265 2.101.137.204	Net Equity		2,612,687,265	2,101,137,204		
P5,160,894,441 P5,039,826,351	4. 3					

See Notes to the Separate Financial Statements.

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)

**Years Ended December 31** 

Note 2021 2020 2019 **REVENUE** 5 P60,156,108 P65,690,784 P98,642,185 Interest income **GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES** Representation and entertainment 2,119,976 750,000 Professional fees 1,435,675 1,484,980 1,324,800 321,730 Taxes and licenses 6,652,598 110,566 Annual meeting expenses 178,386 27,500 Impairment losses 4 12,451,762 1,453,561 Supplies 507 Others 9 8,527,997 14,288,763 5,861,860 12,583,764 28,336,071 16,070,826 **INCOME BEFORE OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME) AND INCOME TAX BENEFIT** 47,572,344 37,354,713 82,571,359 OTHER EXPENSE (INCOME) 5, 8 Interest expense 103,501,764 111,610,252 62,634,746 Accretion income 5 (8,813,375)(8,436,540)Reversal of accrual 8 (415,669,632)(8,768,519)(6,825,371)Miscellaneous income (8,571,566)

(361,606,452)

409,178,796

(102,371,265)

P511,550,061

10

85,919,870

(48,565,157)

(12,823,131)

(P35,742,026)

96,348,341

(13,776,982)

(6,227,988)

(P7,548,994)

See Notes to the Separate Financial Statements.

INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX BENEFIT

**TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE** 

**INCOME TAX BENEFIT** 

**NET INCOME (LOSS)/** 

**INCOME (LOSS)** 

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

# Years Ended December 31

	Note	2021	2020	2019
CAPITAL STOCK	12	P2,498,991,753	P2,498,991,753	P2,498,991,753
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		706,364,357	706,364,357	706,364,357
ACCUMULATED DEFICIT				
Balance at beginning of year Net income (loss) for the year		(1,104,218,906) 511,550,061	(1,068,476,880) (35,742,026)	
Balance at end of year		(592,668,845)	(1,104,218,906)	(1,068,476,880)
		P2,612,687,265	P2,101,137,204	P2,136,879,230
·			·	

See Notes to the Separate Financial Statements.

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED SEPARATE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

**Years Ended December 31** Note 2021 2020 2019 **CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES** Income (loss) before income P409,178,796 tax benefit (P48,565,157) (P13,776,982) Adjustments for: Interest expense 5, 8 62,634,746 103,501,764 111,610,252 Depreciation 6 183,991 206,250 206,250 12,451,762 1,453,561 Impairment losses 4 5 (8.436.540)Accretion income (8.813.375)Interest income 5 (60,156,108)(65,690,784)(98,642,185)Reversal of accrual 8 (415,669,632)(6,909,540)(7,585,644)(3,828,207)Changes in accrued expenses and other payables 7,048,848 7,501,820 12,143,546 4.557.902 3.220.641 592,280 Income taxes paid (3,367,002)(10,839,467)(7,789,104)Net cash used in operating activities (146, 361)(10,247,187)(3,231,202)**CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES** Changes in: Equity securities - at fair value through other comprehensive income (37,500,000)(12,500,000)Other noncurrent assets (6,401,476)(7,075,069)(6,803,916)Total cash used in investing activities (6,401,476)(44,575,069)(19,303,916)**CASH FLOW FROM A** FINANCING ACTIVITY Net advances from related 4, 5 6,565,198 54,770,338 22,520,057 parties **NET INCREASE (DECREASE)** IN CASH IN BANK 17,361 (51,918)(15,061)**CASH IN BANK** AT BEGINNING OF YEAR 21,139 73,057 88,118 **CASH IN BANK** 

See Notes to the Separate Financial Statements.

13

P38,500

P21,139

P73,057

AT END OF YEAR

# WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INCORPORATED NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

# 1. Reporting Entity

Waterfront Philippines, Incorporated (the Company) was incorporated in the Philippines and registered with the Philippine Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) on September 23, 1994 as an investment holding company. The Company is listed on the Philippine Stock Exchange (PSE) and is 46%-owned by The Wellex Group, Inc. (TWGI), an entity registered and domiciled in the Philippines.

The details of the equity interest of the Company in its subsidiaries as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Percentage of Ownership	
	Direct	Indirect
Hotels and Resorts		
Waterfront Cebu City Casino Hotel, Incorporated		
(WCCCHI)	100	-
Waterfront Mactan Casino Hotel, Incorporated (WMCHI)	100	-
Waterfront Iloilo Hotel Inc. (WIHI)	100	-
Waterfront Puerto Princesa Hotel, Inc. (WPPHI)	100	-
Davao Insular Hotel Company, Inc. (DIHCI)	98	-
Acesite (Phils.) Hotel Corporation (Doing business under		
the name and style of Waterfront Manila Hotel and		
Casino) (APHC)	56	-
Grand Ilocandia Resort and Development, Inc. (GIRDI)	54	-
Real Estate		
Acesite Realty, Inc. (formerly CIMA Realty Phils., Inc.)		
(through direct ownership in APHC)	-	56
Fitness Gym		
Waterfront Wellness Group, Inc. (WWGI)	100	-
International Marketing and Promotion of Casinos		
Waterfront Promotion Limited (WPL)	100	-
Mayo Bonanza, Inc. (MBI)	100	-
Club Waterfront International Limited (CWIL) (through		
direct ownership in WPL)	-	100
Pastries Manufacturing		
Waterfront Food Concepts, Inc. (WFC)	100	-
Hotel Management and Operation		
Waterfront Hotel Management Corp. (WHMC)	100	_
Waterfront Horizon Corporation (formerly Waterfront	100	_
Entertainment Corporation) (WHC)	100	_
Pavillion Enterprises Corp. (through direct ownership in		
APHC)	_	56
Pavillion Leisure and Entertainment Corp. (through direct		
ownership in APHC)	_	56
Investment Holding Company		
Waterfront Cebu Ventures, Inc. (WCVI)	100	_
vatoriont Joba vontaros, mo. (vvovi)	100	

The Company and all of the above subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the Group) were incorporated in the Philippines, except for WPL and CWIL, which were registered in the Cayman Islands.

The Company's percentages of ownership for the above subsidiaries are the same in 2021, 2020 and 2019.

The registered office of the Company is located at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City, Philippines.

## Status of APHC Operation

On March 18, 2018, a fire broke out in APHC's hotel property that damaged the podium and hotel buildings that resulted to the suspension of its hotel operations. Based on the Fire Certification issued by the Bureau of Fire Protection - National Headquarters on April 23, 2018, the cause of the subject fire was declared and classified as "accidental in nature". APHC incurred casualty losses due to damages on its inventories and hotel property. APHC filed for property damage and business insurance claims from its insurance companies. The amount of insurance claims recoverable amounting to P1.72 billion was confirmed in 2020 amounting to P1.72 billion.

In 2018, APHC started the reconstruction and restoration of the podium and the hotel buildings which are still ongoing as at December 31, 2021. Although the various community quarantines implemented in Metro Manila have caused some delays, construction activities have not been totally stopped and management expects to complete Phase 1 of the reconstruction project by end of September 2022. A soft opening of the podium building, which houses the public areas including the lobby, some food and beverage outlets and the casino area at the ground floor level up to the third floor, is expected by the 4th quarter of 2022. A related party, who has a long-term sublease contract with Philippine Amusement and Gaming Corporation (PAGCOR), entered into a long-term lease contract with APHC for the operation of a casino. The entire proceeds from insurance coverage claims have been allotted to complete the Phase 1 of the reconstruction work with additional funding expected to be coming from bank borrowings to be guaranteed by an affiliate.

The amenities, guest facilities and the remaining rooms of the hotel building are expected to be completed in Phases 2 and 3 of the reconstruction project. Phases 2 and 3 are expected to be completed by the 1st quarter and 3rd quarter of 2023, respectively. These two latter phases will be funded by the cash flows generated by the operations and, when necessary, bank borrowings.

The phased opening of APHC is based on the management's assumption that the travel and hospitality sectors will return to pre-pandemic levels starting 2023 given the decreasing number of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19) related cases, the relaxation of guidelines for domestic and international travels, as well as the de-escalation from Alert Level 2 to Alert Level 1 in most areas in the Philippines. As the hospitality industry comes to a full recovery, management expects to attract a good share of the incoming tourist markets with the completion of Phases 2 and 3.

# 2. Basis of Preparation

### **Basis of Accounting**

These separate financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Philippine Financial Reporting Standards (PFRSs). They were authorized for issue by the Company's board of directors (BOD) on May 13, 2022.

In compliance with PFRS 10, Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company has prepared consolidated financial statements for the same periods in which it consolidates all investments in subsidiaries in accordance with the said standard. Such consolidated financial statements provide information about the economic activities of the Group of which the Company is the parent. Details of the Company's significant accounting policies are included in Note 17.

Users of these separate financial statements should read them together with the consolidated financial statements as at and for the years ended December 31, 2021 and 2020 in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Company and its subsidiaries as a whole. The consolidated financial statements can be obtained from the SEC and from the website of the PSE (www.pse.com.ph).

#### Basis of Measurement

These separate financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

# Functional and Presentation Currency

These separate financial statements are presented in Philippine peso, which is the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded to the nearest peso, unless otherwise indicated.

## 3. Use of Judgments and Estimates

In preparing these separate financial statements, management has made judgments and estimates that affect the application of the Company's accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively.

## **Judgments**

Information about judgments made in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the separate financial statements is as follows:

## Provisions and Contingencies

The Company is currently involved in certain cases. The estimate of the probable costs for the resolution of these claims has been developed in consultation with outside counsels handling the Company's defense in these matters and is based upon an analysis of potential results. The Company currently does not believe that these proceedings will have a material adverse effect on its financial position. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in the estimates or in the effectiveness of the strategies relating to these proceedings.

# Classifying Financial Instruments

The Company exercises judgment in classifying a financial instrument, or its component parts, on initial recognition as a financial asset, financial liability, or an equity instrument in accordance with the substance of the contractual agreement and the definition of a financial asset, financial liability or an equity instrument. The substance of a financial instrument, rather than its legal form, governs its classification in the separate statement of financial position.

## Assumptions and Estimation Uncertainties

Information about assumptions and estimation uncertainties at December 31, 2021 that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year is as follows:

## Fair Value Measurement of Financial Instruments

When the fair values of financial instruments recorded in the statement of financial position cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair value is measured using valuation techniques including the discounted cash flow model. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions relating to these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

Further details on the carrying amount of financial instruments are disclosed in Note 13.

## Provision for Expected Credit Losses on Financial Assets

The Company uses the expected credit loss model in estimating the level of allowance which includes forecasts of future events and conditions. A credit loss is the difference between the cash flows expected to be received discounted at the original effective interest rate. The model represents a probability-weighted estimate of the difference over the remaining life of the receivables. The maturity of the Company's receivables is less than one (1) year so the lifetime ECL and the 12-month ECL are similar. In addition, management assessed the credit risk of the receivables and due from related parties as at the reporting date as low, therefore the Company did not have to assess whether a significant increase in credit risk has occurred.

Further details on carrying amount of advances to subsidiaries and due from related parties are disclosed in Notes 4 and 5, respectively.

## Useful Lives of Property and Equipment

The Company estimates the useful lives of property and equipment based on the period over which the assets are expected to be available for use. The estimated useful lives of property and equipment are reviewed at each reporting date and are updated if expectations differ from previous estimates due to physical wear and tear, technical or commercial obsolescence and legal or other limits on the use of the assets. In addition, estimation of the useful lives of property and equipment is based on the collective assessment of industry practice, internal technical evaluation and experience with similar assets. It is possible, however, that future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned above. The amounts and timing of recording of expenses for any period would be affected by changes in these factors and circumstances. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of the property and equipment would increase depreciation and decrease the property and equipment account.

Further details on the carrying amount of property and equipment are disclosed in Note 6.

## Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets

The Company's policy on estimating the impairment of nonfinancial assets is discussed in Note 17. The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that the carrying amount of nonfinancial assets may be impaired. If such indication exists, the Company makes an estimate of the asset's recoverable amount. Though management believes that the assumptions used in the estimation of the recoverable amounts reflected in the financial statements are appropriate and reasonable, significant changes in these assumptions may materially affect the results of operations of the Company.

The factors that the Company considers important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant underperformance relative to the expected historical or projected future operating results;
- significant changes in the manner of use of the acquired assets or the strategy for overall business; and
- significant negative industry or economic trends.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, based on the assessment of the Company, there is no indication of impairment on its nonfinancial assets.

### Deferred Tax Asset

The Company reviews its deferred tax assets at each reporting date and reduces the carrying amount to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits, together with future tax planning strategies.

Further details on deferred tax asset are disclosed in Note 10.

# 4. Investments and Advances to Subsidiaries

Investments and advances to subsidiaries consist of the following (amounts in thousands):

							Decemb	er 31, 2021						
<del>-</del>	WCCCHI	WMCHI	WIHI	WPPHI	DIHCI	APHC	GIRDI	WWGI	MBI	WFC	WHMC	WHC	WCVI	Total
Investment cost Advances Deposits for stock	P1,013,800 -	P13,800 -	P25,000 386	P6,250 329	P584,363 -	P479,228 186,347	P253,667 -	P625 2,061	P25 4,746	P125 1,940	P125 98,940	P125 -	P1,250 65	P2,378,383 294,814
subscription	-	-	125,000	90,620	-	-	-	13,000	35,000	6,000	-	-	100	269,720
Total Allowance for	1,013,800	13,800	150,386	97,199	584,363	665,575	253,667	15,686	39,771	8,065	99,065	125	1,415	2,942,917
impairment losses	-	-	-	-	-	-	(253,667)	(15,686)	(39,771)	(8,065)	(99,065)	-	-	(416,254)
	P1,013,800	P13,800	P150,386	P97,199	P584,363	P665,575	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P125	P1,415	P2,526,663
							Decemb	er 31, 2020						
-	WCCCHI	WMCHI	WIHI	WPPHI	DIHCI	APHC	GIRDI	WWGI	MBI	WFC	WHMC	WHC	WCVI	Total

_							Decemb	er 31, 2020						
	WCCCHI	WMCHI	WIHI	WPPHI	DIHCI	APHC	GIRDI	WWGI	MBI	WFC	WHMC	WHC	WCVI	Total
Investment cost Advances Deposits for stock	P1,013,800 -	P13,800 -	P25,000 322	P6,250 50	P584,363 -	P479,228 191,423	P253,667 -	P625 2,061	P25 4,746	P125 1,940	P125 98,940	P125 -	P1,250 -	P2,378,383 299,482
subscription	-	-	125,000	90,620	-	-	-	13,000	35,000	6,000	-	-	100	269,720
Total Allowance for	1,013,800	13,800	150,322	96,920	584,363	670,651	253,667	15,686	39,771	8,065	99,065	125	1,350	2,947,585
impairment losses	-	-	=	-	-	-	(253,667)	(15,686)	(39,771)	(8,065)	(99,065)	-	-	(416,254)
	P1,013,800	P13,800	P150,322	P96,920	P584,363	P670,651	P -	Р-	P -	P -	P -	P125	P1,350	P2,531,331

# Deposits to Subsidiaries

As part of the Company's continuing commitment and guarantee for the subsidiaries to continue as going concern entities, the Company and its subsidiaries agreed to set aside a portion of the Company's outstanding advances to the subsidiaries as deposits for future stock subscriptions. The amounts set aside will be used as subscription payments by the Company once the planned increase in the authorized capital stock of the subsidiaries has materialized.

## Advances to Subsidiaries

Advances to subsidiaries mainly represent funds provided to primarily support the subsidiaries' daily operations.

The advances to subsidiaries are annually renegotiated and repriced based on the agreement entered by the Company and subsidiaries.

Discussed below are the descriptions and the financial information of each subsidiary.

## **WCCCHI**

WCCCHI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on September 23, 1994, primarily to own and operate hotels and other related businesses. The facilities of WCCCHI include an international convention center, an international casino building and a 561-room deluxe hotel at the former Lahug Airport, Cebu City. WCCCHI started operations in 1998.

The registered office of WCCCHI is at No. 1, Waterfront Drive corner Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City.

The significant information on the financial statements of WCCCHI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P904,686	P2,085,585
Total assets	6,637,529	5,504,397
Total current liabilities	1,118,461	573,137
Total liabilities	2,211,986	2,138,197
Revenue	630,583	678,644
Net income	78,314	34,611

#### **WMCHI**

WMCHI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on September 23, 1994, primarily to own and operate hotels and other related businesses. The facilities of WMCHI include an international casino and a 167-room deluxe hotel (Airport Hotel Project) at the Mactan Cebu International Airport. WMCHI started commercial operations in 1996.

The registered office of WMCHI is located at No. 1 Airport Road, Mactan Island, Lapu-Lapu City, Cebu.

The significant information on the financial statements of WMCHI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P1,155,306	P1,065,000
Total assets	1,876,807	2,071,594
Total current liabilities	152,264	165,612
Total liabilities	447,291	555,319
Revenue	273,229	286,819
Net income	43,066	62,991

### WIHI

WIHI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on March 29, 2019, primarily to operate and manage a resort hotel and a restaurant that caters to the guests of the hotel.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet started its commercial operations.

The registered office of WIHI is located at 7th Floor Manila Pavilion Hotel, U.N. Avenue corner Ma. Orosa, Barangay 666, Ermita, City of Manila, NCR, Philippines, 1000.

The significant information on the financial statements of WIHI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P50	P50
Total assets	150,050	150,050
Total current liabilities	452	386
Total liabilities	125,452	125,386
Net loss	(66)	(64)

## **WPPHI**

WPPHI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on May 15, 2017, primarily to acquire and hold real property such as lands, buildings and personal property of all kinds, to sell, lease, convey, mortgage, construct, improve and develop, contract for, manage, administer and or operate, alone or jointly with others any interest in real or personal property as well as in hotels, inns, lodging houses, resorts and all adjunct and accessories thereto, including restaurants, cafes, bars, stores and offices, barbershops and beauty lounges, sports facilities, places of amusement and entertainment of all kinds; to invest in other corporations for the advancement of its interest or to grant concessions, rights or licenses to others to operate, manage or deal with the same, to do any and all things necessary, suitable, convenient, proper or incidental to the accomplishment of the above purposes.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet started its commercial operations.

The registered office of WPPHI is located at 7th Floor Manila Pavilion Hotel, U.N. Avenue corner Ma. Orosa St., Ermita, Brgy. 666, Manila City 1000.

The significant information on the financial statements of WPPHI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P51	P51
Total assets	96,921	96,921
Total current liabilities	4,864	4,388
Total liabilities	95,484	95,008
Net loss	(476)	(1,096)

# DIHCI

DIHCI was incorporated and registered with the SEC in the Philippines on July 3, 1959 to engage primarily in the operation of hotel and hotel-related businesses.

The registered office of DIHCI is located at Waterfront Insular Hotel Davao, Km. 8000 Lanang, Davao City.

The significant information on the financial statements of DIHCl is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P151,257	P155,128
Total assets	3,430,396	2,902,170
Total current liabilities	62,318	46,646
Total liabilities	859,625	848,609
Revenue	90,389	82,404
Net loss	(33,474)	(37,500)

# **APHC**

APHC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on October 10, 1952 primarily to engage in the business of operating a hotel, or other accommodations, for the general public and to construct such facilities as may be reasonably necessary or useful in connection with the same.

APHC is the owner and operator of Waterfront Manila Hotel and Casino. The corporate life of APHC has been extended up to 2052. APHC's shares have been listed on the PSE since December 5. 1986.

APHC's subsidiaries consist of ARI, PEC and PLEC.

The registered office of APHC is located at 8th Floor, Waterfront Manila Hotel and Casino, United Nations Avenue corner Maria Orosa Street, Ermita, Manila.

The significant information on the consolidated financial statements of APHC is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P880,025	P1,103,010
Total assets	3,161,427	3,279,646
Total current liabilities	942,065	987,008
Total liabilities	1,222,125	1,309,625
Net (loss) income	(49,653)	654,566

## **GIRDI**

GIRDI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on December 18, 1990 to engage in the hotel and resort business.

The registered office of GIRDI is located at located at No. 37 Calayab, Laoag City, llocos Norte.

In 2000, GIRDI's BOD approved the cessation of its business operations. The Company has provided an allowance for impairment losses on its investment to GIRDI. The allowance for impairment losses on investment amounted to P253.67 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Impairment losses recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to nil in 2021, 2020 and 2019.

The significant information on the financial statements of GIRDI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total assets	P467,756	P468,998
Total liabilities	37,716	37,733
Net loss	(1,226)	(679)

#### **WWGI**

WWGI, formerly known as W Citigyms & Wellness, Inc., was incorporated and registered with the SEC on January 26, 2006, to engage in, conduct and carry on the general business of sporting and other recreational activities. The facilities of WWGI, which commenced commercial operations on May 1, 2006, include a fitness gym with top-of-the line equipment and amenities. WWGI also offers in-house massage for guests staying in WCCCHI, a fellow subsidiary.

The registered office of WWGI is located at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City.

Due to accumulated losses which resulted to a capital deficiency of P49.60 million, the Company has provided an allowance for impairment losses on its investment in and advances to WWGI. The allowance for impairment losses on its investment and advances amounted to P0.63 million, P15.06 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Impairment losses recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to nil, P0.34 million and P0.73 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The significant information on the financial statements of WWGI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P16,120	P16,132
Total assets	39,367	42,525
Total current liabilities	51,149	50,441
Total liabilities	88,968	89,204
Revenue	2,778	4,863
Net loss	(3,013)	(3,468)

## WPL and CWIL

WPL and its wholly-owned subsidiary, CWIL, were incorporated in the Cayman Islands on March 6, 1995 and June 11, 1996, respectively.

WPL and CWIL's primary business purpose is to invite and organize groups of foreign casino players to play in Philippine casinos pursuant to certain agreements entered into with the PAGCOR under the latter's Foreign High-Roller Marketing Program (the Program). WPL and its subsidiary's participation with PAGCOR's Program, however, has been terminated in 2003 due to unfavorable economic conditions.

To support the Program, WPL and CWIL entered into several agreements with various junket operators to market and promote the Philippine casinos to foreign casino players. In consideration for marketing and promoting of the Philippine casinos, these operators receive certain incentives such as free hotel accommodations, free airfares, and rolling commissions from the Group. Due to the termination of the WPL and CWIL's participation with PAGCOR's Program, agreements with the junket operators were also terminated.

The significant information on the consolidated financial statements of WPL is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total assets	\$4,320	\$4,568
Total liabilities	1,427	1,419
Net loss	(254)	(587)

#### MBI

MBI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on November 24, 1995. Its primary purpose is to establish, operate, and manage the business of amusement, entertainment, and recreation facilities for the use of the paying public. MBI entered into an agreement with the PAGCOR whereby the latter shall operate the former's slot machines outside of casinos in line with PAGCOR's slot machine arcade project.

The registered office of MBI is located at 27<sup>th</sup> Floor, Wynsum Corporate Tower, 22 Emerald Avenue, Ortigas Center, Pasig City.

Due to accumulated losses which resulted to a capital deficiency of P43.94 million, the Company has provided an allowance for impairment losses on its investment in and advances to MBI. The allowance for impairment losses on its investment and advances amounted to P0.02 million and P39.75 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Impairment losses recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to nil in 2021, 2020 and 2019.

The significant information on the financial statements of MBI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total assets	P198	P263
Total current liabilities	9,140	9,191
Total liabilities	44,140	44,191
Net loss	(14)	(65)

# WFC

WFC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on January 26, 2004 to engage in the operation of restaurants and food outlets and to manufacture baked and unbaked desserts, breads and pastries supplied to in-store bakeries, coffee shops and food service channels.

The registered office of WFC is located at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City.

Due to accumulated losses which resulted to a capital deficiency of P55.46 million, the Company has provided an allowance for impairment losses on its investment in and advances to WFC. The allowance for impairment losses on its investment and advances amounted to P0.13 million, P7.94 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Impairment losses recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted nil, P0.61 million and P0.72 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The significant information on the financial statements of WFC is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P6,873	P5,889
Total assets	13,488	13,241
Total current liabilities	55,505	53,183
Total liabilities	68,952	66,869
Revenue	730	631
Net loss	(1,836)	(2,710)

## **WHMC**

WHMC was incorporated and registered with the SEC on March 31, 2003, to engage in the management and operation of hotels, except management of funds, portfolios, securities and other similar assets of the managed entities.

The registered office of WHMC is located at No.1 Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City, Cebu.

In 2014, WHMC's BOD approved the cessation of its business operations. The Company has provided an allowance for impairment losses on its investment in and advances to WHMC. The allowance for impairment losses on its investment and advances amounted to P0.13 million, P98.94 million, respectively, as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Impairment losses recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to nil, P11.50 million and nil in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The significant information on the financial statements of WHMC is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total assets	P713	P770
Total current liabilities	122,014	122,013
Total liabilities	122,017	122,015
Net loss	(59)	(66)

# **WHC**

WHC, formerly known as Waterfront Entertainment Corporation, was incorporated and registered with the SEC on August 13, 2003 to engage in the business of producing and co-producing concerts and shows.

The registered office of WHC is located at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Lahug, Cebu City.

The significant information on the financial statements of WHC is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total current assets	P19,844	P20,282
Total assets	27,414	21,740
Total current liabilities	12,558	10,985
Total liabilities	20,459	12,961
Revenue	2,869	8,799
Net (loss) income	(1,844)	1,592

## **WCVI**

WCVI was incorporated and registered with the SEC on August 24, 2018, primarily to carry on the business of an investment holding company. Provided, that the Corporation will not engage in the business of being a broker/dealer in securities, transfer agent, commodity/financial futures exchange/broker/merchant, investment house, and an investment company adviser/mutual fund distributor of any investment company/mutual fund company.

As at December 31, 2021, the Company has not yet started its commercial operations.

The registered office of WCVI is located at No. 1 Waterfront Drive, Off Salinas Drive, Barangay Lahug, Cebu City.

The significant information on the financial statements of WCVI is as follows (in thousands):

	2021	2020
Total assets	P1,351	P1,351
Total current liabilities	130	64
Total liabilities	230	164
Net loss	(66)	(64)

Total impairment losses on the abovementioned investments and advances to subsidiaries recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to nil, P12.45 million and P1.45 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

# 5. Related Party Transactions

The Company's related party transactions include transactions with its subsidiaries enumerated in Notes 1 and 4, its key management personnel (KMP) and related parties enumerated in the table below.

Related Party	Relationship
TWGI	Parent
Pacific Rehouse Corporation (PRC)	Stockholder
Crisanta Realty Development Corporation (CRDC)	Under common control
Westland Pacific Properties Corporation (WPPC)	Under common control
Pacific Wide Realty Development Corp. (PWRDC)	Stockholder
Acesite Leisure and Entertainment Corporation	
(ALEC)	Under common control
Waterfront Manila Premier Development, Inc.	
(WMPD)	Under common control
Philippine Estates Corporation (PHES)	Under common control
Forum Holdings Corporation (FHC)	Stockholder
Plastic City Industrial Corporation (PCIC)	Under common control
East Asia Oil & Mining Company, Inc. (East Asia)	Stockholder

# Significant Transactions with Related Parties

The Company's transactions with related parties consist of (in thousands):

			_							
				Outstanding Balance Due from					Investment	
			Amount	Related	Parties	Equity	Due to Relat		and	
Category/			of the		Non	Securities -		Non	Advances to	Terms and
Transaction	Year	Note	Transaction	Current	current	at FVOCI	Current	current	Subsidiaries	Conditions
Parent										
<ul><li>TWGI</li></ul>										Secured; interest-
Advances,	2021	5a	P28,757	P736,448	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	bearing; due in one
interest and	2020	5a	(107,004)	765,205	-	-	-	-	-	year subject to
settlement	2019	5a	(146,635)	872,209	-	-	-	-	-	renewal; net of
										allowance for
Stockholders/										impairment
Under Common										
Control										
■ PRC										Secured: interest-
Advances,	2021	5a	10.651	584.571	-	_	-	-	_	bearing; due in one
interest and	2020	5a	10,652	573.920	_	_	_	_	_	vear subject to
settlement	2019	5a	10,652	563,268	_	_	_	_	_	renewal;
oottomont	20.0		.0,002	000,200						not impaired
<ul><li>CRDC</li></ul>										•
Advances	2021	5a	10,660	-	423,030	-	-	-	-	Unsecured;
	2020	5a	17,174	-	412,370	-	-	-	-	interest-bearing;
	2019	5a	16,797	395,196	-	-	-	-	-	due in five years; not impaired
■ WPPC										not impaired
Advances	2021	5a	22,400	_	608.675	-	-	-	-	Unsecured:
	2020	5a	22,400	_	586,275	_	_	-	_	interest-bearing;
	2019	5a	8,173	_	563,875	_	_	-	_	due in five years;
			-,		,					not impaired
<ul> <li>PWRDC</li> </ul>										
Advances	2021	5b		-	-	-	-	-	-	Unsecured;
	2020	5b	(160,000)		-	-	-	-	-	noninterest-bearing;
	2019	5b	-	160,000	-	-	-	-	-	due on demand; not impaired
<ul> <li>ALEC</li> </ul>										not impaired
Advances and	2021	4. 5d	4.465	_	-	_	-	-	-	Unsecured:
settlement	2020	4. 5d		_	_	_	4.465	-	_	noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5d	(4,465)	_	_	_	4,465	-	_	due on demand
<ul> <li>WMPD</li> </ul>		.,	(.,)				.,			
Equity	2021	5g		_	-	50.000	-	_	_	Unsecured:
securities - at	2020	5g	37.500	_	_	50.000	-	_	_	not impaired
FVOCI	2019	5g	12,500	-	-	12,500	-	-	-	not impanoa
<ul><li>Other</li></ul>										
Advances and	2021	5b	-	93,599		-	-		_	Unsecured:
interest	2020	5b	(404)	93,599	_	_	-	_	_	noninterest-bearing;
	2019	5b	(14,066)	94,003	_	_	_	_	_	due on demand;
	2310	OD	(14,000)	3 7,000						not impaired

Forward

					f	Outstanding I	Balance		lassa dan and	_
			Amount		from d Parties	Equity	Due to Rela		Investment and	
Category/ Transaction	Year	Note	of the Transaction	Current	Non current	Securities - at FVOCI	Current	Non current	Advances to Subsidiaries	Terms and Conditions
Subsidiaries										
<ul> <li>WCCCHI Advances and</li> </ul>	2021	4, 5c	(P10,220)	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	P723,352	Р-	Unsecured:
settlement	2020	4, 5c	65,903				733,572	-		interest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5c	55,206	-	-	-	22,283	777,192	-	due in three years
Deposit	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5f 4, 5f	:	:	-	:	-	:		Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5f	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	-	-	-	not impaired
<ul> <li>WMCHI Advances and</li> </ul>	2021	4, 5d	(15,700)	-	-	-	298,026	-	-	Unsecured;
settlement	2020 2019	4, 5d 4, 5d	(23,166) (537)	-	-	-	282,326 259,160	-	-	noninterest-bearing; due on demand
• DIHCI			()							
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5d 4, 5d	(10,179)	-	-	-	<b>14,053</b> 14,053		-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5d	-	-	-	-	3,874	-	-	due on demand
APHC     Advances and	2024	1 50	(E 076)						406 247	Unacquiredi
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5e 4, 5e	<b>(5,076)</b> (4,150)	-	-	-	-	-	<b>186,347</b> 191,423	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5e	5,666	-	-	-	-	-	195,573	due on demand; not impaired
• GIRDI										•
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5d 4, 5d	<b>3,004</b> 2,372	-		-	<b>196,244</b> 199,248	-	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
- 1444/01	2019	4, 5d	2,275	-	-	-	201,620	-	-	due on demand
<ul> <li>WWGI Advances and</li> </ul>	2021	4, 5e	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,061	Unsecured;
settlement	2020 2019	4, 5e 4, 5e	335 727	-	-	-	-	-	2,061 1,726	noninterest-bearing; due on demand;
D- "			121							fully impaired
Deposit	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5f 4, 5f	•	-	-	-	-	-	<b>13,000</b> 13,000	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
■ MBI	2019	4, 5f	-	-	-	-	-	-	13,000	fully impaired Unsecured;
Advances and	2021	4, 5e	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,746	noninterest-bearing;
settlement	2020 2019	4, 5e 4, 5e	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,746 4,746	due on demand; fully impaired
Donasit										• •
Deposit	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5f 4, 5f	•	-	-	-	-	-	<b>35,000</b> 35,000	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
• WIHI	2019	4, 5f	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,000	fully impaired
Advances and	2021	4, 5e	64	-	-	-	-	-	386	Unsecured;
settlement	2020 2019	4, 5e 4, 5e	25,050 (24,728)	-	-	-	25,000	-	322 272	noninterest-bearing; not impaired
Deposit	2021	4, 5f	_	_	_	_	_	_	125,000	Unsecured;
Бороом	2020	4, 5f	125,000	-	-	-	-	-	125,000	noninterest-bearing;
<ul><li>WPPHI</li></ul>	2019	4, 5f	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	not impaired
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5e 4, 5e	279	-	-	-	-	-	<b>329</b> 50	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
octaoment	2019	4, 5e	50	-	-	-	-	-	50	not impaired
Deposit	2021	4, 5f		-	-	-	-	-	90,620	Unsecured;
	2020 2019	4, 5f 4, 5f	90,620	-	-	-	-	-	90,620 90,620	noninterest-bearing; not impaired
<ul><li>WCVI</li></ul>				-	-	-	-	-		•
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5e 4, 5e	65 -	-	-	-	-	-	65 -	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
		4, 5e	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	not impaired
Deposit	2021		-	-	-	-	-	-	100	Unsecured;
	2020 2019	4, 5f 4, 5f	100	-	-	-	-	-	100 100	noninterest-bearing; not impaired
• WFC			-							•
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5e	612	-	-	-	-	-	<b>1,940</b> 1,940	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5e	727	-	-	-	-	-	1,328	due on demand; fully impaired
Deposit	2021	4, 5f	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000	Unsecured;
	2020 2019	4, 5f 4, 5f	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,000 6,000	noninterest-bearing; fully impaired
<ul> <li>WHMC Advances and</li> </ul>	2021	4, 5e	_	_	_	_	_	_	98,940	Unsecured;
settlement	2020	4, 5e	11,503	-	-	-	-	-	98,940	noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5e	-	-	-	-	-	-	87,437	due on demand; fully impaired
<ul> <li>WHC Advances and</li> </ul>	2021	4. 5d	(815)	_	_	-	4,817	-		Unsecured;
settlement	2020	4, 5d	3	-	-	-	4,002	-	-	noninterest-bearing;
<ul><li>WPL</li></ul>		4, 5d	(1,755)	-	-	-	4,005	-	-	due on demand
Advances and settlement	<b>2021</b> 2020	4, 5d 4, 5d	<b>129</b> 128	-	-	-	<b>194,627</b> 194,756	-	-	Unsecured; noninterest-bearing;
	2019	4, 5d 4, 5d	-	-			194,884			due on demand
Allowance for	2021	5i		(59,619)	-	-	-	-	(161,689)	
impairment losses	2020 2019	5i 5i		(59,619) (59,619)	-	-	-	-	(161,689) (149,237)	
TOTAL	2021			P1,354,999	P1,031,705	P50,000	P707,767	P723,352	P402,845	
TOTAL	2020			P1,373,105	P998,645	P50,000	P1,432,422	P -	P407,513	
	_525			,0.0,100	. 550,040	. 50,000	· .,	•	07,010	

## a. Interest-bearing Advances to Related Parties

The Company granted interest-bearing advances to TWGI, PRC, CRDC and WPPC.

#### TWGI and PRC

The advances granted to TWGI and PRC were substantially used to finance the acquisition or development of real properties for the Company. These advances are due in 1 year, subject to renewal. The advances to TWGI charge interest at 4% per annum in 2021 and 2020, while the advances to PRC charge interest at 2% per annum in 2021 and 2020. TWGI paid P52.42 million and P140.57 million in 2021 and 2020, respectively, while PRC made no payments in 2021 and 2020.

In a Resolution dated February 5, 2015, the Company, TWGI and PRC entered into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) whereby the parties agreed that the outstanding balance of the advances from TWGI and PRC will be settled using parcels of land owned by PRC.

On April 3, 2019, the Company, TWGI and PRC made amendments to the previously issued MOU for the inclusion of the new outstanding liabilities of PWRDC to the Company. The amended MOU stated that PWRDC shall be a party to the said MOU, and all references to any obligation or rights that PWRDC shall have under the said MOU shall be in force. All other terms and conditions shall remain unchanged.

On January 6, 2021, the Company, TWGI, PRC and PWRDC made amendments to the previously issued amended MOU to exclude PWRDC since its outstanding liability was already paid in full in 2020. All other terms and conditions shall remain unchanged.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the fair value of PRC's land based on valuation performed by an accredited independent appraiser, with a recognized and relevant professional qualification and with recent experience in the locations and categories of the land being valued, amounted to P7.76 billion.

On April 11, 2018, TWGI initiated the transfer of certain parcels of land totaling to P96.87 million located in Puerto Princesa, Palawan as partial settlement of the advances. On April 11, 2019, the deed of absolute sale for the transfer of certain parcels of land was signed.

On December 9, 2019, WIHI and PRC entered into a MOA whereby PRC agreed to sell WIHI certain parcels of land to settle the advances as indicated in the MOU. In 2020, WIHI made partial payments amounting to P150.00 million for the purchase of certain parcels of land.

Interest receivable from TWGI amounted to P256.36 million and P232.70 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively, while interest receivable from PRC amounted to P109.06 million and P98.41 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest income recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to P30.64 million, P38.22 million, P53.67 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Allowance for impairment losses on receivables from TWGI amounted to P59.62 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

### CRDC

On December 21, 2015, the Company granted advances to CRDC with an interest of 2% per annum and maturity on December 21, 2020. At the end of 2020, the Company extended the maturity of the advances for a period of 5 years up to December 31, 2025 at an increased rate of 2.55% per annum. Interest receivable from CRDC amounted to P49.78 million and P39.12 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. It was agreed that CRDC has the option to pay the balance before maturity date without payment of penalty fees and in case the latter refuses or fails to pay the principal and interest within the time agreed upon, the same shall be due and demandable. Interest income recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to P9.52 million in 2021 and P7.47 million in 2020 and 2019 while accretion income amounted to nil, P8.81 million and P8.44 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

### **WPPC**

On June 1, 2018, the Company granted advances to WPPC amounting to P500.00 million for general corporate purposes. The advances bear interest at 7.5% per annum and repayable in lump-sum at maturity on June 1, 2021.

On December 31, 2018, the Company granted additional advances to WPPC amounting to P33.83 million for general corporate purposes which was also paid in 2019. The advances bear interest at 7.5% per annum and repayable in lump-sum at maturity. WPPC made no payment in 2021 and 2020.

In 2020, the Company extended the maturity of the advances for a period of 5 years up to December 21, 2025 at a decreased rate of 4% per annum.

Interest receivable from WPPC amounted to P108.68 million and P86.28 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest income recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to P20.00 million in 2021 and 2020 and P37.50 million in 2019.

## b. Noninterest-bearing Advances to Related Parties

The Company granted noninterest-bearing advances to PWRDC, PHES, FHC, PCIC and East Asia with no fixed term of repayment. The said advances are due and demandable at anytime.

## **PWRDC**

On July 5, 2018, the Company granted noninterest-bearing, collateral-free advances to PWRDC which are due on demand (see Note 5a). PWRDC paid the full amount in 2020.

### PHES. FHC. PCIC and East Asia

The Company has noninterest-bearing, collateral-free advances to PHES, FHC, PCIC and East Asia with no fixed term of repayment. The said advances are due on demand.

The collectability of the aforementioned advances is unconditionally recognized and guaranteed by TWGI, representing the majority stockholder.

## c. Interest-bearing Advances from a Related Party

On June 1, 2018, the Company received advances from WCCCHI with an interest of 7.5% per annum and maturity on June 1, 2021. In 2021, WCCCHI extended the maturity of the advances for a period of 2.5 years up to December 31, 2023. Accrued interest payable to WCCCHI amounted to P183.80 million and P136.76 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively. Interest expense related to the advances recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to P42.00 million, P43.50 million and P51.69 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

## d. Noninterest-bearing Advances from Related Parties

In the ordinary course of business, the Company obtains noninterest-bearing, collateral-free cash and non-cash advances from related parties for working capital purposes. The above advances are due and demandable at anytime.

#### e. Advances to Subsidiaries

These mainly represent funds provided to support subsidiaries' daily operations (see Note 4).

## f. Deposits to Subsidiaries

These represent amounts set aside that will be used as subscription payments by the Company once the planned increase in the authorized capital stock of the subsidiaries has materialized (see Note 4).

## g. Equity Securities - at Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

The Company has investment in shares of stocks in WMPD amounting to P12.50 million consisting of 12.50 million shares with par value of P1.00 per share as at December 31, 2019. Additional investment was made in 2020 amounting to P37.50 million consisting of 37.50 million shares. This investment is measured at cost due to the lack of reliable estimates of unobserved inputs, less impairment, if any.

## h. KMP

Currently, the Company is being managed by its subsidiaries' KMP. Hence, there is no key management compensation and benefits being recorded by the Company.

# i. Details of the allowance for impairment losses related to due from and advances to related parties are as follows:

	2021	2020
WHMC	P98,940,208	P98,940,208
TWGI	59,619,429	59,619,429
MBI	39,746,418	39,746,418
WWGI	15,061,497	15,061,497
WFC	7,940,491	7,940,491
	P221,308,043	P221,308,043

The outstanding balances of related party transactions are generally settled in cash.

Total interest income on the abovementioned advances recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to P60.16 million, P65.69 million and P98.64 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

# 6. Property and Equipment

Movements in this account are as follows:

	_	For the Year Ended December 31, 2021				
			Furniture,			
		Leasehold	Fixtures and			
	Note	Improvements	Equipment	Total		
Cost		P4,815,980	P1,767,795	P6,583,775		
<b>Accumulated Depreciation</b>						
Beginning balance		4,631,989	1,767,795	6,399,784		
Depreciation	9	183,991	-	183,991		
Ending balance		4,815,980	1,767,795	6,583,775		
Carrying Amount		Р-	Р-	Р-		

		For the Year Ended December 31, 2020					
		Furniture,					
	Leasehold Fixtures						
	Note	Improvements	Equipment	Total			
Cost		P4,815,980	P1,767,795	P6,583,775			
Accumulated Depreciation							
Beginning balance		4,425,739	1,767,795	6,193,534			
Depreciation	9	206,250	-	206,250			
Ending balance		4,631,989	1,767,795	6,399,784			
Carrying Amount		P183,991	P -	P183,991			

## 7. Accrued Expenses and Other Payables

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020
Accrued interest and penalties	8	P711,242,831	P1,106,279,481
Others		28,237,662	21,188,814
	13	P739,480,493	P1,127,468,295

# 8. Loan Payable

# Social Security System (SSS) Loan

On October 28, 1999, the Company obtained a 5-year term loan from SSS amounting to P375.00 million originally due on October 29, 2004. The SSS loan bears interest at the prevailing market rate plus 3% or 14.5% per annum, whichever is higher. Interest is repriced annually and is payable semi-annually. Initial interest payments are due 180 days from the date of the release of the proceeds of the loan. The repayment of the principal shall be based on eight semi-annual payments, after a 1-year grace period.

The SSS loan was availed to finance the completion of the facilities of WCCCHI. It was secured by a first mortgage over parcels of land owned by Wellex Industries, Inc. (WII), a related party and by the assignment of 200 million common shares of the Company owned by TWGI. The common shares assigned were placed in escrow in the possession of an independent custodian mutually agreed upon by both parties.

On August 7, 2003, when the total loan obligation to SSS, including penalties and interest, amounted to P605.00 million, the Company was considered in default with the payments of the loan obligations, thus, on the same date, SSS executed a foreclosure proceeding on the mortgaged parcels of land. The SSS's winning bid on the foreclosure sale amounting to P198.00 million was applied to penalties and interest amounting to P74.00 million and P124.00 million, respectively. In addition, the Company accrued penalties charged by SSS amounting to P30.50 million covering the month of August until December 2003, and unpaid interest expense of P32.00 million.

The Company, WII and TWGI were given the right to redeem the foreclosed property within 1 year from October 17, 2003, the date of registration of the certificate of sale. The Company recognized the proceeds of the foreclosure sale as its liability to WII and TWGI. The Company, however, agreed with TWGI to offset this directly against its receivable from the latter. In August 2004, the redemption period for the Company, WII and TWGI expired.

The remaining balance of the SSS loan is secured by the shares of stock of the Company owned by TWGI and shares of stock of WII totaling 235 million and 80 million shares, respectively.

On May 13, 2004, SSS filed a civil suit against the Company for the collection of the total outstanding loan obligation before the Regional Trial Court (RTC) of Quezon City. SSS likewise asked the RTC of Quezon City for the issuance of a writ of preliminary attachment on the collateral property.

On June 18, 2004, the RTC of Quezon City issued its first order granting SSS's request and the issuance of a writ of preliminary attachment based on the condition that SSS shall post an attachment bond in the amount of P452.80 million. After the lapse of three (3) months from the issuance of RTC order, no attachment bond was posted. Thus on September 16, 2004 and September 17, 2004, the Company filed a Motion to Set Aside Order of Attachment and Amended Motion to Set Aside Order of Attachment, respectively.

On January 10, 2005, the RTC of Quezon City issued its second order denying the Company's petition after finding no compelling grounds to reverse or reconsider its initial findings dated June 18, 2004. In addition, since no writ of preliminary attachment was actually issued for failure of SSS to file a bond on the specified date, the RTC granted SSS an extension of 15 days from receipt of its second order to post the required attachment bond.

On February 10, 2005, SSS filed a Motion for Partial Reconsideration of the Order dated January 10, 2005 requesting that it be allowed to post a real property bond in lieu of a cash/surety bond and asking for another extension of 30 days within which to post the said property bond. On March 7, 2005, the Company filed its opposition to the said Motion.

On July 18, 2005, the RTC of Quezon City issued its third order denying the Company's petition and granted SSS the 30 days extension to post the said attachment bond. Accordingly, on August 25, 2005, the Company filed a Motion for Reconsideration (MR).

On September 12, 2005, the RTC of Quezon City issued its fourth order approving SSS's property bond in the total amount of P452.80 million. Accordingly, the RTC ordered the corresponding issuance of the writ of preliminary attachment. On November 3, 2005, the Company submitted a Petition for Certiorari before the Court of Appeals (CA) seeking the nullification of the orders of the RTC of Quezon City dated June 18, 2004, January 10, 2005, July 18, 2005 and September 12, 2005.

On February 22, 2006, the CA granted the Company's petition for the issuance of the Temporary Restraining Order to enjoin the implementation of the orders of the RTC of Quezon City specifically on the issuance of the writ of preliminary attachment.

On March 28, 2006, the CA granted the Company's petition for the issuance of a writ of preliminary injunction prohibiting the RTC of Quezon City from implementing the questioned orders.

On August 24, 2006, the CA issued a decision granting the Petition for Certiorari filed by the Company on November 3, 2005 and nullifying the orders of the RTC of Quezon City dated June 18, 2004, January 10, 2005, July 18, 2005 and September 12, 2005 and consequently making the writ of preliminary injunction permanent.

Accordingly, SSS filed a Petition for Review on Certiorari on the CA's decision before the Supreme Court (SC).

On November 15, 2006, the First Division of the SC issued a Resolution denying SSS's petition for failure of SSS to sufficiently show that the CA committed any reversible error in its decision which would warrant the exercise of the SC's discretionary appellate jurisdiction.

The Company, at various instances, initiated negotiations with the SSS for restructuring of the loan but was not able to conclude a formal restructuring agreement.

On January 13, 2015, the RTC of Quezon City issued a decision declaring null and void the contract of loan and the related mortgages entered into by the Company with SSS on the ground that the officers and the SSS are not authorized to enter the subject loan agreement. In the decision, the RTC of Quezon City directed the Company to return to SSS the principal amount of loan amounting to P375.00 million and directed the SSS to return to the Company and to its related parties titles and documents held by SSS as collaterals.

On January 22, 2016, SSS filed an appeal with the CA assailing the RTC of Quezon City decision in favor of the Company, et al. SSS filed its Appellant's Brief and the Company filed a Motion for Extension of Time to file Appellee's Brief until May 16, 2016.

On May 16, 2016, the Company filed its Appellee's Brief with the CA, furnishing the RTC of Quezon City and the Office of the Solicitor General with copies. SSS was given a period to reply but it did not file any.

On September 6, 2016, a resolution for possible settlement was received by the Company from the CA. However, on February 7, 2017 a Notice to Appear dated December 7, 2016 was received by the Company from the Philippine Mediation Center Unit - Court of Appeals (PMCU-CA) directing the Company and SSS to appear in person and without counsel at the PMCU-CA on January 23, 2017 to choose their mediator and the date of initial mediation conference and to consider the possibility of settlement. Since the Notice to Appear was belatedly received, the parties were not able to appear before the PMCU-CA.

On February 27, 2017, a Second Notice to Appear issued by the PMCU-CA directing all parties to appear on February 27, 2017 at a specified time was received by the Company only on February 27, 2017 after the specified time of the meeting. The Company failed to appear.

On June 30, 2017, a resolution issued by the CA, resolved to submit the appeal for decision.

On August 30, 2019, the Court of Appeals rendered its Decision reversing and setting aside the Decision dated January 13, 2015 and Order dated May 11, 2015 rendered by the RTC of Quezon City.

On November 4, 2019, the counsel for the Company, WII and TWGI filed a Petition for Review with the SC.

On February 5, 2020, the SC issued its Resolution requiring SSS to file its Comment. SSS appealed for an extension to file its Comment until March 23, 2020. On August 14, 2020, the counsel for the Company received a copy of the Comment dated June 24, 2020.

On July 26, 2021 the SC rendered a favorable decision in favor of the Company which includes the declaration of the contract of loan and the foreclosure sale as null and void and ordered the following:

- The Company to pay SSS P375.00 million subject to 12% legal interest from October 28, 1999 to June 30, 2013, and 6% legal interest from July 1, 2013 until full payment; and
- SSS to return to the Company the amount of P35.83 million, subject to a legal interest of 12% from the dates that the individual payments were remitted until June 30, 2013, and 6% legal interest from July 1, 2013 until full payment.

Subsequently, on January 28, 2022, the SSS filed a Motion for Reconsideration with the SC. On February 2, 2022, the Office of the Solicitor General filed a Manifestation with the SC that it filed/served by electronic means its Motion for Reconsideration due to the physical closure of its offices as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic. As at the date of authorization for issue of the separate financial statements, there were no updates on the progress of the foregoing motions filed by the SSS and the Office of the Solicitor General with the SC.

As a result of the SC decision, the Company recognized a reversal of previously accrued interest and penalties on the SSS Loan amounting to P415.67 million as at December 31, 2021. The reversal was recognized and presented as "Reversal of accrual" in the separate statement comprehensive income (loss).

Outstanding principal balance of the loan amounted to P375.00 million as at December 31, 2021 and 2020. Interest expense related to the SSS loan recognized in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) amounted to P20.63 million, P60.00 million and P59.92 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019. Accrued interest and penalties presented under "Accrued expenses and other payables" account in the separate statement of financial position amounted to P0.71 billion and P1.17 billion as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Note 7).

# 9. Other General and Administrative Expenses

This account consists of:

	Note	2021	2020	2019
Depreciation	6	P183,991	P206,250	P206,250
Fines and penalties		-	2,183,000	-
Directors' fees		-	-	175,483
Others		8,344,006	11,899,513	5,480,127
		P8,527,997	P14,288,763	P5,861,860

Others include expenses on employees' allowances, postal services and other miscellaneous expenses.

### 10. Income Taxes

The Company's current income tax expense in 2021, 2020 and 2019 represents regular corporate income tax being the higher amount compared to minimum corporate income tax.

The components of the income tax benefit are as follows:

2021	2020	2019
P3,893,711	P5,176,869	P11,749,149
(431,406)	-	-
3,462,305	5,176,869	11,749,149
(117,829,760)	(18,000,000)	(17,977,137)
11,996,190	-	- 1
(105,833,570)	(18,000,000)	(17,977,137)
(P102,371,265)	(P12,823,131)	(P6,227,988)
	(431,406) 3,462,305 (117,829,760) 11,996,190 (105,833,570)	(431,406)     -       3,462,305     5,176,869       (117,829,760)     (18,000,000)       11,996,190     -       (105,833,570)     (18,000,000)

The reconciliation of the income tax expense (benefit) computed at the statutory tax rate to the actual income tax benefit presented in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) is as follows:

	2021	2020	2019
Income (loss) before income tax benefit	P409,178,796	(P48,565,157)	(P13,776,982)
Statutory tax rate for income tax expense Income tax expense (benefit) Additions to (reductions in) income tax resulting from the tax effects of:	25.00% P102,294,699	30.00% (P14,569,547)	30.00% (P4,133,095)
Change in tax rate Nondeductible expenses Income not subjected to	11,564,784 358,175	4,390,428	436,070
income tax  Recognition of previously  unrecognized deferred tax  asset on accrued interest	(103,917,408) (112,671,515)	(2,644,012)	(2,530,963)
	(P102,371,265)	(P12,823,131)	(P6,227,988)

On March 26, 2021, the President of the Philippines approved the Corporate Recovery and Tax Incentives for Enterprises or CREATE Act, with nine provisions vetoed by the President. Below are the salient feature of the CREATE Act that is relevant to the Company.

- Corporate income tax rate is reduced from 30% to 20% for domestic corporations with net taxable income not exceeding P5.00 million and with total assets not exceeding P100.00 million. All other domestic corporations and resident foreign corporations will be subject to 25% income tax. Said reductions are effective July 1, 2020; and
- Minimum corporate income tax rate is reduced from 2% to 1% effective July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2023.

On April 8, 2021, the Bureau of Internal Revenue (BIR) issued the following implementing Revenue Regulations (RR) that are effective immediately upon publication:

- BIR RR No. 2-2021, Amending Certain Provisions of RR No. 2-98, As Amended, to Implement the Amendments Introduced by Republic Act (R.A.) No. 11534, or the CREATE Act, to the National Internal Revenue Code (NIRC) of 1997, As Amended, Relative to the Final Tax on Certain Passive Income;
- BIR RR No. 3-2021, Rules and Regulations Implementing Section 3 of R.A. No. 11534, Otherwise Known as the CREATE Act, Amending Section 20 of the NIRC of 1997, As Amended;
- BIR RR No. 4-2021, Implementing the Provisions on VAT and Percentage Tax Under R.A. No. 11534, Otherwise Known as the CREATE Act, Which Further Amended the NIRC of 1997, As Amended, as Implemented by RR No. 16-2005 (Consolidated VAT Regulations of 2005), As Amended; and
- BIR RR No. 5-2021, Implementing the New Income Tax Rates on the Regular Income of Corporations, on Certain Passive Incomes, Including Additional Allowable Deductions from Gross Income of Persons Engaged in Business or Practice of Profession Pursuant to R.A. No. 11534 or the CREATE Act, Which Further Amended the NIRC of 1997. As Amended.

The corporate income tax rate was lowered from 30% to 25% for large corporations on which the Company qualified, effective July 1, 2020.

The deferred tax asset recognized as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 amounting to P177.81 million and P71.98 million, respectively, pertains to the tax effect on the accrued interest expense (see Notes 7 and 8).

# 11. Right to Provide Venue for Land-based Casinos

PAGCOR has granted the Company the right to provide venue for land-based casinos. By virtue of this right, the Company's subsidiaries, namely WCCCHI and WMCHI, have existing lease agreements with PAGCOR. The lease agreement of WCCCHI with PAGCOR covered the Main Area (8,123.60 sq.m.), Slot Machine Expansion Area (883.38 sq.m.), Mezzanine (2,335 sq.m.) and 5th Floor Junket Area (2,336 sq.m.) for a total area of 13,677.98 sq.m. which commenced on March 3, 2011 and March 16, 2011, for the Main Area and Slot Machine Expansion Area, respectively. The lease agreement of WMCHI with PAGCOR covered the Main Area (4,076.24 sq.m.) and Chip Washing Area (1,076 sq.m.) for a total area of 5,152.24 sq.m. which was renewed on March 21, 2011. Both leases expired on August 2, 2016. Thereafter, PAGCOR paid the WCCCHI and WMCHI rental on a month-tomonth basis. The leases were renewed on February 15, 2018, for a period of 1 year. On May 29, 2019, the leases were further renewed until the year 2032.

In 2008, the Company file an application for a license of its planned integrated resort, *Grand Waterfront Casino and Hotel*, in Expo Pilipino Entertainment City, commonly known as Entertainment City.

However, PAGCOR failed to respond to the application, and the Company filed legal action in 2015 which Manila RTC ruled in favor of the Company. In 2018, CA upheld the decision, and it ordered PAGCOR to issue the Company a license similar to that of the integrated resorts currently existing in Entertainment City.

In February 2020, the Supreme Court denied the petition of PAGCOR for review and in October 2020, the Company received the notice that the decision has become final and executory.

# 12. Equity

# Capital Stock

Details of capital stock as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 are as follows:

	Number of Common Shares	Amount
Authorized capital stock: Common shares at P1 par value each	5,000,000,000	P5,000,000,000
Issued and outstanding	2,498,991,753	P2,498,991,753

A summary of the Company's securities registration is as follows:

Date of Registration/Listing	Securities
March 17, 1995	112.50 million shares
(Initial Public Offering)	On October 7, 1994, the SEC approved the increase in the authorized capital stock of the Company to P450.00 million divided into 450 million shares with a par value of P1 per share, out of which, 337.50 million shares were already subscribed.
April 18, 1996	944.97 million shares
	On September 18, 1995, the BOD resolved to increase the authorized capital stock of the Company to P2.00 billion divided into 2 billion shares with a par value of P1 per share. The purpose of the increase was to finance the construction of WCCCHI's hotel project.
December 15, 1999	888.47 million shares
	On August 7, 1999, the BOD resolved to increase the authorized capital stock of the Company to P5.00 billion divided into 5 billion shares with a par value of P1 per share. The purpose of the increase was to accommodate the acquisition of DIHCl's outstanding common shares for 888.47 million shares of the Company with an offer price of P2.03 per share.

On July 20, 2007, the BOD resolved to increase the authorized capital stock of the Company to P10.00 billion with 10 billion shares at par value of P1 per share. This resolution was ratified by the Company's stockholders owning at least two-thirds of the outstanding capital stock during the annual stockholders' meeting held on August 25, 2007.

In 2009, the BOD passed a resolution temporarily suspending the implementation of the above proposed increase in the authorized capital stock of the Company. As at December 31, 2021, the Company has no updated plans to increase its authorized capital stock, or to modify any issued shares or to exchange them to another class.

The Company has not sold any unregistered securities for the past 3 years. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, the Company has 2.50 billion shares listed on the PSE and has a total of 432 shareholders and 435 shareholders, respectively.

# Capital Management

The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to ensure its ability to continue as a going concern and that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximize shareholder value. Capital is defined as the invested money or invested purchasing power, the net assets or equity of the entity. The Company's overall strategy remains unchanged from 2021 and 2020.

The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the dividend payment to its shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes in 2021 and 2020.

For purposes of the Company's capital management, capital includes all equity items that are presented in the separate statement of changes in equity.

The Company's capital management, among other things, aims to ensure that it meets financial covenants attached to the Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement (the Agreement) (see Note 15). Breaches in meeting the financial covenants would permit the bank to immediately call the loans. As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, WCCCHI did not meet the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25:1 as described in Section 4.4 Debt Service Coverage Ratio of the Agreement (see Note 15).

# 13. Financial Instruments - Fair Values and Risk Management

## Risk Management Structure

BOD

The BOD is mainly responsible for the overall risk management approach and for the approval of risk strategies and principles of the Company. It also has the overall responsibility for the development of risk strategies, principles, frameworks, policies and limits. It establishes a forum of discussion of the Company's approach to risk issues in order to make relevant decisions.

#### Risk Management Committee

Risk management committee is responsible for the comprehensive monitoring, evaluation and analysis of the Company's risks in line with the policies and limits set by the BOD.

## Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's principal financial instruments comprise of cash in bank, advances to subsidiaries, due from related parties, equity securities - at FVOCI, accrued expenses and other payables, loan payable and due to related parties. These financial instruments arise directly from operations.

The main risks arising from the financial instruments of the Company are credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's management reviews and approves policies for managing each of these risks, which are summarized below.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations and arises principally from the Company's receivables from related parties. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to credit risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk since prior financial year.

The table below shows the credit quality of the Company's financial assets based on their historical experience with the corresponding debtors and subsidiaries (in thousands):

	2021					
		At Am	At Amortized Cost			
	<del>-</del>		Lifetime			
			ECL - not	Lifetime		
		12-month	credit	ECL - credit		
	FVOCI	ECL	impaired	impaired		
Grade A	P50,000	P825,914	Р-	Р-		
Grade B	-	1,963,674	-	-		
Grade C	-	221,311	-	-		
Gross carrying amount	50,000	3,010,899	-	-		
Loss allowance	-	221,311	-	-		
Carrying amount	P50,000	P2,789,588	Р-	Р-		

_				
	_	At Am	ortized Cost	
			Lifetime	
			ECL - not	Lifetime
		12-month	credit	ECL - credit
	FVOCI	ECL	impaired	impaired
Grade A	P50,000	P993,810	P -	P -
Grade B	-	1,785,476	-	-
Grade C	-	221,310	-	-
Gross carrying amount	50,000	3,000,596	-	-
Loss allowance	-	221,310	-	-
Carrying amount	P50,000	P2,779,286	P -	P -

The credit grades used by the Company in evaluating the credit quality of its receivables to customers and other parties are the following:

Grade A financial assets pertain to financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired which have good collection status. These financial assets are those which have high probability of collection, as evidenced by counterparties having ability to satisfy their obligations.

Grade B financial assets are those past due but not impaired financial assets and with fair collection status. These financial assets include those for which collections are probable due to the reputation and the financial ability to pay of the counterparty but have been outstanding for a length of time.

Grade C financial assets are those which have continuous default collection issues. These financial assets have counterparties that are most likely not capable of honoring their financial obligations.

Generally, the maximum credit risk exposure of financial assets is the carrying amount of the financial assets as shown on the face of the separate statement of financial position (or in the detailed analysis provided in the notes to the separate financial statements), as summarized below:

	Note	2021	2020
Cash in bank		P38,500	P21,139
Advances to subsidiaries	4	564,535,687	569,204,432
Due from related parties	5	2,446,324,331	2,431,370,177
Equity securities - at FVOCI	5	50,000,000	50,000,000
		P3,060,898,518	P3,050,595,748

Except for the impaired advances to subsidiaries amounting to P161.69 million and due from related parties amounting to P59.62 million, management believes that all its financial assets are of standard grade and of good credit quality. Standard grade financial assets are those past due but not impaired receivables and with fair collection status. This category includes credit grades 4-5. The standard grade category includes those for which collections are probable due to the reputation and the financial ability to pay of the counterparty but have been outstanding for a considerable length of time.

The following table summarizes the aging and credit quality of the Company's financial assets as at December 31 (in thousands):

		Neither	Р	ast Due b	ut not Im	paired	
2021	Total	Past Due nor Impaired	<30 Days	31 - 60 Days	61 - 90 Days	>90 Days	Impaired
Cash in bank Advances to	P39	P39	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-	Р-
subsidiaries Due from related	564,536	402,845	-	-	-	-	161,691
parties Equity securities -	2,446,324	423,030	-	-	-	1,963,674	59,620
at FVOCI	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-
	P3,060,899	P875,914	Р-	Р-	Р-	P1,963,674	P221,311

		Neither	F	Past Due b	ut not Imp	aired	_
		Past Due	<30	31 - 60	61 - 90	>90	
2020	Total	nor Impaired	Days	Days	Days	Days	Impaired
Cash in bank Advances to	P21	P21	P -	P -	P -	P -	P -
subsidiaries	569,204	407,513	-	-	-	-	161,691
Due from related parties	2,431,370	412,370	-	-	-	1,959,380	59,620
Equity securities - at FVOCI	50,000	50,000	-	-	-	-	-
	P3,050,595	P869,904	P -	P -	Р-	P1,959,380	P221,311

Allowance for impairment losses of P221.31 million on the Company's advances to subsidiaries and due from related parties was recognized by the Company as at December 31, 2021 and 2020, respectively (see Notes 4 and 5).

# Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due because of an inability to liquidate assets or obtain adequate funding. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatches of the financial assets and financial liabilities. There has been no change to the Company's exposure to liquidity risks or the manner in which it manages and measures the risk since prior financial year.

The Company monitors and maintains a level of cash deemed adequate by the management to finance its activities. Additional short-term funding is obtained from related party advances and bank loans, when necessary.

The financial liabilities of the Company at the reporting date include accrued expenses and other payables, current portion of due to related parties and loan payable which are all short-term in nature and are payable within 1 year from the reporting date. In order to meet its maturing financial obligations, the Company will use the cash collections from its related parties.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities as at December 31, based on contractual undiscounted payments (in thousands):

		Total Carrying	Contractual Undiscounted Payments				
			On			1 to	> 5
2021	Note	Amount	Total	Demand	< 1 Year	5 Years	Years
Accrued expenses and							
other payables	7	P739,480	P739,480	P739,480	Р-	Р-	Р-
Loan payable	8	375,000	375,000	375,000	-	-	-
Due to related parties	5	1,431,119	1,431,119	1,431,119	-	-	-
		P2,545,599	P2,545,599	P2,545,599	Р-	Р-	Р-

		Total	Contractual Undiscounted Payments				
		Carrying		On		1 to	> 5
2020	Note	Amount	Total	Demand	< 1 Year	5 Years	Years
Accrued expenses and							
other payables	7	P1,127,468	P1,127,468	P1,127,468	P -	P -	P -
Loan payable	8	375,000	375,000	375,000	-	-	-
Due to related parties	5	1,432,422	1,432,422	1,432,422	-	-	-
		P2,934,890	P2,934,890	P2,934,890	P -	P -	P -

## Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of cash, advances to subsidiaries, noninterest-bearing due from related parties, accrued expenses and other payables and due to related parties approximate their fair values due to the short-term maturity of these instruments.

The equity securities at FVOCI are not actively traded in organized financial markets, thus, its fair value cannot be determined reliably. In effect, the investment is carried at cost less impairment loss, if any.

The fair value of interest-bearing due from related parties and loan payable is based on the discounted value of expected future cash flows using the applicable market rates for similar types of instruments as at the reporting date, thus, the carrying amount approximates fair value.

The table below summarizes the carrying amounts and fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities as at December 31, 2021 and 2020 (in thousands):

		2021	2020		
	Carrying	Fair	Carrying	Fair	
	Amounts	Values	Amounts	Values	
Financial Assets					
Cash in bank	P39	P39	P21	P21	
Advances to subsidiaries - net	402,845	402,845	407,513	407,513	
Due from related parties - net	2,386,704	2,386,704	2,371,752	2,371,752	
Equity securities - at FVOCI	50,000	50,000	50,000	50,000	
	P2,839,588	P2,839,588	P2,829,286	P2,829,286	

		2021	2020		
	Carrying Fair		Carrying	Fair	
	Amounts	Values	Amounts	Values	
Financial Liabilities					
Accrued expenses and other payables	P739,480	P739,480	P1,127,468	P1,127,468	
Loan payable	375,000	375,000	375,000	375,000	
Due to related parties	1,431,119	1,431,119	1,432,422	1,432,422	
	P2,545,599	P2,545,599	P2,934,890	P2,934,890	

The approximation of the fair values of the Company's financial assets and liabilities are based on Level 3, except for equity securities - at FVOCI which is based on Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

# 14. BIR Assessment

On November 10, 2008, the Company received a preliminary assessment notice from the BIR for deficiency taxes for the taxable year 2006. On February 9, 2009, the Company sent a protest letter to BIR contesting the said assessment. On February 18, 2009, the Regional Office of the BIR sent a letter to the Company informing the latter that the docket was returned to Revenue District Office for reinvestigation and further verification.

On December 8, 2009, the Company received BIR's Final Decision on Disputed Assessment for deficiency taxes for the 2006 taxable year. The final decision of the BIR seeks to collect deficiency assessments totaling to P3.30 million. However, on January 15, 2010, the Company appealed the final decision of the BIR with the Court of Tax Appeals (CTA) on the grounds of lack of legal and factual bases in the issuance of the assessments.

In its decision promulgated on November 13, 2012, the CTA upheld the expanded withholding tax (EWT) assessment and cancelled the value-added tax (VAT) and compromise penalty assessments. The Company decided not to contest the EWT assessment. The BIR filed its MR on December 4, 2012 and on April 24, 2013, the Court issued its amended decision reinstating the VAT assessment. The Company filed its MR on the amended decision that was denied by the CTA in its resolution promulgated on September 13, 2013.

The Company appealed the case to the CTA sitting En Banc on October 21, 2013. The CTA En Banc decision promulgated on December 4, 2014 affirmed the VAT and EWT assessments. The EWT assessment was paid on March 3, 2013.

The CTA En Banc decision was appealed to the SC on February 5, 2015 covering the VAT assessment only. As at the date of the authorization for issue of the separate financial statements, the Company is still awaiting SC's decision.

Management and its legal counsels believe that the position of the Company is sustainable, and accordingly, believe that the Company does not have a present obligation (legal or constructive) with respect to the assessment.

#### 15. Omnibus Loan and Security Agreement

On December 21, 2017, the Company, WCCCHI, WMCHI, DIHCI, CRDC and PRC (collectively, the Borrowers) entered into the Agreement with Philippine Bank of Communications (PBCOM) for the latter to provide the Borrowers multiple term loan facilities (the Loan Facilities) for general corporate purposes in the maximum aggregate amount of up to P1.50 billion.

The Loan Facilities consists of the following:

Facility 1 - represents secured term loan facility in the amount of P850.00 million available through a single or multiple drawdowns with term of 54 months from the initial drawdown date, regardless of the number of drawdowns. Any amount not drawn after the expiration of the commitment period shall be automatically cancelled and may not be reinstated. Commitment period means the period commencing from the date of the agreement and terminating on the earliest of: (a) six (6) months from the signing of the Agreement; (b) the date when the commitment is fully drawn or availed by mutual agreement of the parties; or (c) the date when the commitment is terminated or cancelled in accordance with the terms of the Agreement.

Facility 2 - represents secured term loan facility in the amount of P200.00 million available through a single or multiple drawdowns with term of 54 months from the initial drawdown date, regardless of the number of drawdowns. Any amount not drawn after the expiration of the commitment period shall be automatically cancelled and may not be reinstated.

Facility 3 - represents secured term loan facility in the amount of P450.00 million available through a single or multiple drawdowns with term of 42 months from the initial drawdown date, regardless of the number of drawdowns. Any amount not drawn after the expiration of the commitment period shall be automatically cancelled and may not be reinstated. Facility 3 requires, on or before the initial drawdown date, the borrower to cause the relevant mortgagors to constitute in favor of PBCOM a first ranking real estate mortgage over Davao Agricultural Property located at Matina, Pangi, Tolomo, Davao City consisting of parcels of agricultural real property containing an aggregate area of 70 hectares registered in the names of CRDC and PRC, and Locob property still registered in the name of an individual, and register such security interest with appropriate Registry of Deeds.

The loan principal is repayable on equal monthly installments to commence at the end of sixth (6th) month from the initial drawdown date subject to balloon payment upon maturity. Interest is charged at the higher of four (4)-year PDSTR2 rate on the date of availment and spread of 3.25% per annum or 7.75% per annum, and repayable monthly from the drawdown date.

The Loan Facilities are secured by chattel and real mortgages over various operating assets of WCCCHI and DIHCI; real estate mortgages over Davao Agricultural Property; assignment over leasehold rights on the land owned by Mactan Cebu International Airport Authority on which WCCCHI stands; and pledge of shares of stocks representing ownership of the Company in WCCCHI and DIHCI.

Each of the Borrowers is required to comply with certain covenants during the term of the Agreement and until the full payment of the amounts due which include, among others:

- 1. Debt to Equity Ratio of not higher than 2.5:1;
- 2. Debt Service Coverage Ratio of at least 1.25x;

- 3. To appoint PBCOM's nominees as Corporate Secretary in WCCCHI and DIHCI and nominate and elect such number of PBCOM's nominees as will comprise the majority of the Board of Directors in WCCCHI and DIHCI, provided however, that the exercise of the abovementioned proxy and/or voting rights granted to PBCOM shall be exercised solely for the purpose of protecting, preserving, and enforcing its rights and interests under the Agreement and shall not be used by the latter to effect any takeover of the day-to-day operations of said corporations; and
- 4. Negative covenants which prohibit each of the Borrowers to:
  - Change the nature or scope of its business as presently conducted, or liquidate or dissolve, or enter into any consolidation, merger, pool, joint venture, syndicate or other combination, or sell, lease or dispose of a substantial portion (as determined by PBCOM) of its business or assets, with market or book value of P500.00 million or more;
  - Permit any change in ownership (direct or indirect), management or control
    of its business, which results in the present majority stockholders ceasing to
    hold, whether directly or indirectly through any person beneficially, at least
    sixty-eight percent (68%) of the direct or indirect beneficial or economic
    interest in each of the Borrowers;
  - Declare or pay dividends to stockholders and make any capital or asset distribution to stockholders;
  - Purchase, redeem, retire or otherwise acquire for value any of capital stock now or hereafter outstanding (other than as a result of the conversion of any shares of capital stock into shares of any other class of capital stock), return any capital to its stockholders as such, or make any distribution of assets to its stockholders as such (other than distribution payable in shares of its own outstanding capital stock);
  - File any legal action to question any corporate act or transaction;
  - Extend any loans, advances or subsidies to any corporation, partnership or entity owned by the Borrowers or in which it may have equity, other than advances in the ordinary course of business; and
  - Extend any loans or advances to any of its directors, officers, stockholders, affiliates and partners other than advances in the ordinary course of business.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, WCCCHI did not meet the minimum debt service coverage ratio of 1.25:1 as described in Section 4.4 Debt Service Coverage Ratio of the Agreement. While there was such non-compliance, the Agreement provides a process including notifications between WCCCHI and PBCOM prior to a declaration of default. In relation to this, WCCCHI notified PBCOM of the said breach which was subsequently waived by the latter. Thus, the noted breach did not result in an event of default and did not have the effect of rendering the loans immediately due and demandable.

All drawdowns were made by WCCCHI. The outstanding balances of the loans under the Loan Facilities are presented in the financial position of WCCCHI as follows:

#### 2021

Loan Facility	Current Portion	Noncurrent Portion	Outstanding Balance
Facility 1	P518,085,106	Р-	P518,085,106
Facility 2	117,021,276	-	117,021,276
Facility 3	-	-	-
	P635,106,382	Р-	P635,106,382

#### 2020

		Noncurrent	Outstanding
Loan Facility	Current Portion	Portion	Balance
Facility 1	P102,127,660	P518,085,106	P620,212,766
Facility 2	25,531,915	117,021,276	142,553,191
Facility 3	125,000,000	-	125,000,000
	P252,659,575	P635,106,382	P887,765,957

The drawdowns and payments made by WCCCHI under the Loan Facilities are presented below:

1	n	2	4

Loan	Drawdown	Maturity	Payment	Monthly	Principal	Principal	Outstanding
Facility	Date	Date	Terms	Amortization		Payments	Balance
Facility 1	3/13/2018	9/12/2022	54 months	P8,510,638	P850,000,000	P331,914,894	P518,085,106
Facility 2	3/20/2018	9/19/2022	54 months	2,127,660	200,000,000	82,978,724	117,021,276
Facility 3	4/10/2018	10/9/2021	42 months	12,500,000	450,000,000	450,000,000	-
					P1,500,000,000	P864,893,618	P635,106,382
2020 Loan Facility	Drawdown Date	Maturity Date	Payment Terms	Monthly Amortization	Principal	Principal Payments	Outstanding Balance
Facility 1 Facility 2 Facility 3	3/13/2018	9/12/2022	54 months	P8,510,638	P850,000,000	P229,787,234	P620,212,766
	3/20/2018	9/19/2022	54 months	2,127,660	200,000,000	57,446,809	142,553,191
	4/10/2018	10/9/2021	42 months	12,500,000	450,000,000	325,000,000	125,000,000
					P1,500,000,000	P612,234,043	P887,765,957

Total interest expense paid by WCCCHI arising from the Loan Facilities amounted to P59.83 million, P87.27 million and P119.78 million in 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

#### 16. Other Matter - Continuing Impact of COVID-19

The COVID-19 outbreak has spread across the globe causing disruptions to businesses and economic activities. On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization announced COVID-19 as a global health emergency and, on March 11, 2020, declared it as a pandemic.

As at the date of the authorization for issue of the separate financial statements, Cebu City been placed under Alert Level 1 which allows all establishments, persons, or activities to operate, work, or be undertaken at full on-site or venue/seating capacity provided it is consistent with the minimum public health standards.

The Company has assessed that COVID-19 will still have continuing significant impact on its operations. The subsequent impact of this outbreak especially on the Company's estimates of provision on financial instruments and recoverability of nonfinancial assets will be determined, quantified and recognized in the Company's separate financial statements when these become estimable.

#### 17. Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all years presented in these separate financial statements.

#### **Financial Instruments**

#### Recognition and Initial Measurement

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus or minus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

#### Financial Assets

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; FVOCI - debt investment; FVOCI - equity investment; or FVTPL.

Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

#### **Debt Instruments**

#### Financial Assets at Amortized Cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- It is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- Its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Included in this category are the Company's cash in bank, advances to subsidiaries, and due from related parties.

#### Cash in Bank

Cash in bank is stated at face value.

#### **FVOCI**

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

There is no financial asset that is a debt instrument measured at FVOCI as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

#### **FVTPL**

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. This includes all derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

There are no financial assets at FVTPL as at the date of initial application and as at December 31, 2021 and 2020.

#### **Equity Instruments**

Financial assets that are equity instruments shall be classified under any of the following categories:

- Financial assets measured at FVTPL which shall include financial assets held for trading; or
- Financial assets at FVOCI which shall consist of equity instruments that are irrevocably designated at FVOCI at initial recognition that are neither held for trading nor contingent consideration recognized by an acquirer in a business combination to which PFRS 3, Business Combinations, applies. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Included in this category are the Company's equity securities - at FVOCI.

#### Equity Securities - at FVOCI

Equity securities at FVOCI are nonderivative financial assets that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. Changes in the fair value of such assets are accounted for as other comprehensive income (OCI) and included in the fund balance. These financial assets are classified as noncurrent assets unless there is intention to dispose of such assets within 12 months from the reporting date.

The fair value of equity securities at FVOCI that are actively traded in organized financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid prices at the close of business of the reporting date. For equity securities at FVOCI where there is no active market, fair value is determined using valuation techniques. However, when fair value cannot be determined reliably, the investment is accounted for at cost less impairment loss, if any.

The Company's financial assets measured at FVOCI pertain to equity securities carried at cost.

Equity securities at cost represent investment holdings that the Company originally intended to hold for long-term strategic purposes. The Company recognized this investment at cost because these investments do not have a quoted market price in an active market, and its fair value cannot be measured reliably. An assessment for impairment is undertaken at least each reporting date whether or not there is objective evidence that the financial asset is impaired.

#### Business Model Assessment

The Company makes an assessment of the objective of the business model in which a financial asset is held at a portfolio level because this best reflects the way the business is managed, and information is provided to management. The information considered includes:

- a. the stated policies and objectives for the portfolio and the operation of those policies in practice. These include whether management's strategy focuses on earning contractual interest income, maintaining a particular interest rate profile, matching the duration of the financial assets to the duration of any related liabilities or expected cash outflows or realizing cash flows through the sale of the assets:
- b. how the performance of the portfolio is evaluated and reported to the Company's management;
- c. the risks that affect the performance of the business model (and the financial assets held within that business model) and how those risks are managed;
- d. how managers of the business are compensated e.g., whether compensation is based on the fair value of the assets managed or the contractual cash flows collected; and
- e. the frequency, volume and timing of sales of financial assets in prior periods, the reasons for such sales and expectations about future sales activity.

## Assessment whether Contractual Cash Flows are Solely Payments of Principal and Interest

For the purposes of this assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g., liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instruments. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified asset.

#### Subsequent Measurement of Financial Assets

Financial assets at amortized cost are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Amounts recognized in OCI are not classified to profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of Financial Assets

At the date of initial application of PFRS 9, the Company uses reasonable and supportable information that is available without undue cost or effort to determine the credit risk at the date that a financial instrument was initially recognized and compared that to the credit risk at the date of initial application. Lifetime ECLs result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instruments while 12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date (or a shorter period of the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

#### Measurement of ECL

ECL are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured as the present value of cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between the cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

ECL are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial assets.

#### Credit-impaired Financial Assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred.

Objective evidence that financial assets were impaired included:

- default or delinquency by a debtor;
- restructuring of an amount due to the Company on terms that the Company would not consider otherwise;
- indications that a debtor or issuer would enter bankruptcy;
- adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers or issuers;
- the disappearance of an active market for a security because of financial difficulties; or
- observable data indicating that there was a measurable decrease in the expected cash flows from a group of financial assets.

Presentation of Allowance for ECL in the Separate Statement of Financial Position Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets.

For debt investments at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charged to profit or loss and is recognized in OCI.

#### Financial Liabilities

Classification, Subsequent Measurement and Gains and Losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative, or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and foreign exchange gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is also recognized in profit or loss.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, other financial liabilities at amortized cost include accrued expenses and other payables, due to related parties and loan payable (see Notes 5, 7 and 8). There are no financial liabilities measured at FVTPL.

#### Derecognition of Financial Instruments

#### **Financial Asset**

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of financial position but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

#### **Financial Liabilities**

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

#### Offsetting of Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the separate statement of financial position if, and only if, there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. This is generally not the case with master netting agreements, thus, the related assets and liabilities are presented at gross amounts in the separate statement of financial position.

As at December 31, 2021 and 2020, only due to/from related party transactions were offset in the separate financial statements. The said accounts were being set-off because the management intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Determination of Fair Values**

A number of the Company's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and nonfinancial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes, when necessary, based on the market values, being the estimated amount for which assets could be exchanged on the date of the valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably, prudently and without compulsion. When applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

The different levels of fair value of financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices); and
- Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

If the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized in different levels of the fair value hierarchy, then the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

The Company recognizes transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred.

#### **Current and Noncurrent Classification**

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/noncurrent classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as noncurrent.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting period; or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least
   12 months after the reporting period

The Company classifies all other liabilities as noncurrent.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as noncurrent.

#### Investments in Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. The Company controls an entity if, and only if, the Company is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The Company reassesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the 3 elements of control.

The Company carries its investments in shares of stock of its subsidiaries under the cost method of accounting for investments. Under this method, investments are carried at cost less impairment losses. The investor recognizes income from the investment only to the extent that the investor receives distributions from accumulated profits of the investee arising after the date of the acquisition. Distributions received in excess of such profits are regarded as a recovery of investment and are recognized as a reduction of the cost of the investment.

#### Property and Equipment

#### Measurement at Recognition

Upon recognition, items of property and equipment are measured at cost which comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the asset to the location and condition for its intended use.

#### Measurement Subsequent to Recognition

Property and equipment are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### Subsequent Costs

Subsequent costs that can be measured reliably are added to the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the asset will flow to the Company. The costs of day-to-day servicing of an asset are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of furniture, fixtures and equipment ranging from 5 to ten (10) years. Leasehold improvements are depreciated using the straight-line method over the term of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements, whichever is shorter.

The estimated useful lives and the depreciation method are reviewed at each reporting date to ensure that these are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from those assets.

Fully depreciated assets are retained in the accounts until they are no longer in use, no further charges for depreciation are made in respect of those assets.

When an asset is disposed of, or is permanently withdrawn from use and no future economic benefits are expected from its disposal, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, are removed from the accounts and any resulting gain or loss arising from the retirement or disposal is recognized in profit or loss.

#### **Impairment of Nonfinancial Assets**

The carrying amounts of the Company's nonfinancial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the impaired asset is estimated.

An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or its cash-generating unit (CGU) exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses on assets recognized at cost are recognized in the profit or loss. However, impairment losses on revalued assets are recognized in the statement of changes in equity as a reduction of revaluation surplus to the extent that the impairment losses do not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use (VIU). Fair value less costs of disposal is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, less the costs of disposal. In assessing VIU, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pretax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset being evaluated. If an asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets, the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the carrying amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, if no impairment loss had been recognized. Reversals of impairments are recognized in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal is treated as a revaluation increase.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenue from Contracts with Customers

The Company's business is primarily engaged in holding equity interests in hotels and resorts, a fitness gym, entities engaged in the international marketing and promotion of casinos, manufacturing of pastries, and hotel management and operations.

The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

#### Interest Income

Interest income is recognized as it accrues using the effective interest method.

#### Miscellaneous Income

Other Income is recognized when earned.

Determination of whether the Company is Acting as a Principal or an Agent The Company assesses its revenue arrangements against the following criteria to determine whether it is acting as a principal or an agent:

- whether the Company has primary responsibility for providing the goods and services;
- whether the Company has discretion in establishing prices; and
- whether the Company bears the credit risk.

If the Company has determined it is acting as a principal, the Company recognizes revenue on a gross basis with the amount remitted to the other party being accounted as part of costs and expenses. If the Company has determined it is acting as agent, only the net amount retained is recognized as revenue.

The Company assessed its revenue arrangements and concluded that it is acting as principal in all arrangements.

#### **Expense Recognition**

Expenses are recognized in profit or loss upon utilization of the service or at the date they are incurred. Interest expense are reported on an accrual basis.

#### Related Party Relationship

A related party relationship exists when one party has the ability to control, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries, the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions. Such relationships also exist between and/or among entities which are under common control with the reporting enterprise, or between, and/or among the reporting enterprise and its KMP, directors, or its stockholders. In considering each possible related party relationship, attention is directed to the substance of the relationship, and not merely the legal form.

#### Income Taxes

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. It is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that they relate to items recognized in equity or OCI.

The Company has determined that interest and penalties related to income taxes, including uncertain tax treatments, do not meet the definition of income taxes, and therefore accounted for them under Philippine Accounting Standards (PAS) 37, *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets*.

#### Current Tax

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payable is the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognized in respect of temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognized for:

- temporary differences on the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss;
- temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that the temporary differences will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and
- taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses, unused tax credits and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be used.

Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if and only if it has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets and liabilities, and the deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities which intend either to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### Eauitv

Capital stock is classified as equity and is determined using the nominal value of share that have been issued. Capital stock is recognized at par value for all issued shares. Consideration received in excess of par value is recognized as additional paid-in capital net of incremental costs that are directly attributable to the issuance of new shares.

Accumulated deficit includes accumulated results of operations as reported in the separate statement of comprehensive income (loss) less any dividends declared. Dividends are recorded in the period in which the dividends are approved by the BOD.

#### **Provisions and Contingencies**

A provision is a liability of uncertain timing or amount. It is recognized when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event; when it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. The amount to be recognized as provision shall be the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

When it is not probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required, or the amount cannot be estimated reliably, the obligation is disclosed as a contingent liability, unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote. Possible obligations, whose existence will only be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more future events, are also disclosed as contingent liabilities unless the probability of outflow of economic benefits is remote.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the entity.

Contingent assets are not recognized in the separate financial statements but are disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable.

#### Events After the End of the Reporting Date

The Company identifies post year-end events as events that occurred after the reporting date but before the date when the financial statements were authorized for issue. Any post year-end events that provide additional information about the Company's financial position or performance at the end of a reporting period (adjusting events) are recognized in the financial statements. Events that are not adjusting events are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements when material.

#### Amendments to Standards Issued Not Yet Adopted

A number of amendments to standards are effective for annual periods beginning after January 1, 2021. However, the Company has not early adopted the following amendments to standards in preparing these financial statements. Unless otherwise stated, none of these are expected to have a significant impact on the Company's financial statements.

#### To be Adopted January 1, 2022

Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments to PAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment). The amendments prohibit an entity from deducting from the cost of an item of property, plant and equipment the proceeds from selling items produced before that asset is available for use. The proceeds before intended use should be recognized in profit or loss, together with the costs of producing those items which are identified and measured in accordance with PAS 2, Inventories.

The amendments also clarify that testing whether an item of property, plant and equipment is functioning properly means assessing its technical and physical performance rather than assessing its financial performance.

For the sale of items that are not part of a company's ordinary activities, the amendments require the company to disclose separately the sales proceeds and related production cost recognized in profit or loss and specify the line items in which such proceeds and costs are included in the statement of comprehensive income. This disclosure is not required if such proceeds and cost are presented separately in the statement of comprehensive income.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Earlier application is permitted. The amendments apply retrospectively, but only to items of property, plant and equipment made available for use on or after the beginning of the earliest period presented in the financial statements in which the company first applies the amendments.

Onerous Contracts - Cost of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendment to PAS 37). The
amendments clarify that the cost of fulfilling a contract when assessing whether a
contract is onerous includes all costs that relate directly to a contract - i.e. it
comprises both incremental costs and an allocation of other direct costs.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022 to contracts existing at the date when the amendments are first applied. At the date of initial application, the cumulative effect of applying the amendments is recognized as an opening balance adjustment to retained earnings or other component of equity, as appropriate. The comparatives are not restated. Earlier application is permitted.

- Annual Improvements to PFRSs 2018-2020. This cycle of improvements contains amendments to 4 standards. The following are applicable to the Company:
  - Fees in the '10 per cent' Test for Derecognition of Financial Liabilities (Amendment to PFRS 9). The amendment clarifies that for the purpose of performing the '10 per cent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities, the fees paid net of fees received included in the discounted cash flows include only fees paid or received between the borrower and the lender, including fees paid or received by either the borrower or lender on the other's behalf.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2022. Earlier application is permitted.

#### To be Adopted January 1, 2023

- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Noncurrent (Amendments to PAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements). To promote consistency in application and clarify the requirements on determining whether a liability is current or noncurrent, the amendments:
  - removed the requirement for a right to defer settlement of a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period to be unconditional and instead requires that the right must have substance and exist at the end of the reporting period;
  - clarified that a right to defer settlement exists only if the company complies with conditions specified in the loan agreement at the end of the reporting period, even if the lender does not test compliance until a later date; and
  - clarified that settlement of a liability includes transferring a company's own
    equity instruments to the counterparty, but conversion options that are
    classified as equity do not affect classification of the liability as current or
    noncurrent.

The amendments apply retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Earlier application is permitted.

In November 2021, the International Accounting Standards Board issued the Exposure Draft, Noncurrent Liabilities with Covenants, after considering stakeholder feedback on the December 2020 tentative agenda decision issued by the IFRS Interpretations Committee about the amendments. The exposure draft proposes to again amend IAS 1 as follows:

- Conditions which the entity must comply within twelve months after the reporting period will have no effect on the classification as current or noncurrent.
- Additional disclosure requirements will apply to noncurrent liabilities subject to such conditions to enable the assessment of the risk that the liability could become repayable within twelve months.
- Separate presentation in the statement of financial position will be required for noncurrent liabilities for which the right to defer settlement is subject to conditions within 12 months after the reporting period.
- The effective date of the amendments will be deferred to no earlier than January 1, 2024.

Comments on the Exposure Draft was due on March 21, 2022.

Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments to PAS 8, Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors). To clarify the distinction between changes in accounting policies and changes in accounting estimates, the amendments introduce a new definition for accounting estimates, clarifying that they are monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty. The amendments also clarify the relationship between accounting policies and accounting estimates by specifying that an accounting estimate is developed to achieve the objective set out by an accounting policy. Developing an accounting estimate includes both selecting a measurement technique and choosing the inputs to be used when applying the chosen measurement technique. The effects of changes in such inputs or measurement techniques are changes in accounting estimates. The definition of accounting policies remains unchanged. The amendments also provide examples on the application of the new definition.

The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023, with earlier application permitted, and will apply prospectively to changes in accounting estimates and changes in accounting policies occurring on or after the beginning of the first annual reporting period in which the amendments are applied.

- Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments to PAS 1 and PFRS Practice Statement 2, Making Materiality Judgements). The amendments are intended to help companies provide useful accounting policy disclosures. The key amendments to PAS 1 include:
  - requiring companies to disclose their material accounting policies rather than their significant accounting policies;
  - clarifying that accounting policies related to immaterial transactions, other events or conditions are themselves immaterial and as such need not be disclosed; and
  - clarifying that not all accounting policies that relate to material transactions, other events or conditions are themselves material to a company's financial statements.

The amendments to PFRS Practice Statement 2 include guidance and additional examples on the application of materiality to accounting policy disclosures.

The amendments are effective from January 1, 2023. Earlier application is permitted.

Deferred Tax related to Assets and Liabilities arising from a Single Transaction (Amendments to PAS 12, Income Taxes). The amendments clarify that that the initial recognition exemption does not apply to transactions that give rise to equal taxable and deductible temporary differences such as leases and decommissioning obligations. The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023. Earlier application is permitted. For leases and decommissioning liabilities, the associated deferred tax assets and liabilities will be recognized from the beginning of the earliest comparative period presented, with any cumulative effect recognized as an adjustment to retained earnings or other appropriate component of equity at that date. For all other transactions, the amendments apply to transactions that occur after the beginning of the earliest period presented.

#### 18. Subsequent Event

On March 22, 2022, the Borrowers entered into a Supplemental Loan Agreement to the Agreement with PBCOM granting the Borrowers additional multiple loan facilities (the New Loan Facilities) for the following purposes: (1) refinancing the outstanding loan obligation: (2) payment of any and all fees, stamps, and other taxes to the execution and delivery of the loan documents in order to implement the refinancing; and, (3) general corporate requirements, in the maximum aggregate amount of P3.05 billion. The New Loan Facilities are secured by the chattel and real estate mortgages and other security interests under the Agreement as well as the following: additional chattel mortgage over various properties of WMCHI; pledge of movable assets consisting of machinery and equipment owned by WCCCHI, WMCHI and DIHCI; assignment over leasehold rights on the land owned by MCIAA on which WMCHI stands; and the assignment of the PAGCOR rental receivables of WCCCHI and WMCHI. Each of the Borrowers are required to comply the same covenants set forth under the Agreement. As at the date of the authorization for issue of the separate financial statements, no drawdown has been made by the Borrowers on the New Loan Facilities.

#### 19. Supplementary Information Required Under RR No. 15-2010 of the BIR

In addition to the disclosures mandated under PFRSs, and such other standards and/or conventions as may be adopted, companies are required by the BIR to provide in the notes to the basic separate financial statements, certain supplementary information for the taxable year. The amounts relating to such supplementary information may not necessarily be the same with those amounts disclosed in the separate financial statements which were prepared in accordance with PFRSs. The following are the tax information required for the taxable year ended December 31, 2021.

#### A. Withholding Taxes

During the year, the Company withheld expanded withholding tax amounting to P88,000.

#### B. All Other Taxes (Local and National)

Other taxes paid during the year recognized as "Taxes and licenses" under General and Administrative Expenses License and other fees

P321,720

#### C. Deficiency Tax Assessments

As at December 31, 2021, the Company is still awaiting SC's decision on its appeal related to the VAT assessment for taxable year 2006.



Reference No: 462200047291748 Date Filed: April 18, 2022 09:48 AM

Batch Number: 0

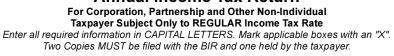
## Republic of the Philippines Department of Finance Bureau of Internal Revenue

For BIR Use Only:

BCS/ Item:

BIR Form No.

1702-RT January 2018(ENCS)
Page 1 **Annual Income Tax Return** 





I FOI	Calendar Fiscal	3 Amen	ded Retur	n?	4 Short P	Period Re	turn?	• 7 upriariaria		uc (/		
2 Year En	ded (MM/20YY)	○ Yes	s   No		Yes	No		IC055	Minim	um C	orporate Income Tax (N	//CIT)   ✓
12	/2021								~			
		(TILL)				Backgrou	nd Into	rmation				
	Identification Number	` ′	03 - 97		254 -	000					<b>7</b> RDO Code 080	
	d Name (Enter only			CAPITA	AL LETTE	-RS)						
WATERFRO	ONT PHILIPPINES I	NCORPORA	ATED									
QA Pogistor	red Address (Indicate	o complete r	ragistarad	addrasi	6)							
	PRE-DEP AREA MC											
III I BEBOIL	INE-DEL ANEA MO	TAK WAOTA	NIV LAI OL	-AI 0 0	111							
9B Zipcode	6015											
	ncorporation/Organi	zation (MM/l	DD/YYYY	)								
11 Contact	· · ·	Lation (William	30,1111		mail Add	ress						
3404888				f.cab	ougoy@w	vaterfront	hotels.r	net				
				-								
13 Method o	of Deductions	Itemized		ns [Sec						40%	of Gross Income [Secti	on 34(L),
	J. 20440400	(A-J), NIRC	]			NIRC as	amend	ed by RA No. 9	9504]			
						Part	II - Tota	al Tax Payable	1	(	Do NOT enter Centavo	s)
14 Total Inc	ome Tax Due (Overp	payment) (Fr	om Part 1	V Item	43)							3,893,711
15 Less: To	tal Tax Credits/Paym	nents (From	Part IV It	em 55)	)							1,285,735
16 Net Tax	Payable (Overpayme	ent) (Item 14	Less Item	15) (Fro	om Part I	V Item 5	6)					2,607,976
Add Penalt	ties	, ,		, ,								
17 Surcharg	ge								0			
18 Interest									0	1		
19 Comproi	mise								0	1		
· ·	enalties (Sum of Iten	ns 17 to 19)		Į.						<u> </u>		0
	AMOUNT PAYABLE		ent) (Sum	of Item	16 and 20	2)						2,607,976
	nent, mark "X" one b	• • •					irrevoca	ahle)				2,001,010
		- ,						over as tax cre	dit next ve	ar/aı	arter	
					· ,_	_					rue and correct pursuant to the	provisions of the
	Revenue Code, as amend											1
												22 Number of
Signature over printed name of President/Principal Officer/Authorized Representative Signature over printed name of Treasurer/Assistant Treasurer Attach						Attachments						
Title of Signatory	KENNETH T GATO	CHALIA	IN 11792	2153		Title of Signato		VIRA A TING		TIN	117922153	4
							<u> </u>					
					Part III	l - Details	of Pay	ment				
Pa	rticulars	Drawee Ban	k/Agency		Numbe			Date (MM/DD	)/YYYY)		Amoun	
	nk Debit Memo											0
24 Check												0

		Dowt III Dotoile	of Poyment						
Particulars	Part III - Details of Payment  Particulars Drawee Bank/Agency Number Date (MM/DD/YYYY) Amount								
23 Cash/Bank Debit Memo			) (	0					
24 Check				0					
25 Tax Debit Memo				0					
26 Others (Specify Below)									
				0					

Stamp of receiving Office/AAB and Date of Receipt (RO's Signature/Bank Teller's Initial) Machine Validation/Revenue Official Receipts Details (if not filed with an Authorized Agent Bank)

4/18/2022, 11:31 AM 1 of 4

BIR Form No. 1702-RT January 2018(ENCS) Page 2

Annual Income Tax Return

Corporation, Partnership and Other Non-Individual Taxpayer Subject Only to REGULAR Income Tax Rate



Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)	Registered Name		"	
003 -978 -254 -000	WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORP	ORATED		
	Part IV - Computation of Tax	(D	o NOT enter Cer	tavos)
27 Sales/Receipts/Revenues/Fees		,		0
28 Less: Sales Returns, Allowances and Discounts				0
29 Net Sales/Receipts/Revenues/Fees (Item 27 Less Item 2			0	
30 Less: Cost of Sales/Services				0
31 Gross Income from Operation (Item 29 Less Item 30)				0
32 Add: Other Taxable Income Not Subjected to Final Tax				68,727,674
33 Total Taxable Income (Sum of Items 31 and 32)				68,727,674
Less: Deductions Allowable under Existing Law				
<b>34</b> Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions ( <i>From Part VI Schedule I Item 18</i> )	53	,152,829		
<b>35</b> Special Allowable Itemized Deductions ( <i>From Part VI Schedule II Item 5</i> )		0		
<b>36</b> NOLCO (only for those taxable under Sec. 27(A to C); Sec. 28(A)(1) & (A)(6)(b) of the tax Code) (From Part VI Schedule III Item 8)		0		
37 Total Deductions (Sum of Items 34 to 36)	53	,152,829		
<b>OR</b> [in case taxable under S	ec 27(A) & 28(A)(1)]			
38 Optional Standard Deduction (40% of Item 33)		0		
39 Net Taxable Income/(Loss) (If Itemized: Item 33 Less Ite	em 37; If OSD: Item 33 Less Item 38)			15,574,845
40 Applicable Income Tax Rate				25 %
41 Income Tax Due other than Minimum Corporate Income	Tax (MCIT) (Item 39 x Item 40)			3,893,711
<b>42</b> MCIT Due (2% of Item 33)				687,277
43 Tax Due (Normal Income Tax Due in Item 41 OR the MCIT Due in Item 42, whichever is higher) (To Part II Item 14)				3,893,711
Less: Tax Credits/Payments (attach proof)				
44 Prior Year's Excess Credits Other Than MCIT				0
45 Income Tax Payment under MCIT from Previous Quarter	's			0
46 Income Tax Payment under Regular/Normal Rate from P	revious Quarter/s			0
47 Excess MCIT Applied this Current Taxable Year (From Po	art VI Schedule IV Item 4)			0
48 Creditable Tax Withheld from Previous Quarter/s per BIR	Form No. 2307			0
49 Creditable Tax Withheld per BIR Form No. 2307 for the 4	th Quarter			1,285,735
50 Foreign Tax Credits, if applicable		Ī		0
51 Tax Paid in Return Previously Filed, if this is an Amended	I Return			0
52 Special Tax Credits (To Part V Item 58)				0
Other Credits/Payments (Specify)		l la		· ·
53				0
54				0
<b>⊗</b>				
55 Total Tax Credits/Payments (Sum of Items 44 to 54) (	To Part II Item 15)			1,285,735
56 Net Tax Payable / (Overpayment) (Item 43 Less Item 5	5) ) (To Part II Item 16)			2,607,976
	Part V - Tax Relief Availment			
57 Special Allowable Itemized Deductions (Item 35 of Part I	V x Applicable Income Tax Rate)		<u> </u>	0
58 Add: Special Tax Credits (From Part IV Item 52)				0
59 Total Tax Relief Availment (Sum of Items 57 and 58)			0	

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BIR Form No. 1702-RT January 2018(ENCS)
Page 3

Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN)

-254

Annual Income Tax Return

Corporation, Partnership and Other Non-Individual Taxpayer Subject Only to REGULAR Income Tax Rate

WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORPORATED

Registered Name



0 0

Schedule I - Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions (Attach additional sheet/s, if necessary)				
1 Amortizations	0			
2 Bad Debts	0			
3 Charitable Contributions	0			
4 Depletion	0			
5 Depreciation	183,991			
6 Entertainment, Amusement and Recreation	687,277			
7 Fringe Benefits	0			
8 Interest	42,001,764			
9 Losses	0			
10 Pension Trust	0			
11 Rental	0			
12 Research and Development	0			
13 Salaries, Wages and Allowances	7,909,377			
14 SSS, GSIS, Philhealth, HDMF and Other Contributions	0			
15 Taxes and Licenses	321,730			
16 Transportation and Travel	0			
17 Others (Deductions Subject to Withholding Tax and Other Expenses) [Specify below; Add additional sheet(s), if necessary]				
a Janitorial and Messengerial Services	0			
b Professional Fees	895,675			
c Security Services	0			
d OUTSIDE SERVICES	542,386			
eMANAGEMENT CONSULTANCY FEE	540,000			
fINSURANCE	69,668			
g COMMUNICATION, LIGHT AND WATER	961			
h	0			
i	0			
⊗				
18 Total Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions (Sum of Items 1 to 17i) (To Part IV Item 34)	53,152,829			

3			0
4			0
⊗			
			1
5 Total Special Allowable Itemized Deductions (Sum of Items 1	to 4) (To Pa	rt IV Item 35)	0

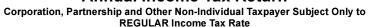
Schedule II - Special Allowable Itemized Deductions (Attach additional sheet/s, if necessary)

Legal Basis

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BIR Form No.
1702-RT
January 2018(ENCS
Page 4

#### **Annual Income Tax Return**





	Page 4	<u> </u>		REGULAR Income Tax Rate	1702-1(101/102110011-
Taxpay	er Identifi	cation Nun	nber (TIN)	Registered Name	
003	-978	-254	-000	WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORPORATED	

Schedule III - Computation of Net Operating Loss Carry Over (NOLCO)						
1 Gross Income (From Part IV Item 33)	0					
2 Less: Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions (From Part VI Schedule I Item 18)	0					
3 Net Operating Loss(Item 1 Less Item 2) (To Schedule IIIA, Item 7A)	0					

# Schedule IIIA - Computation of Available Net Operating Loss Carry Over (NOLCO) (DO NOT enter Centavos; 49 Centavos or Less drop down; 50 or more round up)

Net Opera	P) NOLCO Applied Provious Veer		
Year Incurred	A) Amount	B) NOLCO Applied Previous Year	
4	0	0	
5	0	0	
6	0	0	
7	0	0	

Continuation of Schedule IIIA (Item numbers continue from table above)

C) NOLCO Expired		E) Net Operating Loss (Unapplied) $[E = A \text{ Less } (B + C + D)]$
4 0	0	0
5	0	0
6 0	0	0
7 0	0	0
<b>8 Total NOLCO</b> (Sum of Items 4D to 7D) (To Part IV, Item 36)	0	

#### Schedule IV - Computation of Minimum Corporate Income Tax (MCIT)

Year A) Normal Income Tax as adjusted		B) MCIT	C) Excess MCIT over Normal Income Tax
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0

Continuation of Schedule IV (Item numbers continue from table above)

	T Applied/Used in ous Years	E) Expired Portion of Excess MCIT	F) Excess MCIT Applied this Current Taxable Year	G) Balance of Excess MCIT Allowable as Tax Credit for Succeeding Year/s [ G = C Less (D + E + F) ]
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
Total Excess MCIT Applied (Sum of Items 1F to 3F) (To Part IV Item 47)			0	

Schedule V - Reconciliation of Net Income per Books Against Taxable	Income (attach additional sheet/s, if necessary)
1 Net Income/(Loss) per books	(45,857,854
Add: Non-deductible Expenses/Taxable Other Income	•
2 NONDEDUCTIBLE INTEREST EXPENSES	60,000,000
3 NONDEDUCTIBLE REPRESENTATION EXPENSES	1,432,699
0	
4 Total (Sum of Items 1 to 3)	15,574,845
Less: A) Non-Taxable Income and Income Subjected to Final Tax	
5	
6	
⊗	
B) Special Deductions	·
7	
8	
⊗	
9 Total (Sum of Items 5 to 8)	C
10 Net Taxable Income/(Loss) (Item 4 Less Item 9)	15,574,845

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#### REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

#### **BUREAU OF INTERNAL REVENUE**

## FILING REFERENCE NO.

TIN : 003-978-254-000

Name : WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORPORATED

RDO :080 : 1702 Form Type

Reference No. : 462200047291748

Amount Payable : 2,607,976.00 (Over Remittance) Accounting Type : C - Calendar For Tax Period : 12/31/2021

Date Filed : 04/18/2022

Tax Type : IT

**Proceed to Payment** 

[ BIR Main | eFPS Login | User Menu | Help ]

1 of 1 4/18/2022, 9:49 AM



PNB C@shNet Plus eTax - SUCCESSFUL C@shNet f.cabugoy 04/18/2022 10:05 AM Hide Details From: "C@shNet" <pnbcashnet@pnb.com.ph> To: f.cabugoy@waterfronthotels.net, Please respond to pnbcashnet@pnb.com.ph

Dear Ms. FLORA MAY CABUGOY,

Please be advised that your eTax payment request for WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORPORATED is successful Reference Number: BIR-041822-095930-397678 Tax Identification Number: 003978254000 Filing Reference Number: 462200047291748

Payment Transaction Number: 227216849 Source Account: \*\*\*\*\*\*\*175

Amount: 2,607,976.00 Remarks: 2021 ITR

Please log on to PNB C@shNet Plus to view more details on this transaction. For inquiries, email us at corporatecare@pnb.com.ph or call PNB Corporate Care at (632) 8573-8888.

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For BIR BCS/ Use Only Item:			) De	partme	the Phil ent of Fir nternal F	nance						
BIR Form No. 1702-RT January 2018(ENCS) Page 1	Corpo Taxpaye Enter all required info	nual Inco ration, Partnershi er Subject Only to rmation in CAPITAL MUST be filled with th	p and REGU	Other JLAR I RS. Mar	Non-Ind ncome l k applical	ividual Fax Ra	i <b>te</b> es with	ı an "X".			1702-RT 01/18E	NCS P1
1 For	O Fiscal	3 Amended Return?      Yes	) No	•	4 Short Pe	eriod Ret	turn	No	5 Alphanumeric IC 055–Minimur IC010 - CORPORA	n Corporate Inc	ome Tax(MCIT)	<ul><li></li><li></li></ul>
			rt I - Ba	ckgrou	nd Infor	mation						
6 Tax Identification Number 8 Registered Name (Enter or WATERFRONT PHILIPPI	ly 1 letter per box using (		978		_ 254		-	00000	7 RDO Co	de	080	
9 Registered Address (Indicate			urrent addr	ess, go to th	ne RDO to upo	late register	red addre	ess by using Bl	R Form No. 1905)	9A ZIP Code	6000	
10 Date of Incorporation/Org	YY)	09/23/1994				<b>11</b> Cont	tact N	umber	3404888	JA ZII COULE	,	
12 Email Address f.cabugoy	@waterfronthotels.net											
13 Method of Deductions	Itemized Deduction	ns [Section 34 (A-J), N	NIRC]					Standard D IC as amei	eduction (OSD) - nded]	40% of Gross	Income [Section	l
			Pa	art II - To	otal Tax F	ayable	1	(Do	NOT enter Centavos; 49	Centavos or Less drop	down; 50 or more round t	ıp)
14 Tax Due											3,8	93,711
15 Less: Total Tax Credits/P	ayments										3,8	93,711
16 Net Tax Payable (Overp	ayment) (Item 14 Less Item 15	)										0
17 Surcharge												0
18 Interest												0
19 Compromise												0
20 Total Penalties (Sum of It	ems 17 to 19)											0
21 TOTAL AMOUNT PAYA	BLE (Overpayment) (Su	ım of Items 16 and 20	)									0
If Overpayment, mark one(1	) box only (Once the cho		e is irre	vocable)		) To be	e carrie	ed over as	a tax credit for n	ext year/quarte	ər	
We declare under the penalties of perjury								l belief, are true	and correct, pursuant t	o the provisions of th	e National Internal Re	venue
Code, as amended, and the regulations is	ssued under authority thereof. (If sig	gned by an Authorized Represe	entative, inc	icate rin a	no attacri autri	onzation le	nter)					umber
				J							Attacl	nments
	ame of President/Principal Officer/A								Treasurer/Assistant Tre	asurer		00
Title of Signatory PRESIDE	T	N			Signatory		OKE		TIN			
	Dra	wee Bank/	art III -		s of Payr	nent						
Particulars		Agency		Nu	mber	_		Date(M/	M/DD/YYYY)		Amount	0
23 Cash/Bank Debit Memo 24 Check			<u> </u>									0
25 Tax Debit Memo	J		<u> </u>									0
26 Others (Specify Below)			J				1			)		
												0
Machine Validation/Revenue (AAB)]	Official Receipt Details [	if not filed with an Au	thorized	I Agent E	Bank	Stamp o Teller's			ce/AAB and Date	of Receipt (R	O's Signature/E	ank

57 Special Allowable Itemized Deductions (Item 35 of Part IV x Applicable Income Tax Rate)

58 Add:Special Tax Credits

59 Total Tax Relief Availment (Sum of Items 57 & 58)

0

0

BIR Form No. 1702-RT January 2018(ENCS) Page 2 Annual Income Tax Return Corporation, Partnership and Other Non-Individual Taxpayer Subject Only to REGULAR Income Tax Rate Taxpayer Identification Number(TIN) Registered Name WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORPORATED 978 00000 Part IV - Computation of Tax (DO NOT enter Centavos; 49 Centavos or Less drop down; 50 or more round up) 0 27 Sales/Revenues/Receipts/Fees n 28 Less:Sales Returns, Allowances and Discounts 29 Net Sales/Revenues/Receipts/Fees (Item 27 Less Item 28) 0 n 30 Less: Cost of Sales/Services n 31 Gross Income from Operation (Item 29 less Item 30) 68,727,674 32 Add: Other Taxable Income Not Subjected to Final tax 33 Total Taxable Income (Sum of Items 31 and 32) 68,727,674 Less: Deductions Allowable under Existing Law 53,152,829 34 Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions 0 35 Special Allowable Itemized Deductions 0 36 NOLCO (Only for those taxable under Sec. 27(A to C); Sec. 28(A)(1)(A)(6)(b) of Tax code, as amended) 53.152.829 37 Total Deductions (Sums of Items 34 to 36) OR [in case taxable under Sec 27(A) & 28(A)(1)] 38 Optional Standard Deduction (OSD) (40% of Item 33) 15.574.845 39 Net Taxable Income/(Loss) It itemized: Item 33 Less Item 37; If OSD: Item 33 Less Item 38) 25 40 Applicable Income Tax Rate 3,893,711 41 Income Tax Due other than Mininum Corporate Income Tax(MCIT) (Item 39 x Item 40) 687.277 3,893,711 43 Tax Due (Normal Income Tax Due in Item 41 OR the MCIT Due in Item 42, whichever is higher) Less: Tax Credits/Payments(attach proof) 0 44 Prior Year's Excess Credits Other Than MCIT 0 45 Income Tax Payment under MCIT from Previous Quarter/s 0 46 Income Tax Payment under Regular/Normal Rate from Previous Quarter/s 0 47 Excess MCIT Applied this Current Taxable Year 0 48 Creditable Tax Withheld from Previous Quarter/s per BIR Form No. 2307 1,285,735 49 Creditable Tax Withheld per BIR Form No. 2307 for the 4th Quarter 50 Foreign Tax Credits, if applicable 0 2,607,976 51 Tax Paid in Return Previously Filed, if this is an Amended Return 0 52 Special Tax Credits Other Credits/Payments (Specify) 0 0 3.893.711 55 Total Tax Credits/Payments (Sum of Items 44 to 54) 0 56 Net Tax Payable (Overpayment) (Item 43 Less Item 55) Part V - Tax Relief Availment 0

4

Total Special Allowable Itemized Deductions (Sum of Items 1 to 4)

0

BIR Form No. **Annual Income Tax Return** 1702-RT Corporation, Partnership and Other Non-Individual Taxpayer Subject Only to REGULAR Income Tax Rate January 2018(ENCS)
Page 3 Taxpayer Identification Number(TIN) Registered Name WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES INCORPORATED 00000 Part VI - Schedules Schedule I - Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions (Attach additional sheet/s if necessary) 0 0 3 Charitable and Other Contributions n 4 Depletion 183,991 5 Depreciation 6 Entertainment, Amusement and Recreation 687,277 7 Fringe Benefits 42,001,764 8 Interest 9 Losses 0 10 Pension Trusts 11 Rental 12 Research and Development 7,909,377 13 Salaries, Wages and Allowances 14 SSS, GSIS, Philhealth, HDMF and Other Contributions 0 321,730 15 Taxes and Licenses 0 16 Transportation and Travel 17 Others(Deductions Subject to Withholding Tax and Other Expenses) (Specify below; Add additional sheet(s), if necessary) a Janitorial and Messengerial Services n **b** Professional Fees 895.675 c Security Services n d OUTSIDE SERVICES 542.386 e MANAGEMENT CONSULTANCY FEE 540,000 INSURANCE 69,668 COMMUNICATION, LIGHT AND WATER 961 g h 53,152,829 18 Total Ordinary Allowable Itemized Deductions (Sum of Items 1 to 17i) Schedule II - Special Allowable Itemized Deductions (Attach additional sheet/s, if necessary) Legal Basis Amount Description 1 0 2 0 3

15,574,845

J	BIR Form No.  1702-RT  anuary 2018(ENCS)  Page 4	Corp	nnual Incol poration, Partnershi yer Subject Only to	p and Other Non	-Individual		1702-RT 01/18ENCS P4			
	payer Identification Number	er(TIN)	_ '-	Registered Name	ILIPPINES INCORPO	RATED				
Sche	edule III - Computation of									
1	Gross Income						0			
2	Less: Ordinary Allowable It	emized Deductio	ns				0			
3	3 Net Operating Loss (Item 1 Less Item 2) (To Schedule IIIA, Item 7A)									
Sche	chedule IIIA - Computation of Available Net Operating Loss Carry Over (NOLCO)  (DO NOT enter Centavos: 49 Centavos or Less drop down; 50 or more round up)									
	Year Incurred		Net Operating Loss	A) Amount		B) No	OLCO Applied Previous Year/s			
4					0		0			
5					0		0			
6					0		0			
7					0		0			
Cont	inuation of Schedule IIIA (It	em numbers cont	inue from table above)			,	,			
	C)	NOLCO Expired		D) NOLCO	Applied Current Year	E	) Net Operating Loss (Unapplied) [ E = A Less (B + C + D)]			
4			0			0	53,152,829			
5			0			0	0			
6			0			0	0			
7			0			0	0			
8	Total NOLCO (Sum of Item	ns 4D to 7D)	Ţ.			0				
Sche	edule IV -Computation of I	Minimum corpor	ate Income Tax(MCIT)							
	Year	A) Normal In	come Tax as Adjusted	0	B) MCIT	C) I	Excess MCIT over Normal Income Tax			
1				0		0	0			
2										
3 Cont	inuation of Schedule IV (Ite.	m numbers contin	uue from tahle ahove)	0		0	0			
	D) Excess MCIT Applied/L Years		E) Expired Portion o	f Excess MCIT F	) Excess MCIT Applied this Year	s Current Taxable G	) Balance of Excess MCIT Allowable as Tax Credit for Succeeding Year/s [G = C Less (D + E + F)]			
1		0		0		0	0			
2		0		0		0	0			
3		0		0		0	0			
4	Total Excess MCIT Applie	ed (Sum of Items	1F to 3F)			0				
Sche	edule V - Reconciliation of	Net Income per	Books Against Taxab	le Income (Attach a	dditional sheet/s, if neces	sary)				
1	Net Income/(Loss) per Boo					<u> </u>	409,178,796			
	Add: Non-deductible Exper						20,632,982			
2 NONDEDUCTIBLE INTEREST EXPENSE 3 NODEDUCTIBLE REPRESENTATION EXPENSE						1,432,699				
	4 Total (Sum of Items 1 to 3) 431,244,4									
<u> </u>	Less: A) Non-Taxable Inco	me and Income S	Subjected to Final Tax			<u> </u>	701,471			
5	NONTAXABLE INCOME						415,669,632			
6							0			
	B) Special Deduction	ons				,	<u>'</u>			
7							0			
8							0			
9	Total (Sum of Items 5 to 8	3)					415,669,632			



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From: ebirforms-noreply@bir.gov.ph
To: f.cabugoy@waterfronthotels.net,

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File name: 003978254000-1702RTv2018C-122021V1.xml

Date received by BIR: 14 May 2022 Time received by BIR: 10:30 PM

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To: f.cabuqoy@waterfronthotels.net,

This confirms receipt of your submission with the following details subject to validation by BIR:

File name: 003978254000-1702RTv2018C-122021V1.xml

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2 of 2 5/16/2022, 2:47 PM

# Annex A: Reporting Template

(For additional guidance on how to answer the Topics, organizations may refer to Annex B: Topic Guide)

### **Contextual Information**

Company Details	
Name of Organization	WATERFRONT PHILIPPINES, INC.
Location of Headquarters	Cebu City, Philippines
Location of Operations	Outlined in page 11 to 16 of this report
Report Boundary: Legal entities	Outlined in Item 2. Properties from page 19 to 20
(e.g. subsidiaries) included in this	
report*	
Business Model, including	WPI is a holding company for hotel, leisure and tourism
Primary Activities, Brands,	businesses.
Products, and Services	
Reporting Period	For the year ended December 31, 2021
Highest Ranking Person	COMPLIANCE OFFICER - MR. RICHARD RICARDO
responsible for this report	

<sup>\*</sup>If you are a holding company, you could have an option whether to report on the holding company only or include the subsidiaries. However, please consider the principle of materiality when defining your report boundary.

### **Materiality Process**

## Explain how you applied the materiality principle (or the materiality process) in identifying your material topics.<sup>1</sup>

WPI has set out in its initial submission of this Sustainability Report to provide information identified as material topics based on its relevance to the operations of the Corporation and the Hotels on the basis of the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB) Materiality Map, specifically, for the Hotels & Lodging industry. The SASB Materiality Map is referenced in the SEC Memorandum Circular No. 4, Series of 2009 on the Sustainability Reporting Guidelines for Publicly-Listed Companies.

Per assessment, the Corporation identifies the following issues as most likely to affect the economic, environmental and social impacts of the Corporation:

- 1. Environmental Energy Management, Waste and Wastewater Management
- 2. Social Labour Practices, Product and/or Service Quality and Safety
- 3. Economic Supply Chain Management

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> See *GRI 102-46* (2016) for more guidance.

## ECONOMIC

## **Economic Performance**

## Direct Economic Value Generated and Distributed

Disclos	ure	Amount	Units
Direct	economic value generated (revenue)	997,788,154	PhP
Direct	economic value distributed:		
a.	Operating costs	645,199,626	PhP
b.	Employee wages and benefits	137,523,623	PhP
C.	Payments to suppliers, other operating costs		Php
d.	Dividends given to stockholders and interest payments		PhP
	to loan providers		
e.	Taxes given to government	50,299,803	PhP
f.	Investments to community (e.g. donations, CSR)		PhP

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
impact?		
The impact is seen in the creation of job opportunities for individuals who would like to pursue a career in the hotel and food & beverage industry.	Employees, Local Community	The hotel regularly monitors the manpower needed as new events and new clients are booked and signed. The hotel then hires employees based on the requirement of the properties involved.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Despite the growing population of jobseekers, some are not equipped to readily undertake delivering services to the clientele of the Company.	Employees	The Company coordinates with various avenues including schools, online job websites like LinkedIn and accredited head-hunters in finding people suitable for the tasks. Once hired, the Company also provides in-house training for skills specific to the standards observed by the hotels in the group.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
There is an opportunity to provide holistic improvement to the employees, thereby promoting efficiency and effectivity at work	Employees	The Group's Human Resource Department continually provides trainings for its employees including trainings for skills, language improvement, handling of stress, etc.

## Climate-related risks and opportunities<sup>2</sup>

This year, the Group cannot provide relevantly sufficient information to evaluate in full any climate-related risks and opportunities. The Group is currently in the process of crafting certain metrics to assess the risks as well as the opportunities at this stage.

	Governance	Strategy	Risk Management	Metrics and Targets
Dis	sclose the	Disclose the actual and	Disclose how the	Disclose the metrics and
org	ganization's	potential impacts <sup>3</sup> of	organization identifies,	targets used to assess
gov	vernance around	climate-related risks and	assesses, and manages	and manage relevant
clir	mate-related risks and	opportunities on the	climate-related risks	climate-related risks and
ор	portunities	organization's businesses,		opportunities where such
		strategy, and financial		information is material
		planning where such		
		information is material		
Re	commended Disclosu			
a)	Describe the board's oversight of climate- related risks and opportunities	a) Describe the climate- related risks and opportunities the organization has identified over the short, medium and long term	a) Describe the organization's processes for identifying and assessing climate-related risks	a) Disclose the metrics used by the organization to assess climate- related risks and opportunities in line with its strategy and risk management process
b)	Describe management's role in assessing and managing climate- related risks and opportunities	b) Describe the impact of climate-related risks and opportunities on the organization's businesses, strategy and financial planning.	b) Describe the organization's processes for managing climate-related risks	b) Describe the targets used by the organization to manage climate-related risks and opportunities and performance against targets
		c) Describe the resilience of the organization's strategy, taking into consideration different climaterelated scenarios including a 2°C or lower scenario	c) Describe how processes for identifying, assessing, and managing climate-related risks are integrated into the organization's overall risk management	_

-

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Adopted from the Recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-Related Financial Disclosures. The TCFD Recommendations apply to non-financial companies and financial-sector organizations, including banks, insurance companies, asset managers and asset owners.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> For this disclosure, impact refers to the impact of climate-related issues on the company.

## **Procurement Practices**

Proportion of spending on local suppliers

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Percentage of procurement budget used for significant locations	95	%
of operations that is spent on local suppliers		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Majority of the suppliers in the Group's supply chain are local establishments. This allows the Group to take advantage of delivery cost savings, shorter delivery time and generally, higher quality of goods.	Local Industry Suppliers	The Procurement Departments of the various hotels under the Group are observing the practice of preferring local suppliers.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
Some of the goods and services needed by the Group might not be readily available	Guests	The Group follows an inventory monitoring procedures that take into account the delivery lead time per item per supplier
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
There is an opportunity to improve the local supply chain as well as subscribe to locally-sustainable, readily available products that are sold at an affordable price range.	Suppliers, Government	The Group chooses three suppliers where the needed items will be sourced from regularly. One of the factors considered is the proximity of the supplier to the location of the hotel.

## **Anti-corruption**

Training on Anti-corruption Policies and Procedures

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Percentage of employees to whom the organization's anti-	100	%
corruption policies and procedures have been communicated to		
Percentage of business partners to whom the organization's	100	%
anti-corruption policies and procedures have been		
communicated to		
Percentage of directors and management that have received	100	%
anti-corruption training		
Percentage of employees that have received anti-corruption	100	%
training		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## **Incidents of Corruption**

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Number of incidents in which directors were removed or	NIL	#
disciplined for corruption		
Number of incidents in which employees were dismissed or	NIL	#
disciplined for corruption		
Number of incidents when contracts with business partners	NIL	#
were terminated due to incidents of corruption		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## ENVIRONMENT

## **Resource Management**

Energy consumption within the organization:

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Energy consumption (renewable sources)	N/A	GJ
Energy consumption (gasoline)	N/A	L
Energy consumption (LPG)	54,856.02	Kg
Energy consumption (diesel)	237,100	L
Energy consumption (electricity)	8,358,940	kWh

## Reduction of energy consumption

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Energy reduction (gasoline)	N/A	GJ
Energy reduction (LPG)	307	GJ
Energy reduction (diesel)	35,472.66	GJ
Energy reduction (electricity)	517,475	kWh
Energy reduction (gasoline)	N/A	GJ

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

Water consumption within the organization

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Water withdrawal		Cubic
		meters
Water consumption	214,051.00	Cubic
		meters
Water recycled and reused	55,000.00	Cubic
		meters

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## Materials used by the organization

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Materials used by weight or volume		
renewable		kg/liters
non-renewable		kg/liters
Percentage of recycled input materials used to manufacture the organization's primary products and services		%

	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are	Management Approach

	affected?	
N/A		
	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## Ecosystems and biodiversity (whether in upland/watershed or coastal/marine)

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to,	-	
protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside		
protected areas		
Habitats protected or restored	-	
IUCN <sup>4</sup> Red List species and national conservation list species with	-	
habitats in areas affected by operations		

	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
<u>-</u>	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
" " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " " "	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> International Union for Conservation of Nature

## **Environmental impact management**

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

## **Air Emissions**

#### <u>GHG</u>

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Direct (Scope 1) GHG Emissions	-	Tonnes
		CO₂e
Energy indirect (Scope 2) GHG Emissions	-	Tonnes
		CO₂e
Emissions of ozone-depleting substances (ODS)	-	Tonnes

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

#### Air pollutants

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
NO <sub>x</sub>	-	kg
$SO_x$	-	kg
Persistent organic pollutants (POPs)	-	kg
Volatile organic compounds (VOCs)	-	kg
Hazardous air pollutants (HAPs)	-	kg
Particulate matter (PM)	-	kg

What is the impact and where	Which stakeholders are	Management Approach
does it occur? What is the	affected?	

organization's involvement in the impact?		
N/A		
•	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## **Solid and Hazardous Wastes**

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

#### Solid Waste

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total solid waste generated		kg
Reusable		kg
Recyclable	18,000.00	kg
Composted		kg
Incinerated		kg
Residuals/Landfilled	415,703.00	kg

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## Hazardous Waste

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total weight of hazardous waste generated	4,282.00	kg
Total weight of hazardous waste transported	80.00	kg

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## **Effluents**

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total volume of water discharges	55,000.00	Cubic
		meters
Percent of wastewater recycled	100	%

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## **Environmental compliance**

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

#### Non-compliance with Environmental Laws and Regulations

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total amount of monetary fines for non-compliance with	-	PhP
environmental laws and/or regulations		
No. of non-monetary sanctions for non-compliance with	-	#
environmental laws and/or regulations		
No. of cases resolved through dispute resolution mechanism	-	#

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Which stakeholders are affected?	Management Approach
N/A		

## SOCIAL

## **Employee Management**

## **Employee Hiring and Benefits**

## Employee data

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Total number of employees <sup>5</sup>	345	#
a. Number of female employees	141	#
b. Number of male employees	204	#
Attrition rate <sup>6</sup>		rate
Ratio of lowest paid employee against minimum wage		ratio

#### Employee benefits

List of Benefits	Y/N	% of female employees who availed for the year	% of male employees who availed for the year
SSS	Υ	9%	10%
PhilHealth	Υ	2%	1%
Pag-ibig	Υ	7%	6%
Parental leaves	Υ	1%	0%
Vacation leaves	Υ	100%	100%
Sick leaves	Υ	100%	100%
Medical benefits (aside from PhilHealth))	Υ	96%	97%
Housing assistance (aside from Pag-ibig)	N	0%	0%
Retirement fund (aside from SSS)	Υ	6%	6%
Further education support	N	0%	0%
Company stock options	N	0%	0%
Telecommuting	N	0%	0%
Flexible-working Hours	N	0%	0%
(Others)	N		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Employees are individuals who are in an employment relationship with the organization, according to national law or its application (GRI Standards 2016 Glossary)

Standards 2016 Glossary)

Attrition are = (no. of new hires – no. of turnover)/(average of total no. of employees of previous year and total no. of employees of current year)

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
The availability of these benefits for the employees provide them with a sense of security for when additional funds are needed in cases of sickness, etc. The benefits being provided by the company to the employees provide them also with fulfilment in the tasks that they do.	The Group follows a comprehensive Employee Handbook which outlines, enumerates and explains the benefits being provided for by the company to its employees. Said handbook also provides for the limitations and guidelines for the availment of these benefits as well.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
If the benefits are not sufficient, the employees can become dissatisfied and subsequently, unproductive.	Management Approach  Management has given employees with a vast number of benefits and privileges that they can avail of.
If the benefits are not sufficient, the employees can	Management has given employees with a vast number of benefits and privileges that they can

## **Employee Training and Development**

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
This improves the overall competence of the employees including the skills necessary for their jobs as well as improvement of their knowledge pertaining to the hotel and leisure industry.	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
external training.	Management exercises an echo training program wherein employees sent on outside trainings will be tasked to echo what they've learned from their trainings through mini-learning sessions with their peers.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
	Each department are evaluated every period for the number of training hours that the department has undertaken.

### **Labor-Management Relations**

Of the entire group, only one subsidiary, Davao Insular Hotel Corporation, have an existing Collective Bargaining Agreement with its employees.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
% of employees covered with Collective Bargaining	10%	%
Agreements		
Number of consultations conducted with employees	N/A	#
concerning employee-related policies		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
N/A	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

#### **Diversity and Equal Opportunity**

The group currently does not have an adequate number of employees from the vulnerable sector to make an assessment of impacts, risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
% of female workers in the workforce	41%	%
% of male workers in the workforce	59%	%
Number of employees from indigenous communities and/or	N/A	#
vulnerable sector*		

<sup>\*</sup>Vulnerable sector includes, elderly, persons with disabilities, vulnerable women, refugees, migrants, internally displaced persons, people living with HIV and other diseases, solo parents, and the poor or the base of the pyramid (BOP; Class D and E).

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
N/A	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

# Workplace Conditions, Labor Standards, and Human Rights Occupational Health and Safety

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
Safe Man-Hours	849,696.00	Man-hours
No. of work-related injuries	N/A	#
No. of work-related fatalities	N/A	#
No. of work related ill-health	0	#
No. of safety drills	11	#

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
The impact lies in the overall safety of the employees	Management provides for policies that ensure
when they are performing their tasks.	that the workplace is a safe environment for its
	employees.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Violations of the existing standard workplace	Each of the hotel properties have an established
conditions will result into penalties levied by the	safety and security committee that ensures
Department of Labour and Employment.	compliance with the standards set by the
	respective regulatory agencies.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
To improve on the safety and security measures.	Regular evaluation of safety procedures including
	drills and trainings.

## Labor Laws and Human Rights

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of legal actions or employee grievances involving forced	0	#
or child labor		

Do you have policies that explicitly disallows violations of labor laws and human rights (e.g. harassment, bullying) in the workplace?

Topic	Y/N	If Yes, cite reference in the company policy
Forced labor	Υ	
Child labor	Υ	Policy on allowable age for hiring
Human Rights	Υ	Policy on Anti Sexual Harassment

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
This directly impacts the welfare of the employees.	The Employee Company Policy set in the
The organization can provide safety nets to ensure	Employee Handbook provides in detail what are
that employees are protected.	the rights of the employees whilst employed by
	the organization.

What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Possibility of aired grievances and lawsuits	Management provides for a process to ensure
	that rights of employees are protected.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
If the policies are religiously followed, a harmonious	Consultation with legal counsel is always done
work environment can be achieved.	before performing any activities that will affect
	employee welfare.

## **Supply Chain Management**

Do you have a supplier accreditation policy? If yes, please attach the policy or link to the policy:

#### I. POLICY

It is the policy of the Waterfront Hotels & Casinos to ensure that the Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) on accrediting suppliers is strictly observed.

#### II. OBJECTIVE

- 1. To provide guidelines and standard procedures in accrediting suppliers in order to:
  - 1. Ensure that the three Hotel Properties have one and the same accredited suppliers for all standard hotel amenities;
  - 2. Ensure good buy/price of supplies through volume purchases of the three properties from the accredited suppliers; and,
  - 3. Ensure good supply, quantity and quality-wise of goods and services.

#### III. CONCEPT

Hotel properties maintain the same standards and qualities of amenities and services. Suppliers must be accredited by the hotel to uphold the criterion being implemented.

#### **IV. RESPONSIBILITY**

- For Purchasing Head:
  - 1. Informs the accredited suppliers that the three (3) hotel properties are independent from each other.
- For Concerned employees:
  - 1. Ensure the full compliance to these policies and maintain good business relationships with suppliers with the end objective of benefit for the company.
- For Department End Users:
  - 1. Gives feedback to the department regarding the performance of suppliers. Performance of suppliers would mean quality of product or service, promptness of delivery, etc.

#### V. GUIDELINES AND PROCEDURES

- All suppliers of the company undergo an accreditation process before any transaction is made with said supplier.
  - 1. The supplier must submit a duly accomplished Supplier's Information Sheet (refer to Forms Manual) together with other supporting documents required prior to accreditation.
  - 2. The supporting documents are any of the following:
    - For Partnerships and Corporations:
      - 1. Securities and Exchange Commission Certificate of registration;
      - 2. Articles of Incorporation;
      - 3. List of Trade references; and
      - 4. Audited Financial Statements for the last three years
    - For Single Proprietorship
      - 1. Department of Trade and Industry Registration of Trade Name;
      - 2. Local Government (Mayor's) Permit;
      - 3. List of trade references; and
      - 4. Audited Financial Statements for the last three years
- The Head of Purchasing Department of each property reviews and evaluates initially all suppliers' information using the following criteria among others.
  - 1. Quality of the product/items/services;
  - 2. Track record of the supplier. Standing of the supplier/contractor in the industry that they belong to;
  - 3. Price of the product/goods and/or services;
  - 4. Adequacy of supply;
  - 5. Reliability in delivery;
  - 6. Premium or other additional services to be offered;
  - 7. After sales services;
  - 8. Credit terms being extended;
- After reviewing and evaluating the supplier's information, make and give recommendations to the Finance Department Head for approval.
- The Purchasing Department of each property must keep a master file of all Suppliers' Information Sheet and an updated price listing of products/services being offered.
- The Purchasing Department submits to the Finance Department Head, Hotel Manager and the EVP-Hotel Operations a monthly profile of all accredited suppliers with the corresponding credit terms being extended to the company.
- Three (3) accredited suppliers of similar products are maintained to avoid loss of supplies in case one supplier's products are out of stock or unavailable.
- The Finance Department Head takes control on accrediting suppliers.

  1. The Finance Department Head is the only officer of the company who has the authority to re-

- voke the accreditation and blacklisting of a supplier. Department or unit heads with problems and/or difficulties with suppliers must course their written complaints to the Purchasing Head.
- The Purchasing Head investigates and evaluates the complaint within twenty four (24) hours from receipt of the written complaint.
- Purchasing Head evaluates the complaints and recommends to the Finance Department Head for proper disposition.

Do you consider the following sustainability topics when accrediting suppliers?

Topic	Y/N	If Yes, cite reference in the supplier policy
Environmental performance	N	
Forced labor	N	
Child labor	N	
Human rights	N	
Bribery and corruption	N	

What is the impact and where does it occur? What	Management Approach
is the organization's involvement in the impact?	
During the reporting period, the relevant	
sustainability topics mentioned above are not taken	
into consideration when accrediting suppliers.	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

## **Relationship with Community**

Significant Impacts on Local Communities

The group currently does not have an adequate number of employees from the vulnerable sector to make an assessment of impacts, risks and opportunities under this category.

Operations with significant (positive	Location	Vulnerable groups (if	Does the particular	Collective or individual	Mitigating measures (if
or negative) impacts		applicable)*	operation	rights that	negative) or
on local communities			have impacts on	have been identified that	enhancement measures (if
(exclude CSR projects; this has to			indigenous people	or particular concern for	positive)
be business			(Y/N)?	the	
operations)				community	

1. TOURISM	CEBU CITY	N/A	NO	N/A	
2. TOURISM	CITY OF	N/A	NO	N/A	
	MANILA				
3. TOURISM	DAVAO CITY	N/A	NO	N/A	
4. TOURISM	LAPU-LAPU	N/A	NO	N/A	
	CITY				

<sup>\*</sup>Vulnerable sector includes children and youth, elderly, persons with disabilities, vulnerable women, refugees, migrants, internally displaced persons, people living with HIV and other diseases, solo parents, and the poor or the base of the pyramid (BOP; Class D and E)

For operations that are affecting IPs, indicate the total number of Free and Prior Informed Consent (FPIC) undergoing consultations and Certification Preconditions (CPs) secured and still operational and provide a copy or link to the certificates if available: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Certificates	Quantity	Units
FPIC process is still undergoing	-	#
CP secured	-	#

What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

#### **Customer Management**

Customer Satisfaction

Disclosure	Score	Did a third party conduct
		the customer satisfaction
		study (Y/N)?
Customer satisfaction Revinate Reviews		Υ

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
,	Whenever there are dissatisfied customers, the management sets out to undertake measures to ensure that the concerns of the client or guests are addressed.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
·	Management checks for the reviews provided by the clients to identify if there have been problems

	during the stay of the guests.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
Having a customer satisfaction review helps the organization assess its processes.	Each hotel room or food and beverage outlet has a set of customer satisfactions forms that the customer can fill out.

#### Health and Safety

## The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on product or service		#
health and safety*		
No. of complaints addressed		#

<sup>\*</sup>Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

#### Marketing and labelling

## The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on marketing and		#
labelling*		
No. of complaints addressed		#

<sup>\*</sup>Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

#### Customer privacy

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of substantiated complaints on customer privacy*	0	#
No. of complaints addressed	0	#
No. of customers, users and account holders whose	0	#
information is used for secondary purposes		

<sup>\*</sup>Substantiated complaints include complaints from customers that went through the organization's formal communication channels and grievance mechanisms as well as complaints that were lodged to and acted upon by government agencies.

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
This impacts the confidentiality of customer	Management follows a set of strict procedures
information.	that safeguards the information provided by
	customers.
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
Risks that customer information might get leaked.	Management has provided both manual and
	technological safety nets to protect customer
	information from getting leaked.
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

## **Data Security**

The group currently does not have sufficient information to assess risks and opportunities under this category.

Disclosure	Quantity	Units
No. of data breaches, including leaks, thefts and losses	-	#
of data		

What is the impact and where does it occur? What is the organization's involvement in the impact?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Risk/s Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	
What are the Opportunity/ies Identified?	Management Approach
N/A	

## UN SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS

## Product or Service Contribution to UN SDGs

Key products and services and its contribution to sustainable development.

Key Products and	Societal Value /	Potential Negative	Management Approach
Services	Contribution to UN SDGs	Impact of Contribution	to Negative Impact
Hotel and Leisure Food and Beverage Service	Generation of jobs for the population while providing quality service to clientele	Opportunities to offer jobs to the vulnerable sector are scarce.	Management can assess procedures and existing policies to find more opportunities to provide for the vulnerable sector.

<sup>\*</sup> None/Not Applicable is not an acceptable answer. For holding companies, the services and products of its subsidiaries may be disclosed.